B. Answer the following questions.

- Describe the relationship between two pieces of information in a text.
- Why shouldn't you tell anyone your personal information?
- To stay safe online.
- Make logical inferences from the text. في النص.
- A Infer استنتج the instructions you should follow to stay safe online.

 Mention two اذکر اثنین.
 - Don't make friends with people you don't know.
 - Don't send photos to people you don't know.
- B · What will happen if we answer a video call from someone we don't know?
 - * We won't be safe online.
- Summarize the key supporting details and ideas in the text. لخص التفاصيل والأفكار الداعمة في النص.
- Summarize the main idea of the text.
- * How to stay safe online.

Pop Quiz بعد قطع الفهم ونصوص الاستماع داخل كتاب الشرح.

للمزيد من التدرب على سؤال قطعة الفهــم في ورقــة الامتحــان



Contents

My society

Theme

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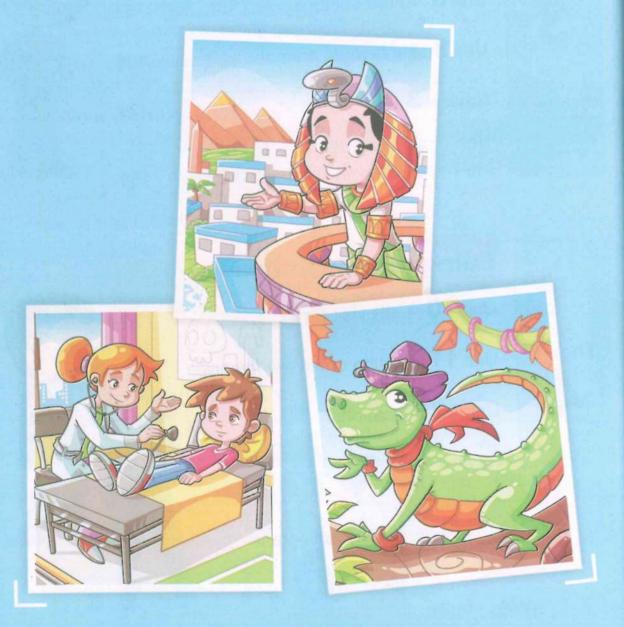
Being responsible

Theme



Theme 3

My society



L Z

Homes in Egypt المنازل في مُصر



، التقييمات الشهرية في كراسة المعاصر التفاعلية. • Dictation في نهاية الوحدة.

، Test your skills في نهاية الوحدة. • Reading and Writing Skill في نهاية الوحدة. • تدريبات للأزهر الشريف في نهاية الكتاب.

لإتقان الوحدة

Aims of unit seven:

In this unit I will

- listen, read, research, and write about Egyptian homes now and in Ancient Egypt.
- استمع، اقرا، ابعث، وأكتب عن منازل المصريين الآن وفي مصر القديمة.
 talk about the home and furniture.
 - أتحدث عن المنازل المصرية.
- read, understand, and listen to a short dialog about different homes.
 - أقرأ، أفهم، وأستمع إلى محادثة قصيرة عن المنازل المختلفة.

الأهداف العامة للوحدة السابعة :

في هذه الوحدة سوف.....

- understand and use the simple past to talk about past events.
- أفهم وأستخدم زمن الماضى البسيط للتحدث عن أحداث ماضية.
- learn how to say double vowels.

Ancient Egyptian home.

- أتعلم كيف أقول زوج من الحروف المتحركة.
- write a simple blog about an unusual home.
- اكتب مدونة بسيطة عن منزل غير تقليدي.
 research and make a presentation about an
 - أبحث وأقوم بعرض تقديمي عن المنزل المصرى القديم.

Vocabulary

Key vocabulary





elevator seno



خزانة closet



eushion وسادة



oven



شرفة balcony



armchair کرسی ذو ذراعین



television تليفزيون



دش shower

Extra vocabulary

The state of the s	Care	apartment	شقة سكنية
welcome			Auton
gift	هدتو	kitchen	مطبخ
space	مساحة/فراغ	living room	حجرة معيشة
bedroom	حجرة النوم	traditional	تقلیدی
fantastic		view	منظر طبیعی
modern	حدیث	bathroom	حَمّام
closer	أقرب	old	قديم
lovely	جميل	new	جديد
easier	أسمل	mind map	خريطة ذهنية
Casici	the same of the sa		

Notes for parents

Help your child look, listen to the words and repeat them.

- ساعد طفلك أن ينظر ويستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددهم.

In Ancient Egypt, mud bricks kept the inside of the house cool in hot weather. Small windows and vents في مصر القديمة، كان الطوب اللِّين يحافظ على درجة الحرارة داخل المنزل بحيث تكون on the roof let air into the house. معتدلة عندما يكون الجو حار. كانتُ تسمح النوافذ الصغيرة وفتحات التهوية الموجودة في السطح بدخول الهواء إلى المنزل.

Conjugation of verbs

تصريف الأفعال

Regular

Present

cook يطبخ like بحب prefer بفضل live يعيش describe ion

cooked liked preferred lived described

Past

Irregular

Prese	nt	Past
come	یأتی	came
have/has	يمتلك	had
say	يقول	said
see	یری	saw
get 👊	يحصل ع	got

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

· Come in! ادخل! / تفضل بالدخول! · How long ... ? كم المدة ... ؟ · since I was born منذ ولددتي · share ... with يشارك مع · it's much bigger أكبر بكثير

· move to ينتقل إلى

· come and see تعالى لترى

• What's better about...?

ما الدُفضل بخصوص ... ؟ كسرحقًا

· really big · a part of حزءمن

· What about ... ?. ماذا عن ... ؟

· as you can see کما تری

· to cook in ليطبخ في

• What a great view! يا له من منظر رائع!

Main points on listening and reading texts

نقاط هامة على نصوص الاستماع و القراءة

- Fareeda prefers her new apartment. فريدة تفضل شقتها السكنية الجديدة.

- Fareeda's family lived in the old apartment for 12 years.

كانت عائلة فريدة تعيش في الشقة السكنية القديمة لمدة ١٢ سنة.

- Fareeda shares her bedroom with her sister.

تتشارك فريدة مع أختها حجرة النوم.

- Dina likes the new apartment.

دينا تحب الشقة السكنية الجديدة.

- The balcony is fantastic where you can see a great view!

الشرفة رائعة حيث يمكنك رؤية منظر رائع!



Pop Quiz on Vocabulary

يقوم التلميذ بأداء تدريب تلقائي على الكلمات السابقة بعد قراءتها

Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d.

اختر البجابة الصحيحة.

- 1. The helps us to go up to the 7th floor easily.
 - a cushion
- b. kitchen
- c. elevator
- 2. We can see a great view from our
 - a. balcony
- b. oven
- c. shower
- d. closet

d. closet

- to bake cakes. 3. My mom usually uses the
 - a. oven
- h television
- c hedroom
- d. armchair

- 4. We watch TV in our
 - a. bathroom
- h kitchen
- c. living room

Listening and Reading





Hi Dina, welcome to my new apartment! Come in!

مرحبًا دینا، مرحبًا بك فی شقتی السكنیة الجديدة! تفضلي!



Thanks! Do you like living here? شكرًا! هل تحبين المعيشة هنا؟



I love it! It's a great apartment! I like this part of town and it's much bigger than our old

أنا أحبها! إنها شقة سكنية رائعة! أنا أحب هذه المنطقة من المدينة وهي أكبر بكثير من شقتنا السكنية القديمة.



How long did you live in your old apartment?

كم المدة التي قضيتيها في شقتك السكنية القديمة ؟

Notes for parents

Ask your child to choose the correct answer.

- اطلب من طفلك أن يختار الإجابة الصحيحة.
- Help your child listen to the dialog and let him/her say what he/she listens to correctly, then ask him/her to
 - ساعد طفلك في الاستماع إلى المحادثة ودعه يقول ما يسمعه بطريقة صحيحة، ثم اطلب منه أن يتبادل الأدوار مع زملائه



Twelve years, since I was born. Then my parents had to move to a new job, so we moved to a closer apartment. اثنا عشر عامًا، منذ ولددتى. بعد ذلك اضطر والداى إلى الدنتقال إلى عمل حديد، لذلك انتقلنا إلى شقة سكنية أقرب.



So, what's better about this new apartment?

إذًا، ما هو الأفضل في الشقة الجديدة ؟



Come and see. The new kitchen is bigger, and the oven is more modern. My mom says it's much easier to cook in.

تعالى وانظرى. المطبخ الجديد أكبر حجمًا، والفرن أحدث. تقول والدتى أنه أكثر سعولة في استخدامه عند الطعي.



Very nice. And this is the living room?

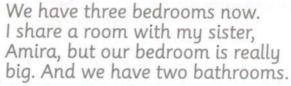
لطيف حدًا. وهل هذه هي غرفة المعيشة ؟



Yes, as you can see, there's more space so we can have a bigger television. Look at these traditional cushions. نعم، کما تری، هناك مساحة أكبر . They were a gift from Grandma لذا يمكننا الحصول على تليفزيون أكبر. انظرى لتلك الوسائد التقليدية. لقد كانوا هدية من جدتى.



Oh, yes! What about the bedrooms? أوه، حقًا! ماذا عن غرف النوم؟





لدينا ثلدث غرف نوم الدّن. أشارك أختى أميرة في الغرفة، لكن غرفة النوم الخاصة بنا كبيرة بالفعل، ولدينا اثنان من دورات المياه.





It's lovely! The balcony is fantastic too - what a great view!

هذا حميل! الشرفة رائعة أيضًا - باله من منظر رائع!

General Exercises on Lesson 1

نصوص الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

Understand	
1 Listen and write T (True) or F (False	استمع واکتب (T) صح أو (F) خطأ. (F)
 Hana's family moved to a new apartment is near the Property. The new apartment is near the Property. There is only one bedroom in the Amara shares a room with her your content. 	yramids.
Listen and complete. 1. We live in a small	study on it.
Pead and match (A) with (B). 1. How long did you 2. Where do 3. Welcome to my 4. Is your house 5. This bag is a gift	(B) apael (A) apael legister (B) apael (B) apa

reorder the t	vords to make correct sentences ت لتكوين جمل صحيحة.	. ترتيب الكلمان
1. with – share	- I - a room - my - brother.	
2. in – <u>Do</u> – liv	e – house – you – a big ?	
3. likes – new -	- My — apartment — the — sister.	***************************************
4. have – <u>We</u> –	bedrooms — and — a kitchen — three	•
Punctuate the	يم للڌتى. following.	ع علدمات الترق
1. i prefer livin	g in a big apartment	
	ranh of FORTY (40) words wein	- 4h-a
Write a parag	raph of FORTY (40) words using ding elements. الية مكونة من (٤٠) كلمة مستخدمًا العناصر ا	
Write a parag following gui لدرشادية.	raph of FORTY (40) words using ding elements. پية مكونة من (٤٠) كلمة مستخدمًا العناصر ا	
Write a parag following gui لإرشادية. Guiding questi What does yo	raph of FORTY (40) words using ding elements. الية مكونة من (٤٠) كلمة مستخدمًا العناصر العناصر Your apartment ons: ur apartment look like ?	تب فقرة إنشاأ بجاب عنه بي نهاية
Write a parag following gui لإرشادية. Guiding questi What does yo	raph of FORTY (40) words using ding elements. پية مكونة من (٤٠) كلمة مستخدمًا العناصر ا Your apartment	تب فقرة إنشاأ بجاب عنه بي نهاية
Write a parag following gui لإرشادية. Guiding questi What does yo	raph of FORTY (40) words using ding elements. الية مكونة من (٤٠) كلمة مستخدمًا العناصر العناصر Your apartment ons: ur apartment look like ?	تب فقرة إنشاأ بجاب عنه بي نهاية
Write a parag following gui لإرشادية. Guiding questi What does yo	raph of FORTY (40) words using ding elements. الية مكونة من (٤٠) كلمة مستخدمًا العناصر العناصر Your apartment ons: ur apartment look like ?	تب فقرة إنشاأ بجاب عنه بي نهاية

Part 1

My perfect roomLanguage Focus



Vocabulary

🎓 Listen and repeat. استمع وردد.

	The second second	200	lary
10.0	MIN O I OF	010101	

MER Ancaharat a			10.75
desk	مكتب	dangerous	خطير
posters	ملصقات	chairs	کراسی
video games	ألعاب الڤيديو	perfect	مثالی / نموذجی
smile			سبب
comfortable	مريح	make friends	يكون صداقات

Adjectives and opposites

الصفات وعكسما

Adjectives

lucky	محظوظ
comfortable	مريح
safe	آمن
happy	سمتح
friendly	ودود
fair	عادل
kind	طيب/عطوف
usual	عادى

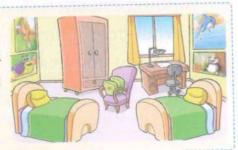
Opposites

unlucky غير محظوظ uncomfortable غير مريح غير آمن unsafe unhappy غير سعيد unfriendly غير ودود unfair غير عادل unkind غير عطوف unusual غير عادى

took, listen and read.

انظر، استمع واقرأ.

I love my bedroom. I share it with my sister. On the right, there is my bed with a desk next to it. On the left, there is my sister's bed. In the middle of the room, there is an armchair with two cushions



Notes for parents

- · Help your child listen to the words and repeat them.
- · Help your child look, listen and read the text

- ساعد طفلك أن يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددهم. - ساعد طفلك أن ينظر، يستمع ويقرأ النص. and a big closet. On the wall, there are lots of posters of animals.

- أنا أحب غرفة نومى. أشاركها مع أختى. على اليمين يوجد سريرى ومكتب بجواره. على اليسار هناك سرير أختى. يوجد في منتصف الغرفة كرسى بذراعين مع وسادتين وخزانة كبيرة. يوجد على الحائط الكثير من ملصقات الحيوانات.

Language Focus

- Use these phrases when telling your partner where things are: تستخدم هذه العبارات لإخبار شريكك بأماكن الأشياء.
- · On the right

• على اليمين

• On the left

• على اليسار

• In the middle of the room

• في منتصف الغرفة

• On the wall

• على الحائط

un- = not

un- is a prefix means (not). "غير" مى بادئة تعنى "غير". un-

We add "un-" at the beginning of a word to get the opposite meaning.

• نضع البادئة "un-" في بداية الكلمة لإعطاء عكس المعنى.

مثال Example	Meaning المعنى
He looks <mark>un</mark> happy.	He doesn't look happy.
هو يبدو غير سعيد.	هو لا يبدو سعيد.

🎓 Read and identify. اقرأ وتعرف.

Words	Meanings		
unfriendly	not kind to someone	ليس لطيفًا مع شخص ما	
uncomfortable	something that doesn't fe wear on your body الجلوس عليه أو عند ارتداؤه على		

- 1. Help your child learn how to tell his/her partner where things are. ساعد طفلك أن يتعلم كيف يخبره زميله عن أماكن الأشياء.
- 2. Help your child learn about using the prefix "un-" to form the opposite.
 - ساعد طفلك أن يتعلم عن استخدام البادئة "-un" لتكوين عكس معنى بعض الكلمات.

unlucky	something bad happens to you without a r بئ يحدث لك بدون سبب	eason شیء سی
unsafe	dangerous	خطير
unhappy	sad	حزين
unfair	something that happens that isn't morally i or fair دث غیر صحیح أو عادل أخلاقيًا	

6			
8	1	E	1.
100	٠	1	2

Pop Quiz on Language Focus

يقوم التلميذ بأداء تدريب تلقائي لإتقان القواعد اللغوية

اختراليجابة الصحيحة..Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d

- 1. What does the prefix (un-) mean?
 - a. not
- b. again
 - c. wrong
- d. before
- 2. What does the word "unsafe" mean.....
 - a. not able
- b. not open
- c. not safe
- d. not straight
- 3. She was when she didn't get her birthday present. d. happy b. unhappy c. safe
 - a. unsafe
- 4. You can find the box the right next to the table.

c. next

- d under
- 5. There's a table the middle of my room.
 - a. in

a. in

b. at

b. on

- c. next
- d. out
- 6. There's a poster the wall.
 - a. under
- b. on
- c. in
- d. of

Give the opposite of the words using the prefix 'un-':

اعطى عكس الكلمات مستخدماً البادئة (-un).

- 1. kind ____
- 2. fair ---
- 3. friendly ---
- 4. usual ---
- 5. comfortable --- 6. lucky ---

Notes for parents

1. Ask your child to choose the correct answer.

- اطلب من طفلك أن يختار الإجابة الصحيحة.
- 2. Ask your child to write the opposite of the given words using the prefix "un-" .
 - · اطلب من طفلك أن يكتب عكس المعنى للكلمات المعطاة باستخدام البادئة "-un".

Lesson

Part 2

Howler monkeys in the jungle

▶ Language Focus



Vocabulary

استمع وردد. .Listen and repeat

Key vocabulary

عالم	local villagers	القرويين المحليين
	THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T	القرويين المحيين خائف
	1 feet and a second sec	حالته القرد العواء (قرد أمريكي)
		طرية.
	بحث مجموعات	امر المحتدد ا

Extra vocabulary

friendly	2020	airplane	
suddenly			طائرة
	فجاة	frightening	مفزع / مخيف / مرعب
case	حقيبة	deep	قيمد
garbage	مصملات / قمامة	jungle	غاىق
uncle		sculpture	عابك تمثال
everywhere	في کل مکان	Commence of the second	Joe
indeed		South America	عس جنوب أمريكا

Conjugation of verbs

تصريف الدفعال

Regular

Present		Past
start	يبدأ	started
look	ينظر	looked
miss ==	يفقد/يفر	missed
try	یحاول	tried
smile	پېتسم	smiled
happen	يحدث	happened
travel	يسافر	traveled

Irregular

PI	resent	Past
lose	يفقد/يخسر	lost
sit	يجلس	sat
leave	يترك/يغادر	left
go	يذهب	went
do	يفعل	did
tell	يخبر	told
know	يعرف	knew

- ساعد طفلك أن يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددهم.

[·] Help your child listen to the words and repeat them.

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف حرهامة

• go back	ايعود
· interested in	مهتم ب
· look for	يبحث عن

· set out · go forward · nearby

انطلق تقدم للأمام

· carry ... away down to يحمل بعيدًا إلى · all over Egupt

بالقرب من فی کل أنحاء مصر

· heavy rain

أمطار غزيرة

Main points on listening and reading texts

نقاط هامة على نصوص الاستماع و القراءة

· My uncle is a scientist.

· come toward

- عمى يكون عالم.

· My uncle loves animals.

- عمى يحب الحيوانات.

· He was interested in howler monkeys.

- كان مهتم بقرود العواء.

· He wanted to do some research into their family groups.

بأتى باتحاه

- أراد عمى أن يقوم ببعض الأبحاث عن المجموعات العائلية لقرد العواء.

took and read.

انظر واقرأ.

Pop تدرب على ١٨ من قطع الفهم ونصوص الاستماع Ouiz

My uncle is a scientist(1) and loves animals. When he was younger(2), he traveled a lot in South America for work. He loved it there because the people were very friendly (3) and helped him with his work. Then, about three years ago, something frightening (4) happened

to him and he was lucky he lived to

tell me about it! He was very interested in howler monkeys (5) and wanted to do some research(6) into their family groups. A local villager told him where there was a howler monkey family nearby and he was very



Howler monkeys in the jungle

Check Vocabulary

عَالِم (1)

أصغر سنًا (2)

(3) ودود

مخيف (4)

قرد العواء (5)

بحث (6)

Notes for parents

. Help your child to look at the picture and read the text.

· ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصورة وبقرأ النص.

happy. But the villager also said, "Tomorrow, we are going to have a lot of rain so it could be unsafe."

Check Vocabulary غابة (7) طريق (8) خائف (9) (10) inst

My uncle set out to look for the howler monkey family and soon he was deep in the jungle (7).

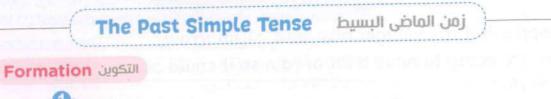
He could hear the monkeys and he looked up.

He knew he was very close to them. Then the rain started. It was very heavy rain. Soon, there was water everywhere and he couldn't see the path (8) to go forward or back. Suddenly, lots of water came toward him and carried him away down to the river. He was very frightened (9). Suddenly, he saw a hand and someone was shouting. It was the villager. He took Uncle's hand and said, "Now you are safe(10)!" My uncle was very happy indeed!

عمى عَالِم ويحب الحيوانات. عندما كان أصغر سنًا، سافر كثيرًا إلى أمريكا الجنوبية للعمل. لقد أحبها لأن الناس هناك كانوا ودودين للغاية وساعدوه في عمله. ثم، منذ حوالي ثلاث سنوات, حدث له شئ مخيف وكان محظوظًا لأنه عاش ليخبرني بذلك! إنه كان مهتمًا جدًا بقرد العواء الأمريكي وأراد إجراء بعض الأبحاث عن مجموعات عائلاتهم. أخبره أحد القرويين المحليين بمكان وجود عائلة قرد العواء الأمريكي في مكان قريب وكان سعيدًا جدًا. لكن القروى قال أيضًا، "غدًا، ستهطل أمطار غزيرة لذا قد يكون الوضع غير آمن." أنطلق عمى للبحث عن عائلة قرد العواء الأمريكي وسرعان ما كان في أعماق الغابة. كان يسمع القرود ونظر إلى الأعلى. كان يعلم أنه قريب جدًا منهم. ثم بدأ المطر. كانت أمطار غزيرة جدًا. سرعان ما كان هناك ماء في كل مكان ولم يتمكن من رؤية الطريق للمُضي للأمام أو للخلف. فجأة، جاء الكثير من الماء نحوه وحمله بعيدًا إلى النهر. كان خائفًا جدًا. وفجأة رأى يد وبدأ أحدهم يصرخ. كان القروى. أخذ يد عمى وقال "الآن أنت بأمان!" كان عمى سعيدًا حقًا!

onstrate unders	tanding of specific	مك للتفاصيلdetails	وضح فه
1. My uncle is a			
a. vet	b. doctor	c. teacher	d. scientist
2. He traveled a lo	ot in South America for		
a. work	b. sleep	c. money	d. fun
	My uncle is a a. vet He traveled a lo	Ny uncle is a	a. vet b. doctor c. teacher 2. He traveled a lot in South America for

Language Focus



Affirmative Statements

Subject الفاعل

التصريف الثانى للفعل

الحمل الخبرية المثيتة

(A) Regular verbs:

(أ) الأفعال المنتظمة:

- We make the affirmative past simple of regular verbs by adding "-ed", "-d" or "-ied".
 - يتم تحويل معظم الدُّفعال إلى زمن الماضى البسيط، بإضافة d ، -ed- أو ied-للفعل المنتظم.

watch --- watched Most verbs

• معظم الدُّفعال المنتظمة

Add - ed

look --> looked

: (ed) يضاف إليها

Verbs ending in e

bake -- baked

• الدُفعال التي تنتمي ر (e) يضاف إليها (d) فقط:

Add - d

Verbs ending in

consonant + y

close --> closed

• الدُفعال التي تنتمي ر(u) قبلها حرف ساکن نحذف ال (۱۷) ويضاف إلى

study --> studied carry -> carried Change (y) to

(i) and add - ed

Verbs ending in

vowel + y

play --> played

• الدُفعال التي تنتهي د(u) قبلها حرف متحرك (a-e-i-o-w) : (ed) يضاف إليها

: (ied) الفعل

Add - ed

ex. - We played football in the park last week.

Notes for parents

- Help your child to learn about the past simple tense.

- ساعد طفلك أن يتعلم عن زمن الماضي البسيط

(B) Irregular verbs:

(ب) الأفعال غير المنتظمة:

- Irregular verbs have no rule, we just have to learn these verbs and their past forms as they are.

♦ لد توجد قاعدة توضح كيفية تحويل الأفعال الغير منتظمة للماضي البسيط، علينا فقط أن نتعلم هذه الأفعال و صياغتها كما هم.

Irregular Verbs

Infinitive	Meaning	Past Form	Infinitive	Meaning	Past Form
come	یأتی	came	know	يعرف	knew
eat	يأكل	ate	meet	يقابل	met
go	يذهب	went	tell	يخبر	told
set	يحدد/يضع	set	buy	یشتری	bought

ex. - We went to the club yesterday.

♦ في حالة النفي نستخدم الصيغة الدّتية:

Negative Statements الجمل الخبرية

المنفية

Subject Jeli

didn't + inf. Ilacut

ex. - He didn't study his lessons yesterday.

- I didn't send an email to my friend last week.
- She didn't go to the beach last summer.

Key words:

الكلمات الدالة على الزمن

in the past	في الماضي	in 2005	فی عام ۲۰۰۵
yesterday	أمس	last (year, month,)	Parella en en
this morning	هذا الصباح	الشمر الماضي)	(السنة الماضية .

Usage الاستخدام

- We use the past simple to talk about different things.

♦ نستخدم الماضي البسيط للتحدث عن أشياء مختلفة.

1. Something that happened once	- شئ حدث مرة واحدة
ex. I visited her house when I wo	is five.
	- قمت بزيارة منزلها عندما كنت في الخام
2. Something that happened severe	ıl times in the past
	- شئ حدث عدة مرات في الماضي
ex. We went to my aunt's house	at the beach every summer.
ئكل صيف.	- كنا نذهب إلى منزل خالتى على الشاطى
3. Something that was true for som	
من	- شئ كان صحيحًا لبعض الوقت في الماد
ex. He loved living in his grandm	
کان طفلًا.	- كان يحب المعيشة فى شقة جدته عندما
4. Expressions with ago	عبارات مع كلمة "ago"
ex. I met her in Zagazig two year	rs ago.
C. T. Hot Hot III and and grand grand	- قابلتها في مدينة الزقازية. منذ عامين.

05

Pop Quiz on Language Focus

يقوم التلميذ بأداء تدريب تلقائى لإتقان القواعد اللغوية

Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d.

اختر الإجابة الصحيحة.

1. Yesterday, our f	amilyb. moving	to our new hous c. moves	e in Alexandria. d. move
2. Alit	o Alexandria with b. drives	n his family last c. drove	month. d. is driving
3. She didn'ta. sees		esterday. c. saw	d. see
4. The children a. helped	their mb. helps	other at home y	esterday. d. help
5. ea a. don't	t pizza last week b. am not	end. c. won't	d. didn't

Notes for parents

Ask your child to read and choose the correct answer

- اطلب من طفلك أن يقرأ ويختار الإجابة الصحيحة.

General Exercises

because

5. It's unsafe to

4. "Unfriendly" means not .

on Lesson 2

d. very comfortable

e. he lost his bag.

f. swim at night.

نصوص الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

Understand	money Harry Co.
• 1 Listen and complete.	استمع واكمل.
1. I my bedroom w	vith my sister.
2. In the middle of the room, th	nere is a/an
3. There are two or	the armchair.
4. On the wall, there are lots of	fof animals.
• Read and match (A) with (B)	اقرأ وصل العمود (A) بالعمود (B)
1. What things make	a. kind to someone.
2. There are two	b. cushions on the bed.
3. He looks unhappy	c. your bedroom perfect?

• Read the text and answer the questions. اقرأ النص وأجب عن الأسئلة.

My uncle is a scientist and loves animals. When he was younger, he traveled a lot in South America for work. He loved it there because the people were very <u>friendly</u> and helped him with his work. Then, about three years ago, something frightening happened to him and he was lucky he loved to tell me about it!

He was very interested in howler monkeys and wanted to do some research into their family groups. A local villager told him where there was a howler monkey family nearby and he was very happy. But the villager also said, "Tomorrow, we are going to have a lot of rain so it could be unsafe."

Seneral Exercises

Lesson

▶ Ancient Egyptian Homes

Vocabulary

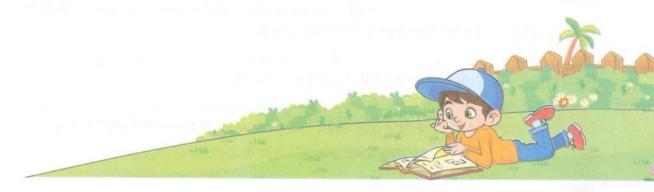
🎓 Listen and repeat. استمع وردد.

Key vocabulary

Ancient Egypt	مصر القديمة	roofs	أسقف
mud bricks	الطوب اللبن (الطيني)	reed mat	سجادة من الجريد (حصير)
furniture	أثاث	countryside	الريف
papyrus	ورق البردي	oven	فرن '
sleeping area	مكان النوم	pot	إناء/وعاء
cool	لطيف/معتدل الحرارة	flat	مسطح

Extra vocabulary

the Nile	النيل	mud	الطين / الطمي
wall	حائط (جدار)	strong .	قوی
brick	قالب طوب	drinking	الشرب
cooking	الطبخ	washing	الغسيل
families	عائلات	insects	حشرات
wooden box	صندوق خشبي	crops	محاصيل
baskets	سلال	special style	أسلوب مميز
wind	وإياح	gate	بوابة
poem	قصيدة	bank	ضفة نهر



- ساعد طفلك أن يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددها.

A. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d.

- 1. The main idea of the text is about "
 - a. Local villagers
- b. A scientist loves animals
- c. My bedroom
- d. South America
- 2. The underlined word "friendly" means
 - a. lucky b. kind
- c. poor d. ugly

B. Answer the following questions.

- 3. Why did uncle want to do research about howler monkeys?
- 4. Summarize the second paragraph in one sentence.

Reorder the words to make correct sentences.

أعد ترتيب الكلمات لتكوين جمل صحيحة.

- 1. came by Egypt They to airplane.
- 2. There on a park is the right.
- 3. armchair is This uncomfortable very.
- 4. didn't the right I answer know.

Punctuate the following.

ضع علدمات الترقيم للدّتى.

- 1. it was very heavy rain yesterday
- 2. reem is very friendly

· Help your child listen to the words and repeat them.

Conjugation of verbs

تصريف الأفعال

Regular

Pre	sent	Past
store	يخزن	stored
use	یستخدم یغطی	used
cover	يعطان	painted
relax	يسترخى	relaxed

Irregular

esent	Past
تهب	blew
يزرع/ينمو	grew
یبنی	built
ينام	slept
يصنع	made
یحفظ / یربی	kept
	تهب یزرع / ینمو یبنی ینام یصنع

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

 near the Nile 	بالقرب من النيل	• close
 from the river 	من النهر	• feelir
 made of 	مصنوع من	• neve
· make cooler	يجعل منعشًا	• join 1
 on hot nights 	فى الليالى الحارة	• with
 different from 	مختلف عن	• by th
		100

- e together بالقرب من بعضهم البعض
- ing all right يشعر أنه على ما يرام
- مستحيل أن تسقط er to fall
- together يتصل معًا
- two floors ذو طابقین he banks بالقرب من ضفاف النيل
- ملح، سجلس على dark inside مظلم بالداخل

نقاط هامة علي نصوص اللستماع و القراءة Main points on listening and reading texts

- In Ancient Egypt, many people made their homes near the Nile.
 - قام العديد من الناس في مصر القديمة ببناء منازلهم بالقرب من النيل.
- The Ancient Egyptians used mud to make bricks.
 - استخدم المصريون القدماء الطين لصناعة قوالب الطوب.
- The mud bricks made very strong walls.
 - جعلت قوالب الطوب اللبن الجدران قوية جدًا.
- Ancient Egyptian homes all had flat roofs.
 - كانت كل البيوت المصرية القديمة بأسطح مستوية.
- The furniture in Ancient Egyptian homes was different from now.
 - اختلف أثاث المنازل في مصر القديمة عن الدِّثاث في يومنا هذا.



Pop Quiz on Vocabulary

يقوم التلميذ بأداء تدريب تلقائي على الكلمات السابقة بعد قراءتها

choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d.

- 1. Beds, chairs and tables are
 - a. fruits
 - b. furniture
- c. vegetables d. subjects
- 2. We use water for washing, cooking and
 - a. reading
- b. writing
- c. drinking
- d. talking
- 3. The is on the top of the house.
- a. living room b. roof
- c. kitchen
- d. cushion

- 4. Farmers grew a lot of
 - a. baskets b. books
- c. boxes

الطوب اللبن الجدران قوية جدًا.

d. crops



تدرب على ١٨ من قطع الفهم ونصوص الاستماع

Ancient Egyptian Homes

In Ancient Egypt(1), many people made their homes near the Nile. They used its water for drinking (2), cooking(3), and washing(4). They also used mud from the river to make bricks for their houses. The mud bricks (5) made very strong walls (6).

في مصر القديمة، قام العديد من الناس ببناء منازلهم بالقرب من

النيل. فكانوا يستخدمون مياه النيل في الشرب والطهي والغسيل. لقد

اس تخدموا أيضًا الطين من النهر لصناعة الطوب اللبن لبناء منازلهم. جعل



Check Vocabulary

- مصر القديمة (1)
- (2) الشرب
- الطبخ (الطهي) (3)
- الغسيل (4)
- الطوب اللين (5)
- جدران (6)

· sit on

[·] Ask your child to choose the correct answer.

[·] Help your child read the text and learn.

⁻ اطلب من طفلك أن يختار الإجابة الصحيحة.

⁻ ساعد طفلك أن يقرأ النص ويتعلم.

Ancient Egyptians (7) wanted to keep their homes cool. The mud bricks helped do this. Some people also painted(8) their homes white to make them cooler.

Ancient Egyptian homes all had flat roofs (9), which were the coolest part of the house. Families often cooked, ate, relaxed(10), and slept there on hot nights.

أراد المصريون القدماء المحافظة على منازلهم معتدلة البرودة. ولقد ساعد الطوب اللبن في هذا. بعض الناس أيضًا قام وا بطلاء منازلهم باللون الأبيض لجعلهم أكثر برودة. جميع المنازل المصرية القديمة كانت بها أسقف مسطحة والتب كانت تعتبر أكثر أجزاء المنزل برودة. قامت العائلات بالطهى، تناول الطعام والدسترخاء والنوم غالبًا على الدُسقف في الليالي الحارة.

The furniture(11) in Ancient Egyptian homes was very different from(12) today. There were reed mats (13) to sit



and sleep on. They used papyrus(14) to cover(15) the windows and doors. This kept the insects outside. In every

home, there were large pots and baskets for storing crops and wooden boxes (16) for clothes.

Not many people had beds or chairs.

اختلف الدُّثاث في المنازل المصرية القديمة عن يومنا هذا كثيرًا، حيث كان هناك سجاد من الجريد للجلوس والنوم عليه. قاموا باستخدام ورق البردي لتغطية النوافذ والأبواب. هذا حافظ على بقاء الحشرات في الخارج. كان فى كل منزل أوانى كبيرة وسلال لتخزين المحاصيل وصناديق خشبية للملابس. لم يكن لدى العديد من الناس أُسِرَّة أو كراسي.

Check Vocabulary

- المصريون القدماء (7)
- يطلى / يدهن (8)
- أسقف مسطحة (9)
- استرخی (10)
- أثاث (11)
- مختلف عن (12)
- سجاد من الجريد (13)
- ورق البردي (14)
- يغطى (15)
- صناديق خشيية (16)

In cities, people lived very close together, and so Check Vocabulary they built their houses taller, with two floors (17). طوابق (17) مساحة (18) This saved space (18) so they could build more الديف (19) houses. City houses joined together, just like يربى دواجن (20) today. In the countryside (19), houses usually only had one floor, and they also had a garden. They grew vegetables and kept chickens (20) there.

عاش الناس في المدن بالقرب من بعضهم البعض ولذلك قاموا ببناء منازل أطول مكونة من طابقين. هذا قد وفر مساحة فاستطاعوا بناء منازل أكثر. كانت منازل المدينة متقاربة معًا كما في بومنا هذا. كانت أغلب المنازل في الريف مكونة من طابق واحد فقط وكان بها أيضًا حديقة حيث قاموا يزراعة الخضروات وتربية الدواجن هناك.

Describe the relationship between ideas.

وضح العلاقة بين الأفكار.

LEARN

1. Where were Ancient Egyptian homes built?

- Near the Nile.

PRACTICE 2. What did Ancient Egyptian people use to build their homes?



🎓 Read and learn. اقرأ وتعلم

By the banks of the ancient River Nile. Egyptian houses had a special style(1):

Dark inside with small windows,

Reed mats on the roof where the cool wind blows(2),

Outside under the stars at night,

One family together, feeling all right(3).

Mud from the Nile made their walls Safe and strong, and never to fall.

Check Vocabulary

نمط خاص/مميز (1)

تهب (2)

على ما يرام (3)



- ساعد طفلك أن يقرأ القصيدة ويتعلم.

[·] Help your child read the poem and learn.

General Exercises

on Lesson 3

f. beds or chairs.

نصوص الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

• Understand • Create Listen and write T (True) or F (False). استمع واكتب (T) صح أو (F) خطأ 1. Ancient Egyptians wanted to keep their homes hot. 2. Some people painted their homes red. 3. All ancient Egyptian homes had flat roofs. 4. Families often slept on the roofs on hot nights. 2 Listen and complete. استمع واكمل. 1. In Ancient Egypt people in cities lived very together. 2. People built their houses taller with two in cities. 3. In the, ancient Egyptian houses had one floor. 4. In the countryside, they had a to grow vegetables. Read and match (A) with (B). .(B) بالعمود (A) بالعمود (B). a. build their homes? 1. People made their homes b. that had one floor. near 2. Farmers always c. large pots and baskets. 3. Where did they d. the Nile in the past. 4. People stored crops in • e. keep chickens.

4 454	ب الكلمات لتكوين جمل صحيحة.
1. did – people – use – What –	homes – to build ?
2. often – Ancient Egyptians –	on — relaxed — roofs — the.
3. Ancient – mats – on – reed –	- slept — Egyptians.
4. for – the Nile – drinking – Pe	ople – water – use.
Punctuate the following. ונֿיט.	ضع علامات الترقيم لل
1. what do you think about An	cient egyptians ?
2. their home is very different f	rom ours
Write a paragraph of FORT) following guiding elements. مستخدمًا العناصر المرشدة.	Y (40) words using the فقرة إنشائية مكونة من (٤٠) كلمة
Ancient Egyp	
Buiding fact file :	غيا
• What did their homes look like	? • It had flat roofs.
What did they use to build it	? • They used mud bricks to make it.

5. I live in a house

Part 1 > Pronunciation



Phonics

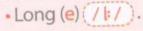
🚖 Listen and repeat. استمع وردد.

Long and short vowels

Long vowels

1. When there is a double "e" in a word, the sound is long.

🝁 عندما یکون هناك حرف (e) مزدوج (مكرر مرتین) فی كلمة، فإن صوت الحرف یکون طویل.





يذرة seed





خروف sheep



ملكة queen

2. When there is a double "o" in a word, the sound is long.

🚖 عندما يكون هناك حرف (٥) مزدوج (مكرر مرتين) في كلمة، صوت الحرف يكون طويل.

· Long(o)(/U:/).



مدرسة school



tool أداة



ملعقة spoon



وقت الظهيرة noon



food deal



حديقة حيوان 200



حمام سباحة pool

Notes for parents

smooth acli

Help your child listen and repeat the words to distinguish between the short and long vowels.
 ساعد طفلك أن يستمع ويردد الكلمات ليميز بين الأصوات المتحركة القصيرة والطويلة.

Short vowels



Pop Quiz on Phonics

Read and circle the long "o" (/u/).

اقرأ وضع دائرة حول صوت الـ "٥" الطويل.

pool	Woo
	blood
food	

spoon

wood

school

book

Read and sort.

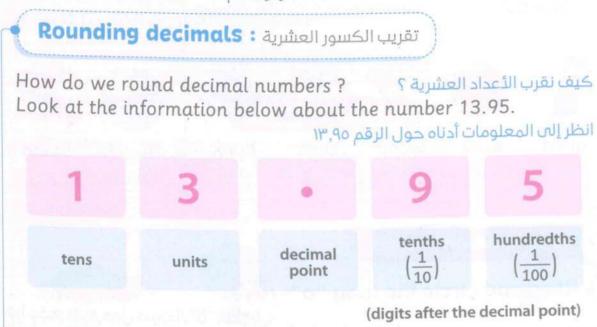
اقرأ وصنف.

tool – three – wool – wood – school – cheese – book – flood – blood – smooth – food – queen

(/u:/)	(/A/)	(/ʊ/)	(71/)

- 1. Ask your child to read and circle the long "o".
- 2. Ask your child to read and sort the sounds.
- اطلب من طفلك أن يقرأ ويضع دائرة حول صوت الـ "o" الطويل. - اطلب من طفلك أن يقرأ ويصنف الأصوات.





We can round the number after the decimal point to the nearest whole number. It makes the numbers shorter and easier to use.

يمكننا تقريب الرقم بعد الفاصلة العشرية لأقرب عدد صحيح. إنها تجعل الأرقام أقصر وأسهل في الدستخدام.

Let's look at rounding the number: لنلق نظرة على تقريب الرقم: If the digit in the tenths is 5 or more, then we'll round up to the nearest whole number:

إذا كان الرقم في خانة العشرات يساوي ه أو أكثر، سوف نقرب لأقرب أكبر عدد صحيح.

13.95 becomes 14

If the digit in the tenths is less than 5, then we round down to the nearest whole number:

إذا كان الرقم في خانة العشرات أقل من ٥ فإننا نقرب لدَّقرب أصغر عدد صحيح.

134.3 becomes 134

Notes for parents

Help your child to read and learn about rounding decimals numbers.
 الشرقام العشرية.

Pop Quiz on Math

Circle the digits after the decimal point.

ضع دائرة حول الدّرقام بعد الفاصلة العشرية.

1. 283.7	6. 4.56	
2. 75.677	7. 9.43	
3. 3.290	8. 1.45	
4. 10	9. 1	
5. 2.310	10. 2	

Round the decimal numbers to the nearest whole number.

قرب الأعداد العشرية لأقرب عدد صحيح.

221.22	45.67	678.92	56.88	34.2

3.9	5.2	99.1	173.4	20.8
		**********	25555555555555	************

^{1.} Ask your child to circle the digits after the decimal point. - اطلب من طفلك أن يضع دائرة حول الأرقام بعد النقطة العشرية. 2. Ask your child to round the decimal numbers to the nearest whole number.

⁻ اطلب من طفلك أن يقرب الأعداد العشرية لأقرب عدد صحيح.

▶ Writing

▶ Project



Vocabulary

mina وردد. .Listen and repeat

Key vocabulary

blogging	تدوین (فی مدونة)	ecological friendly	صديق للبيئة	
unusual homes	منازل غير عادية	local people	السكان المحليين	
farmhouse	بیت ریفی	landscape	منظر طبیعی	

Extra vocabulary

topic	موضوع	fields	حقول	awesome	رائع
architect	مهندس معماري	energy	طاقة	online blog	مدونة عبر الإنترنت
air	مواء	Netherlands	هولندا	upside down «	رأسًا على عقب «مقلوب
living things	الكائنات الحية	actually	فعليًا	environment	بيئة

Positive adjectives

funny	مضحك
interesting	شيق
brilliant	جذاب/رائع
cool	لطيف
friendly	ودود
awesome	رائع

Negative adjectives

awful	سيئ
boring	ممل
annoying	مزعج

Conjugation of verbs

تصريف الدفعال

Regular

Pres	sent	Past
change work use heat blog	یغیر یعمل یستخدم یسخن یسخن یکتب فی مدونا	changed worked used heated blogged

Irregular

Present		Past
write	یکتب	wrote
take	یأخذ	took
find	یجد	found
think	یعتقد	thought

Notes for parents

· Help your child listen to the words and repeat them.

- ساعد طفلك أن يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددهم.

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

 write about 	یکتب عن	• at the top	في القمة
 make energy 	يولد الطاقة	• fit in	تتلدثم مع
 interesting for 	مثير ل	• related to	متعلق د

🚖 Study these definitions. ادرس هذه التعريفات.

الكلمة Word	التعريف Definition	
blogging	to write about something in an online blog للكتابة عن شىء ما فى مدونة عبر الإنترنت	
ecological	related to living things and their .	

نقاط هامة علي نصوص الاستماع و القراءة Main points on listening and reading texts

- 1. Dalida likes blogging about different things. داليدا تحب التدوين عن أشياء مختلفة.
- 2. Dalida is writing about unusual homes. دالیدا تکتب عن منازل غیر عادیة.
- 3. Dalida's mom is an architect. والدة داليدا مهندسة معمارية.
- 4. Dalida found unusual house in the Netherlands. It's upside down! داليدا وحدت منزل غير عادى في هولندا. إنه مقلوب!

يقوم التلميذ بأداء تدريب تلقائي على الكلمات السابقة بعد قراءتها Pop Quiz on Vocabulary

choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d.

- 1. She likes about cooking. a. playing b. blogging c. growing d. drinking
- 2. means related to living things and their environments. b. Brilliant c. Interesting d. Friendly a. Ecological
- 3. They live in a very nice...... b. cloud a. tree c. farmhouse d. star
- 4. I visited some places with my family. It's really cool. a. awful b. boring c. bad d. brilliant

- اطلب من طفلك أن يختار الإجابة الصحيحة.

Ask your child to read and choose the correct answer.

Dalida

BLOG HOME

ABOUT ME

LINKS ARCHIVE

Check Vocabulary

مهندسة معمارية (3)

تدوین (1)

غير عادي (2)

مذهلة (4)

مقلوب (6)

محلي (8)

بیت ریفی (7)

مناظر طبيعية (9)

صديق للبيئة / بيئي (10)

رائع (5)



Wednesday, 8th November

Unusual homes

Hi! My name's Dalida and I like blogging(1) about different things. This week I'm writing about unusual(2) homes. This topic is very interesting for me because my mom's an architect(3), so she sometimes takes me to see some brilliant(4) places. It's really awesome!(5)

- أهلًا ! أسمى داليدا وأنا أحب التدوين عن أشياء مختلفة. اكتب هذا الأسبوع عن منازل غير عادية. هذا الموضوع ممتع للغاية بالنسبة لي لأن أمي مهندسة معمارية، لذلك تأخذني أحيانًا لرؤية بعض الأماكن المذهلة. إنه رائع حقًا!

I found this unusual house in the Netherlands online - it's upside down! (6) It is actually an old farmhouse (7) which people are changing to make it modern. This works very well because all the windows are at the top, so you get a lot of light.

Local(8) people like it because it fits in very well with the local landscape (9), which is farms and fields. It is also very ecological (10) because they use air, water, and sun to heat and make energy for the house. That's so cool! What do you think of it? Do you like it?



Upside down house in the Netherlands

- لقد وجدت هذا المنزل غير المعتاد في هولندا عبر الإنترنت - إنه مقلوب! إنه في الواقع بيت ريفي قديم يغيره الناس لجعله حديث. يعمل هذا بشكل جيد للغاية لأن جميع النوافذ في الأعلى، وبالتالي تحصل على الكثير من الضوء. يحبها السكان المحليون لأنه يتلاءم جيدًا مع المناظر الطبيعة المحلية، والتي تكون المزارع والحقول. كما أنه صديق للبيئة لأنه يستخدم الهواء والماء والشمس للتدفئة وتوليد الطاقة للمنزل. ذلك لطيف جدًا! ما رأيك في ذلك ؟ هل أحببت ذلك ؟

Notes for parents

Help your child look at the picture, read the text and learn.

- ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصور ويقرأ النص وبتعلم.

Writing skill

How to write a blog

1. Write about something you like and enjoy.

اکتب عن شیء تحبه وتستمتع به.

2. Write to your readers as if you are speaking to them. Use contractions (I'm, it's) and words like "awesome" and "cool".

اكتب لقراءك كما لو كنت تتحدث لهم. استخدم الدختصارات (l'm, it's) وكلمات مثل .(cool) a (awesome)

3. Use exclamation marks (!) and emojis

> استخدم علامات التعجب (!) ورموز تعبيرية.

4. Give your opinion and invite your readers to give theirs.

اعط رأيك وادعو قراءك ليعطوا أراءهم.

5. Check that your spelling is correct..تأكد من أن الهجاء صحيح

Read the following blog sample.

إقراء النموذج التالى للمدونة.

Sara

BLOG HOME

ABOUT ME LINKS ARCHIVE



Friday, 3rd June

Unusual homes

Hi! My name's Sara. I like going online and blogging about unusual things. Last week, I found an unusual house. It was in Ancient

Egypt. It's awesome! The Ancient Egyptians used mud bricks to keep their house cool. The mud bricks made very strong walls. It's really cool. What do you think of it? Do you like it?

- ساعد طفلك أن يتعلم كيف يكتب مدونة..

[·] Help your child learn how to write a blog.

General Exercises

on Lessons 5&6

نصوص الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

a Understand			
a Understand			

d Apply

• Creat

- Tro	
• 1 Listen and write T (True) or F (False). مع واكتب (T) صح أو (F) خطأ.	است
 People live in different types of homes around the world. Many people live in apartment buildings. In Spain, many people live in houses. Eskimos live in igloos. 	
 Listen and complete. Dalida likes about different things. Dalida is writing about homes this week. Dalida's is an architect. Her mom sometimes takes her to see some brilliant 	است.
Proposed and match (A) with (B). (B) specific (A) specific (A) with (B). (B) specific (B) specif	

اقرأ النص وأجب عن الأسئلة. .Read the text and answer the questions

I'm Samer. I'm interested in unusual things around the world.

One day, I found an unusual house in the Netherlands online —
it's upside down! It is actually an old farmhouse which people
are changing to make it modern. This works very well because
all the windows are at the top, so you get a lot of light.

Local people like it because it fits in very well with the local landscape, which is farms and fields. It is also very ecological because they use air, water, and sun to heat and make energy for the house. That's so cool!

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

- 1. The general idea of the text is about "....."
 - a. Local landscape
- b. Search online
- c. Unusual house
- d. The Netherlands
- 2. The underlined word "modern" means
 - a. old b. new
- c. usual

d. awful

B. Answer the following questions.

- 3. Why is the unusual house ecological?
- 4. Summarize the first paragraph in one sentence.

Reorder the words to make correct sentences.

أعد ترتيب الكلمات لتكوين جمل صحيحة.

- about different reading I like things.
- 2. do think What you blogging of?
- 3. the Netherlands in is down The upside house.
- 4. friends Invite to give their your opinions.

• طع علامات الترقيم للآتية. . Punctuate the following

- 1. do you like your new house
- 2. they didn't go to the beach

General Exercises on Lessons 5 &6

TEST YOUR

Homes in Egypt



If you got you need to revise the unit again on the next page. قم بتقييم نفسك بالعلامات الموضحة وإذا حصلت على 🌑 غير جيد قم بمراجعة الوحدة مرة أخرى في الصفحة التالية.

My Dictation

قياس مدى إتقان المفردات اللغوية 1 Read and write the meaning.

اقرأ واكتب المعنى.

A elevator architect jungle online blog mud bricks

В	شُرفة
	سطح
	مقلوب
	عالِم
	حديث

My Reading

2 Read and circle. اقرأ وضع دائرة.

1. Most people lived near the Nile so they could have (water/sun) all the time.

2. The howler monkey lives in the (desert / jungle).

3. To write about something in an online blog, this means (drawing / blogging).

My Language

3 Read and complete with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets.

اقرأ وأكمل بالصيغة الصحيحة للكلمات بين الدَّقواس.

- 1. My new shoes are too small. They make me feel (comfortable).
- (see) a 2. My brother bear an hour ago.
- (works) last 3. Alex didn't weekend.

My Writing

4 Write a paragraph from (4 – 6) sentences about your perfect bedroom.

اكتب من (٤-٦) جمل عن غرفة نومك المثالية.

My project

5 Make a presentation about an Ancient Egyptian home.

قم بتلوين الدائرة باللون المناسب لمستواك.

Review on unit 7



Prefix

- · This armchair is uncomfortable. I can't sit on it.
- She is very unfriendly she never smiles or tries to make friends.

Past simple

- She created a fantastic sculpture from the garbage.
- · They didn't eat chocolate because it is unhealthu.

- Write about something you like and enjoy.
- · Write to your readers as if you are speaking to them. Use contractions (I'm, it's) and words like "awesome" and "cool".
- Use exclamation marks (!) and emojis.
- · Give your opinion and invite your readers to give theirs.

- ساعد طفلك في مراجعة الوحدة السابعة.

Help your child review unit 7.





هذا الجزء يمكنك من ربط الكلمات التي درستها بجمل ليساعدك على التمكن من مهارة القراءة والكتابة

Sentence Building

تدرب علي كيفية تكوين جملة



lo Reading & writing skills :

Topic	Guiding words	Sentences
	love	I love my bedroom.
rfect	share	I share my bedroom with my sister.
My perfect bedroom	big – closet	There is an armchair and a big closet in my bedroom.
	wall – posters	On the wall, there are lots of posters of animals.
es	homes – different	In Ancient Egypt, homes were generally very different.
mod r	built – made of	Ancient Egyptians built their houses from mud bricks.
yptiar	flat roofs	All Ancient Egyptian homes had flat roofs.
Ancient Egyptian homes	furniture	Furniture in Ancient Egyptian homes was very different from today.
Anc	paint – cooler	People painted their house white to make them cooler.
10	found – online	I found unusual house in the Netherlands online.
Unusual homes	farmhouse	It's an old farmhouse which people are changing to make it modern.
usna	upside	It's unusual house. It's upside down!
5	windows-top	All the windows are at the top of the house.
ys	scientist	My uncle is a scientist.
Howler monkeys	interested in	He is interested in howler monkeys.
vler m	some research	My uncle wanted to do some research into their family groups
How	local villager	A local villager helped my uncle find howler monkeys.

2. How to make a sentence:

۲. تعلم کیف تکون جملة

الجمل الخبرية

- 1. was He frightened.
- 2. my bedroom share my sister I with

	فاعل	فعل	. باقى الجملة
1	2-14 Trai "HL 2/1		CONTRACTOR AND
2			

۲ الجمل الأمرية

1. about - Write - like - you - something.

2. opinion – your – Give.

Don't	مصدر الفعل	. باقى الجملة
1 4		-Place of the Control
2		

الجمل الاستفهامية

(أ) السؤال بـ (كلمة استفهام .. ؟)

1. do - Where - live - you?

2. use - their homes - to build - did - people - What?

	كلمة الاستفهام	فعل مساعد	فاعل	فعل أساسي	? باقى السؤال
1	Where				
2	*	* 42 14	nt happen at		

(ب) السؤال بـ (هل .. ؟)

1. you - Do - homes - like - unusual?

2. big - small - or - your room - Is?

Jelò	فعل أساسي	? باقى السؤال
		THE GLOSS STORT HE SHALL
		Garan, Garan

& Writing skill:

". تعتبر مهارة الكتابة من المهارات الأساسية للتعبير عن فكرة أو موضوع لذا يجب استخدام جمل وأفكار مترابطة.
 قم بقراءة هذه الجمل لتساعدك على التعامل مع مهارة الكتابة (٢٤) جملة).

1 Your new apartment

I love my new apartment⁽¹⁾. It's a great apartment⁽²⁾. The new kitchen is bigger, and the oven is more modern⁽³⁾. There's more space in the living room so we can have a bigger television⁽⁴⁾. We have three bedrooms now and two bathrooms⁽⁵⁾. The balcony is fantastic, too⁽⁶⁾.

2 Your perfect room

I love my bedroom⁽⁷⁾. I share it with my sister⁽⁸⁾. On the right, there is my bed with a desk next to it⁽⁹⁾. On the left, there is my sister's bed⁽¹⁰⁾. In the middle of the room, there is an armchair with two cushions and a big closet⁽¹¹⁾. On the wall, there are lots of posters of animals⁽¹²⁾.

3 Ancient Egyptian homes

In Ancient Egypt, homes were generally very different⁽¹³⁾. People built their houses from bricks made of mud from the river⁽¹⁴⁾. The mud bricks made the walls strong⁽¹⁵⁾. People use papyrus to cover doors and windows⁽¹⁶⁾. Some houses were very cool⁽¹⁷⁾. All of the houses had flat roofs.⁽¹⁸⁾.

4 Unusual homes

There's an unusual house in the Netherlands⁽¹⁹⁾. It's upside down⁽²⁰⁾! It's an old farmhouse which people want it to make it modern⁽²¹⁾. All the windows are at the top, so you get a lot of light⁽²²⁾. It fits in very well with local landscape, which is farms and fields⁽²³⁾. That's so cool⁽²⁴⁾.

Test on Unit 7

نمبوص الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

1 Listen and write T (True) or F (False). 1. In Ancient Egypt, many people made their homes near the Nile 2. People used the Nile water for drinking only. 3. They used mud to make bricks. 4. Ancient Egyptians built walls with paper. Listen and complete. 1. The furniture in Ancient Egyptian homes was very ... from today. 2. There were reed to sit and sleep on. 3. They used to cover the windows. 4. In every home, there were baskets for storing Read and match (A) with (B). 1. We have three a. armchair in my bedroom. b. move to a new house. 2. Do you live in 3. My parents had to c. are two posters.

Read the text and answer the questions.

4. There is a closet and an .

5. On the walls, there

I'm Mazen. I live in Alexandria with my parents and my brother, Waheed. We live in a big apartment. There are two bedrooms in our apartment. I share a room with my brother. We have a big kitchen on the right. We have two bathrooms. There are two beds in my room. In the middle of the room, you can see a big closet for our clothes. I like my bedroom. I like the view of the park from our balcony.

d. bedrooms in our house.

f. doesn't feel nice.

e. a house or an apartment?

A. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d.	
1. The main idea of the text is about "".	
b. Mazen's apartment	
c. Mazen's family d. Mazen's friends	
2. Mazen keeps his clothes in a big	
a. bed b. bag c. box a. closet	
B. Answer the following questions.	
3. Does Mazen like his apartment ?	
4. Who does Mazen share a room with ?	
Reorder the words to make correct sentences.	
1. moved — a new — We — to — house.	
2. don't — I — unsafe — sports — like.	.,,,,,,,,,,,
3. like — didn't — I — homes — unusual.	
4. loves – a scientist – is – My uncle – animals – and.	
4. loves – a scientist – is – ing arter	
A Parata the following	
• 6 Punctuate the following.	
1. the mud bricks made very strong walls	
2. he set out to look for the monkeys	
- 4 CORTY (40) words using the	
• Write a paragraph of FORTY (40) words using the following guiding elements.	
UILUSUUL ILUITUUS	مجاب عند فی نهاید
Guiding questions:	الكتاب
Where is it? Why is it unusual?	

At the doctor's

في العيادة



Aims of unit eight:

In this unit I will

- · listen, read, research, and write about different illnesses and treatments.
- استمع، اقرأ، أبحث واكتب عن أمراض وعلاجات مختلفة. أقرأ قصة عن فيل. . . .read a story about an elephant •
- · practice using have to talk about illnesses. - أتدرب على استخدام "have" للتحدث عن الأمراض.
- listen to and understand a conversation between a doctor and a patient.
 - أستمع إلى وأفهم محادثة بين طبيب ومريض.

الأهداف العامة للوحدة الثامنة :

في هذه الوحدة سوف....

learn about and use the prefixes un, ir, il, and im.
 iim , il , ir , un

تدريبات للأزهر الشريف في نهاية الكتاب.

- understand the difference between /f/ and /v/ sounds. - أفهم الفرق بين أصوات /V/ و /f/.
- write a short paragraph about staying healthy. - أكتب فقرة إنشائية قصيرة عن البقاء صحيًا.
- plan what to put in a first-aid kit and make a
 - أخطط عن ما يتم وضعه في حقيبة الإسعافات الأولية وأصنع ملصق.

They didn't come to the club!



Vocabulary

Key vocabulary



انظر، استمع وردد.

أمراض illnesses









backache ألم في الظمر

شعال (كحة) cough

toothache الم بالدُسنان

headache صداع (ألم بالرأس)







sore throat احتقان بالحلق

earache الدن

cold >1

STREET, SQUARE, SHAPE,	THE RESERVE THE PARTY NAMED IN	
man the second of the second	. T / a T m / a 1 a 1 B 1 B a 1 m . " H	
	vocabulary	

club	ankle	كادل	honey	عسل
OK	 shoulder	كتف	coach	مدرب
stomach	 practice	تمرین	back	ظهر
problem	 dentist	طبيب الأسنان	swimming	السباحة

Conjugation of verbs

تصريف الأفعال

Regular

Pr	esent	Past
talk	یتحدث	talked
hope	یأمل - یتمنی	hoped

Trregular

Pr	esent	Past
say	يقول	said
hurt	يجرح - يؤلم	hurt
tell	يخبر	told
come	یأتی	came
feel	يشعر	felt
have	لدیه - یقضی	had

Notes for parents

- Help your child look, listen to the words and repeat them.
- ساعد طفلك أن ينظر ، يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددهم.

In Ancient Egypt, doctors often used honey as medicine to help sick people. في مصر القديمة، استخدم الأطباء عادةً العسل كدواء لمساعدة المرضى.

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

What about ? feel better I hope so, too.

ىشعر بتحسن

! Be careful ! کن حذرًا! stay home يبقى في المنزل . What's the matter أَتَمنَى ذَلِكَ، أَيضًا. ما الدّمر؟ worried about ليس بالفعل قلق بشأن

نقاط هامة على نصوص اللستماع و القراءة Main points on listening and reading texts

Fares went to the club today.

not really

- ذهب فارس إلى النادى اليوم.
- Some of his friends have problems, so they didn't come to the club بعض من أصدقاء فارس لديهم مشكلات طبية لذلك لم يأتوا للنادى اليوم. todau.
- The coach told them to be careful. أخبرهم المدرب أن يكونوا حذرين.
- When they have a cough or a sore throat, they should stay عندما يعانون من السعال أو احتقان الحلق، يجب عليهم البقاء في المنزل.



Pop Quiz on Vocabulary

يقوم التلميذ بأداء تدريب تلقائي على الكلمات السابقة بعد قراءتها

choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

- 1. She went to the dentist because she had a
 - a. toothache b. headache
 - c. cough
- d. cold
- 2. I have a, can you help me?
 - a. prize
- b. meal
- c. problem
- d. club
- 3. They went to the for football practice.
 - a. dentist
- b. club
- c. pool
- d. doctor

- 4. I feel hungry. My hurts.
 - a. ear
- b. foot
- c. back
- d. stomach

- اطلب من طفلك أن يقرأ ويختار الإجابة الصحيحة.

Ask your child to read and choose the correct answer.



Listen, read and role-play.

استمع، اقرأ وتبادل الأدوار.

How does Fares feel today ? ? كيف يشعر فارس اليوم



Hi Fares! Did you have a good day at the club ? ﴿ النادى ؟ أهلًا فارس! هل قضيت يوم جيد في النادى ؟

Not really. Five people didn't come to the club today! ليس بالفعل. لكن خمسة أشخاص لم يحضروا إلى النادى اليوم!





Oh no! Are they OK?

أوه لد! هل هم بخير؟

No, they have problems. My friend Tarek hurt his ankle at football practice last night. And Amr has an earache from swimming.

لا، لديهم مشكلات. صديقى طارق أصاب كاحله في تدريب كرة القدم الليلة الماضية.



To the second second

What about your cousin Lama? Your aunt said she had a toothache. ماذا عن ابنة عمتك لدما؟ قالت عمتك أنها كانت تعانى من ألم الأسنان.

No, she wasn't there. I think she went to the dentist. Two of my friends have a cold. The coach told us to be careful. When we have a cough or a sore throat, we should stay home! لد، لم تكن هناك. أعتقد أنها ذهبت إلى طبيب الأسنان. اثنين من أصدقائى لديهم برد. أخبرنا المدرب أن نكون حذرين. عندما نعانى من الكحة أو احتقان بالحلق، يجب علينا البقاء بالمنزل!





How do you feel?

کیف تشعر ؟

Well, I have a backache and I'm worried about my friends.

I hope they'll feel better tomorrow.
حسنًا، أنا أعانى من ألم في الظهر وأنا قلق على أصدقائي. أتمنى أن يشعروا بتحسن غدًا.





I hope so, too!

أتمنى ذلك، أيضًا!

Notes for parents

Help your child listen to the dialog and let him/her say what he/she listens to correctly, then ask him/her to
role-play it with his/her colleagues.
 ساعد طفلك في الاستماع إلى المحادثة ودعه يقول ما يسمعه بطريقة صحيحة، ثم اطلب منه أن يتبادل الأدوار مع زملائه.

General Exercises

on Lesson

نصوص الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

• Understand

Apply

• Create

 Fares went to the particle. Fares had a good day. Three of Fares's frien. The coach told Fares. 	y at the .ds hav	re problems.
Read and match (A)	with (E	3).
 Nada didn't come How do Tarek hurt I hope he She has 		a. be careful. b. to the club yesterday. c. a toothache. d. you feel? e. his ankle. f. will be fine.
	hat the	ins the pulling truce the mile of the

1. throat - you - Do - have - a - sore?

2. How - your - feel - does - brother - today?

3. came - club - to - Fady - the - yesterday.

4. cold - think - 1 - you - a - have.

	-				- 104	
0	4	Punctua	te	the	follo	wing.

1. what's the matter, Dina

2. i don t have a headache, Mom.

Read the text and answer the questions.

It's Tuesday and Baher is at home. He can't go to school because he has a cold. He must stay in bed. He has a cough and a sore throat so he can't talk. The doctor says he must not run or play. He must sleep and drink a lot of water. All his family are worried about him. They hope he will get better soon.

A. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d.

c. Tuesday

d. Wednesday

2. Baher has a

a cold

b. backache

c headache

d. toothache

B. Answer the following questions.

3. Why can't Baher talk?

4. What must Baher do to get better?

• 6 Write a paragraph of FORTY (40) words using the following quiding elements.

Different illnesses

مجاب عنه فی نهایة الکتاب

Guiding elements:

doctor

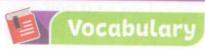
toothache

Lesson

Part 1

CLIL: Science

▶ Water



Key vocabulary





glacier نهر جليدي



الملاق lake



river jai







جدول(نهر صغیر) stream

Extra vocabulary

مياه مالحة	sea water	مياه البحر
مياه عذبة	glasses	أكواب
صحة	bathwater	مياه الاستحمام
محاصيل	rain	משر / זמשر
ملح	difference	اختلاف
ألم في المعدة	the Red Sea	البحر الأجمر
نهر النيل	the Mediterranean Sea	البحر الأبيض المتوسط
أفكار - إشارات	drinking water	مياه الشرب
	مياه عذبة صحة محاصيل ملح ألم في المعدة نهر النيل	sea water قياه مالحة قياه مالحة قياه عذبه قياه عذبه قياه عذبه قياه عذبه قياه bathwater تعنام تعنام مالح تعنام المعدة تعنام المعدة قياه المعدة

Conjugation of verbs

تصريف الدَّفعال

Regular

Present

یدعی / یسمی call یناقش discuss

called discussed

Irregular

Present drink يشرب think يفكر Past drank thought

- ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصور ويستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددهم.

Salt water : can also be called sea water. It is the water in seas and oceans. المياه المالحة : يمكن أيضًا أن تسمى بمياه البحر. إنها المياه الموجودة في البحار والمحيطات.

Help your child to look at the pictures, listen to the words and repeat them.

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبیرات وحروف جر هامة

· important for

ا هام ل • a day

فى اليوم الواحد

· How many?

• water for crops

مياه لرى المحاصيل



Pop Quiz on Vocabulary

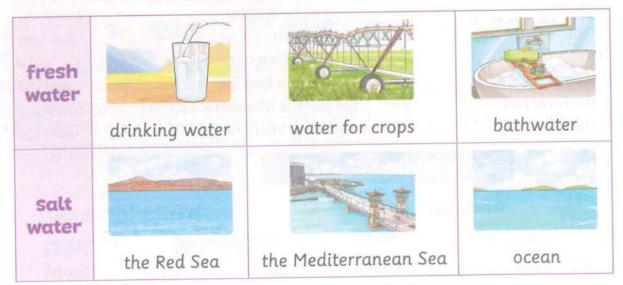
يقوم التلميذ بأداء تدريب تلقائي على الكلمات السابقة بعد قراءتها

Read and choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1. We get water from the River Nile.
 - a. salt
- b. hot
- c. fresh
- d. rain
- 2. She had two of orange juice.
 - a. pots
- b. glasses
- c. forks
- d. plates

- 3. The _____ is a small river.
 - a ocean
- b. glacier
- c. sea
- d. stream
- 4. Fruits are very useful for your
- a. water
- b. health
- c. time
- d. science

🚖 Look, read and learn. انظر، اقرأ وتعلم.



Notes for parents

Ask your child to read and choose the correct answer.

- اطلب من طفلك أن يقرأ ويختار الإجابة الصحيحة.

Lesson

Part 2 Describing the elephant

Vocabulary

🚖 Listen and repeat. استمع وردد.

Key vocabulary

blind	كفيف	incredible	مدهش - رائع
special		trunk	خرطوم الفيل - جذع الشجرة
flexible	مرن	tusk	uli
spear	رمح	rope	בע

Extra vocabulary

The second secon			
stories	قصص	idea	فكرة
local	محلي	farmer	فلاح
enormous = huge			مزرعة
wrong	خطأ - مخطئ	strong	مّوى
hard		dangerous	خطیر خطیر
smooth	ناعم - أملس		مسطح
leaf	ورقة شجر	clever	ماهر
correct	מבגב	excited	متحمس
tail	ذيل	pointed	مدیب / مستن
round	مستدير		مائط
part	جزء	moral	عند مغزى القصة / الدرس المستفاد

Conjugation of verbs

تصريف الأفعال

Regular

Present

describe بصف touch يلمس discover ىكتشف reach يصل shape يشكل turn يستدير stop ىتەقف

Past described touched discovered

reached shaped turned stopped

Irregular

Present

meet ىقابل put يضع see SU understand يفهم hear لللمع

met put saw understood heard

Past

- ساعد طفلك أن يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددهم.

Help your child to listen to the words and repeat them.

Ordinal numbers

الأعداد الترتبيية

first	الأول	fourth	الرابع
second	الثانى	fifth	الخامس
third	الثالث	sixth	السادس

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

· a long time ago	منذ وقت طویل	• for a moment	للحظة / لبعض الوقت
· along the road	على طول الطريق	The second secon	يشبه
• the side of		• Finally,	فى النهاية،
· reach out	يصل إلى	• In fact,	فى الحقيقة،
• part of	جزء من	• find out	يكتشف

* Study these words.

ادرس هذه الكلمات.

	المعنى Meaning المعنى	Word الكلمة
لا يستطيع الرؤية	can't see	blind
أنف الفيل الطويلة جدًا	the very long nose of an elephant	trunk
سن مدببة طويلة جدًا	a very long pointed tooth	tusk
عصا مدببة طويلة	a long pointed stick	spear

Main points on listening and reading texts

نقاط هامة على نصوص الاستماع و القراءة

- There were six blind men who wanted to meet an elephant.
 - كان هناك ستة رجال مكفوفين يريدون مقابلة فيل.
- The six men had heard many stories about elephants.
 - لقد سمع الست رجال العديد من القصص عن الأفيال.
- They were very excited to touch the elephant.
 - كانوا متحمسين جدًا ليلمسوا الفيل.
- Each of the men only touched one part of the elephant.
 - كل واحد من الرجال لمس جزءًا واحدًا فقط من الفيل.



Pop Quiz on Vocabulary

يقوم التلميذ بأداء تدريب تلقائي على الكلمات السابقة بعد قراءتها

Read and choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1. Hatem can't see. He is.....
 - a hard
 - b. strong
- c. blind
- d excited
- 2. Snakes are very animals, be careful.

 - a. fast b. dangerous c. huge
- d. fat
- 3. The little ant carried a from the tree.
 - a leaf
- b. trunk c. tusk
- d. farm

🎓 Look, listen and read. انظر، استمع وأقرأ.

A long time ago, there were six blind(1) men who wanted to meet an elephant. They had heard many stories (2) about these incredible animals, but each man had a different idea about what the elephant would look like.

منذ زمن بعيد، كان هناك سـتة رجـال مكفوفين يريدون مقابلة فيل. لقد سـ معوا العديد من القصص عن هذه الحيوانات المدهشـة, لكن كان لكل منهم فكرة مختلفة عن شكل الفيل.

One day, a local (3) farmer was walking along the road with an elephant that worked on his farm. The farmer asked if the men would like to touch (4) the elephant to discover how it looks. The men were very excited and walked over to the enormous animal.

في أحد الأيام، كان مزارع محلى يسير على طول الطريق مع فيل يعمل في مزرعته. سأل المزارع عما إذا كان الرجال يرغبون في لمس الفيل ليكتشفوا كيف يبدو. كان الرجال متحمسين للغاية وساروا نحو الحبوان الضخم.

The first man touched the side of the elephant. He said, "It's very tall and very strong. It's like a wall!" The second man put



Check Vocabulary

- كفيف (1)
- (2) قصص
- (3) محلي
- (4) Junal

[·] Ask your child to read and choose the correct answer

Help your child to look at the picture, listen and read the story.

[·] اطلب من طفلك أن يقرأ ويختار الإجابة الصحيحة. · ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصورة، يستمع وبقرأ القصة

his arms around the elephant's back leg. He said, "No, you're wrong! It's round and strong, like a tree trunk !" When the third man put his hand on the elephant's trunk, he said, "You're both wrong!

wrong! The elephant is long and flexible ... it's just like a snake!"

لمـس الرجل الأول جانـب الفيل وقال: "إنه طويل جدًا وقوى جدًا. إنه يشـبه الجـدار!" وضع الرجل الثانى ذراعيه حول ساق الفيل الخلفية وقال: "لا، أنت مخطىء! إنه مستدير وقوى. مثل جذع شجرة!" عندمـا وضـع الرجل الثالث يده على خرطوم الفيل، قال: "كلاكما مخطـىء! الفيل طويل ومرن ... إنه مثل الثعبان!"

Check Vocabulary

جذع الشحرة (6)

أملس / ناعم (8)

مستدير (5)

ناب (7)

The fourth man put his fingers against the elephant's tusk⁽⁷⁾. He said, "It's hard, long, and smooth. I think it's dangerous like a spear!" The fifth man was very, very tall. He reached out and touched the elephant's ear. He said, "This elephant is smooth⁽⁸⁾ and flat, and shaped just like a leaf!"

وضع الرجل الرابع أصابعه على ناب الفيل وقال : "إنه صلب وطويل وأملس. أعتقد أنه خطير كالرمح". كان الرجل الخامس طويلًا جدًا جدًا. مد يده ولمس أذن الفيل وقال : "هذا الفيل أملس ومسـطح، وشكله مثل ورقة الشجرة!"

Finally, the sixth man put his hand on the elephant's tail. He said, "This elephant is not like a wall, a spear, or a snake. It's not like a leaf or tree trunk! This elephant is just like a rope!

The farmer listened to everything the men said. He turned to them and said, "In fact, you're all correct! Each of you only touched one part of the elephant. If you stop for a moment, and listen to what you all think, you can all see what the elephant looks like."

أخيرًا، وضع الرجل السادس يده على ذيل الفيل وقال : "هذا الفيل ليس مثل جدار أو رمح أو أفعى. إنه ليس مثل ورقة أو جذع شجرة! هذا الفيل مثل الحبل!"

استمع المزارع إلى كل ما قاله الرجال. التفت إليهم وقال: "في الحقيقة، جميعكم على حق! كل واحد منكم لمـس جزءًا واحدًا فقط من الفيل. إذا توقفتم للحظة واسـتمعتم إلى ما تعتقدوه جميعًا، يمكنكم جميعًا أن تفهموا كيف يبدو الفيل."

The moral of the story

المغزى من القصة

• When we listen to other people, we can understand the world better. عندما نستمع للآخرين، نتمكن من فهم العالم بشكل أفضل.

General Exercises

on Lesson 2 (Parts 1&2) نصوص الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

• Understand • Apply • Create
Listen and complete. There were six
Property of the farmer listened to Read and match (A) with (B). B. a. is like a tree trunk. b. everything the men said. c. is just like a rope! d. the water in the sea. e. in seas and oceans. f. can't see.
Reorder the words to make correct sentences. 1. your health – water – is – Why – important – for ?
2. water — 9 glasses — drink — a day — [— of fresh.
3. the world – animal – the biggest – The elephant – is – in.
4. find out — want to — What — the blind — did — man ?
Punctuate the following. 1. what is special about the men
2. the elephant's trunk is long and flexible

Read the text and answer the questions.

A long time ago, there were six blind men who wanted to meet an elephant. They had heard many stories about these incredible animals, but each man had a different idea about what the elephant would look like. One day, a local farmer was walking along the road with an elephant who worked on his farm. The farmer asked if the men would like to touch the elephant to discover how it looks. The men were very excited and walked over to the enormous animal.

A. Choose the correct answer f	rom	α,	b,	COL	d.
--------------------------------	-----	----	----	-----	----

- 1. The underlined word "blind" means can't c. work b. feel a hear
- 2. The farmer was really c. fast d. ugly b. helpful a. rude

B. Answer the following questions.

- 3. Did the men touch the elephant?
- 4. What did the blind men want to do?

• 6 Write a paragraph of FORTY (40) words using the following guiding elements.

Incredible animals

محاب عنه في نهاية

Guiding elements:

 trunk • the elephant

Lesson

Part 1 How are you?



main epeat. استمع وردد.

Key vocabulary

playground	بحاه	bandage	ضمادة طبية
medicine	cela	illness	مرض
cut	جرح / قطع	body	جسم

Conjugation of verbs

تصريف الأفعال

	Regula	r
Pres	ent	Past
stay worry clean	یبقی یقلق ینظف	stayed worried cleaned

Pre	sent	Past
fall	يسقط	fell
feel	 يشعر	felt

Important expressions and prepositions

Main points on listening and reading texts

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

- put ... on ا يشعر أنه بخير · feel well
- يضع ... على تفضل بالدخول

- · fell over
- come in سقط أرضًا

نقاط هامة على نصوص اللستماع و القراءة

أشرف لا يشعر أنه بخير.

ذهب أشرف إلى الطبيب.

- Ashraf doesn't feel well
- Ashraf went to the doctor.
- Ashraf has a cold.
- Nahla fell over in the playground.
- Nahla has a cut on her arm.
- A nurse put a bandage on Nahla's arm.

أشرف لديه برد. سقطت نهلة في الملعب.

نهلة لديها جرح في ذراعها.

وضعت الممرضة ضمادة طبية على ذراع نهلة.

. Help your child listen to the words and repeat them.

- ساعد طفلك أن يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددهم.

Listening and Reading

muray، اقرأ وتبادل الأدوار. Listen, read and role-play.

What's the matter with Ashraf? ؟ ما مشكلة أشرف



Ashraf : Hello, Doctor. I don't feel well.

أهلِّد، أيها الطبيب. لد أشعر إنى على ما يرام.



Doctor : What's the matter, Ashraf ? Do you have a headache ?

ما الدُّمريا أشرف؟ هل لديك صداع؟





Ashraf : No, Doctor. I don't have a headache.

لا، أيها الطبيب. ليس لدى صداع.



عل لديك ألم بالمعدة ؟ ؟ Doctor : Do you have a stomachache



Ashraf : No, Doctor. I don't have a stomachache.

لد، أيها الطبيب. ليس لدى ألم بالمعدة.



Doctor : Do you have a toothache ? ؟ هل لديك ألم بالأسنان ؟



Ashraf : No, Doctor. I don't have a toothache. I have ... I have ... Achoo!

لد، أيها الطبيب. ليس لدى ألم بالدُّسنان. لدى أنا لدى !



Doctor : Oh, dear! You have a cold. Stay home, sleep well, and take this medicine.

يا عزيزى ! أنت تعانى من البرد. أبقى فى المنزل، نام جيدًا وتناول هذا الدواء.

Notes for parents

Help your child listen to the dialog and let him/her say what he/she listens to correctly, then ask him/her to

ساعد طفلك في الاستماع إلى المحادثة ودعه يقول ما يسمعه بطريقة صحيحة، ثم اطلب منه أن يتبادل الأدوار مع زملائه.

🎓 Listen, read and role-play. استمع، اقرأ وتبادل الأدوار.



Nurse: Come in, Nahla. What's the matter?

تفضلى بالدخول يا نهلة. ما الدُمر؟



Nahla: I fell over in the playground.

لقد سقطت أرضًا في الملعب.



Nurse: Oh, dear. Where does it hurt?

أوه، يا عزيزتى. أين تشعرين بالدِّلم ؟



Nahla: Here. I have a cut on my arm.

هنا. لدی جرح فی ذراعی.



Nurse : Oh, yes, I see. Don't worry. I'll clean it and put a bandage on it.

أوه، نعم، أرى الجرح. لد تقلقى. أنا سأنظف الجرح وأضع ضمادة طبية عليه.



Nahla: Thank you, nurse.

شكرًا لك أيتها الممرضة.

Language Focus

Using "have" to talk about illnesses

استخدام " have " للتحدث عن الأمراض.



noun / باقتى الجملة + has + اسم مفرد / noun .

noun / باقين الجملة + have + اسم جمع / noun / noun



I have a headache.



She has a stomachache.

. Help your child use verb "have" to talk about illnesses.

، ساعد طفلك أن يستخدم الفعل "have" للتحدث عن الأمراض.



المنفية

اسم مفرد / He /she /It / اسم مفرد + doesn't have + noun / باقس الجملة + don't have + اسم جمع / noun

I don't have a cold.



She doesn't have an earache.



السؤال بمعنى هل ... ؟ question ... السؤال بمعنى هل

Interrogative صغة الاستفصام

باقتى السؤال ... + have + اسم مفرد / nave + he /she /it / باقى السؤال + have + اسم جمع / po + I /you /we / they / اسم جمع



Do you have an earache?



- Yes, I do.
- No, I don't. I have a sore

Contraction الاختصار: have = 've

has = 's



Pop Quiz on Language Focus

يقوم التلميذ بأداء تدريب تلقائي للتقان القواعد اللغوية

choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

- 1. Do you a headache? a. has
 - b. having c. have
- d. had

- 2. She a cold.
 - a. have
- b. don't have c. having
- d. doesn't have

- 3. They an earache.
 - a has
- b. doesn't have c. have
- d. having

- 4. He a stomachache.
 - a. have
- b. have to
- c. having
- d. has

- 5. | have a sore throat.
- a. isn't
- b. doesn't
- c. don't
- d. am not

Notes for parents

Ask your child to choose the correct answer.

- اطلب من طفلك أن يختار الإجابة الصحيحة

General Exercises

on Lesson

d. well today.

f. matter, Reem?

e. in the playground.

الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

• Understand

4. What is the

5. You should take

· Apply

· Create

• €	Listen and write T (True) or	F (False).		
	1. Tom is at home today.			T F
	2. He is feeling well.			
	3. Tom has a cough.			
	4. He will go to the doctor to	omorrow.	9.	
2	Read and match (A) with	(B).		
	A		B	
	1. He fell over	a. p	ut a bandage.	
	2. I don't feel		ave a cold?	
	3. Do you	c. th	nis medicine.	

6	Reorder	the	words	to	make	correct	sentences.	
					HIMILO	COLLECT	sentences,	ě

1. cut - I - on the - will - put - a bandage.

2. not – toothache – She – a – have – does.

3. matter - What - with - Ashraf - is - the ?

4. take - home - this - Stay - medicine - and.

Part 2 A special hospital



Vocabulary

استمع وردد. .Listen and repeat

S Property	THE PERSON NAMED IN	projection pro	Author Steels	Separate Sea
" # CA	y vo	0 0 0	10150	mi, " il
		The second second	State Sta	1

The state of the s			
patient	مريض	busy	مشغول
hospital	مستشفى	staff	طاقم العاملين / الموظفين
crowded	מנכבם .	injection	حقنة
corridor	رواق / ممر	relatives	أقارب
unwell	مريض		

Extra vocabulary

Through the Control of the Control o			
India	دولة الهند	member	عضو
country	دولة – بلد	wonderful	رائع / عجيب
unusual	غیر عادی	alone	بمفرده
city	مدينة (كبيرة)	lesson	درس – محاضرة

Conjugation of verbs

تصريف الأفعال

Regular

Prese	Past	
treat visit change	يعالج يزور يغير	treated visited changed
~	یعتنی/ ی	cared returned

Irregular

Present	Past	
mean يعنى/يقصد	meant	
teach يُعلم	taught	
learn يتعلم	learnt	
give يعطى	gave	
become	became	

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

 all over the country 	جميعانحاءالبلد
 look after 	یعتنی ب

- · care for
- · instead of بدلدً من
- For example, ... سبيل المثال، ... على سبيل المثال،
- یعتنی / پرعی
- يتعلم كيف يقوم ب · learn how to
- يحول ... إلى ... turn ... into ... · helpful for

مفيد ل

Notes for parents

Help your child listen to the words and repeat them.

- ساعد طفلك أن يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددها.

نقاط هامة علي نصوص الاستماع و القراءة Main points on listening and reading texts

- The text is about a hospital in India.
- هذا النص عن مستشفى في الهند.
- The hospital is a very busy place that treats patients.
 - المستشفى هي مكان مزدحم جدًا يعالج المرضى.
- People usually go to the hospital with many relatives.
 - يذهب الناس عادة إلى المستشفى مع العديد من التّقارب.
- At this special hospital, the staff teach the family members how to do useful things like changing a bandage or giving injections.
- في هذه المستشفى المميزة، يعلم الموظفون أفراد العائلة كيف يقومون بأداء أشياء مفيدة مثل تغيير الضمادة، أو إعطاء الحقن.
- This helps them to care for their relatives when they go home.
 - هذا يساعدهم في الدعتناء بأقاربهم عندما يعودون للمنزل.



Pop Quiz on Vocabulary

يقوم التلميذ بأداء تدريب تلقائي على الكلمات السابقة بعد قراءتها

Read and choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :

- 1. There was a party, so the club was
 - a. near
- b. crowded c. unwell
- d. sick
- 2. The nurse put a / an on the cut on my leg.

 - a. mat b. injection c. problem
- d. bandage
- 3. Mom took my brother to the hospital.

a. friends

- a. busy b. special c. sick
- d. well
- 4. I invited all my: uncle, aunt and cousins.
 - b. relatives c. patients
 - d. staff





اطلب من طفلك أن يقرآ ويختار الإجابة الصحيحة.

to go to the hospital alone.

In a hospital⁽¹⁾ in Bangalore, a city in southern India, there are many patients⁽²⁾. The hospital treats⁽³⁾ patients from all over the country. With every patient, there are about ten family members. In India, it is unusual for a sick person

فى مستشفى فى بنغالور مدينة فى جنوب الهند، هناك العديد من المرضى. تعالج المستشفى المرضى من جميع أنحاء البلد، مع كل مريض، هناك حوالى عشرة أفراد من العائلة. فى الهند، من غير المعتاد أن يذهب المريض إلى المستشفى بمفرده.

Family usually go with their unwell (4) relative. This (2) يعالج (5) and busy. But instead of telling family members that they can't visit their sick relatives, the staff at this hospital do something special. They turn a problem into something wonderful. They have classes to teach the family to look after the sick person. For example, some people learn how to change bandages (6) and others learn how to give injections (7).

عادة ما تذهب الأسرة مع قريبهم المريض. هذا يعنى أن المستشفى غالبا ما تكون مزدحمة ومشغولة للغاية. لكن بدلًا من إخبار أفراد الأسرة بأنهم لا يستطيعون زيارة أقاربهم المرضى، يقوم الموظفون فى هذه المستشفى بعمل شىء مميز. إنهم يحولون المشكلة إلى شىء رائع. لديهم فصول لتعليم الأسرة رعاية الشخص المريض. على سبيل المثال، يتعلم بعض الأشخاص كيفية تغيير الضمادات وآخرين يتعلموا كيفية إعطاء الحقن.

Each afternoon, staff from the hospital turn the corridors into classrooms. The nurses become teachers and the family members — and sometimes even the patients — become the students. Not only does this help the hospital staff, but it also helps the families to care for their relatives when they go home. The staff know that the lessons work because not as many patients return to the hospital now.

بعد ظهر كل يوم، يقوم موظفو المستشفى بتحويل الممرات إلى فصول دراسية. تصبح الممرضات معلمات ويصبح أفراد الأسرة - وأحيانا المرضى - طلابًا. لا يساعد ذلك طاقم المستشفى فحسب، بل يساعد العائلات أيضًا على رعاية أقاربهم عند عودتهم إلى المنزل. يعلم الموظفون أن الدروس تنجح لأنه لا يوجد عدد كبير من المرضى يعودون إلى المستشفى الآن.

Notes for parents

. Help your child look at the picture, listen and read the text.

- ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصورة، يستمع ويقرأ النص.

Check Vocabulary

مستشفی (1)

Language Focus

Prefix

What is a prefix?

البادئة

ما هي البادئة ؟

A prefix is a set of letters, which we add before the main word to make a new word.

البادئة هي مجموعة من الأحرف التي نضيفها قبل الكلمة الرئيسية لتكوين كلمة جديدة.

Some prefixes that are used to show the opposite are (un-, ir-, il-, and im-)

بعض البادئات التي تستخدم لتعطى عكس المعنى : (-il-, ir-, un) و -im)

Prefix	ir-	il-	im-	un-
Usage الاستخدام	when the word begins with r عندما تبدأ الكلمة بحرف r.	when the word begins with ا عندما تبدأ الكلمة بحرف ا.	when the word begins with m or p عندما تبدأ الكلمة بحرف "m" أو "p"	with most words مع معظم الكلمات
Root word جذرالكلمة	responsible مسئول	قانونی legal	ممكن possible أخلاق moral	mappy سعيد usual معتاد بخير بخير fit لائق آمن safe
Opposite word عکس الکلمة	irresponsible غیرمسئول	illegal غیرقانونی	impossible مستحیل immoral غیراخلاقی	حزین unhappy غیرعادی unusual مریض unwell غیرلائق unfit غیرآمن unsafe



Pop Quiz on Language Focus

يقوم التلميذ بأداء تدريب تلقائي لإتقان القواعد اللغوية

choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d.

- 1. We can add the prefix to make the opposite of "regular".
 - a. im_

a. un

b. il

b. ir

- c. ir_
- d. un_

d. il

- 2. The prefix makes the opposite of "polite".
 - c im

- · Help your child know what a prefix is.
- · Ask your child to choose the correct answer.

- ساعد طفلك أن يعرف ما هى البادئة. - اطلب من طفلك أن يختار الإجابة الصحيحة.

General Exercises

on Lesson 3 (Part 2)



d. shop

a Understand Applu

• •	Listen and write T (True) or F (False). 1. The staff from a hospital turn the corridors into classrooms. 2. The students become teachers in the hospital. 3. The family members become the students. 4. The families can't change a bandage at home.
• 6	Read and match (A) with (B). 1. There are many 2. He went to 3. I learned how to 4. The park is 5. The staff look A a often very crowded. b. he got better. c. patients at the hospital. d. after patients. e. the hospital alone. f. change bandages.
• €	Read the text and answer the questions. In a hospital in Bangalore, a city in southern India, there are many patients. The hospital treats patients from all over the country. With every patient, there are about ten family members. In India, it is unusual for a sick person to go to the hospital alone. Family usually go with their unwell relative. This means that the hospital is often very crowded and busy. But instead of telling family members that they can't visit their sick relatives, the staff at this hospital are very wonderful. They have classes to teach the family to look after the sick person. For example, some people learn how to change bandages and others learn how to give injections. A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d. In The text gives us information about a sin India.

a. school b. hospital c. park

2. If a place is "crowded", there are people a. some b. many c. no d. a B. Answer the following questions. 3. What useful things can family members do to help sick relatives?	few
4. Summarize the first paragraph in one sentence.	*************
Reorder the words to make correct sentences.	
1. treats — This — hospital — sick — many — people.	
2. visit — their — every day — They — friend — sick.	
3. learns — how — She — injections — to — give.	
4. in — are — the — <u>How</u> — India — hospitals ?	
Punctuate the following.	
1. which country is this hospital in	
2. some people learn how to change bandages	
Write a paragraph of FORTY (40) words using the following guiding elements.	
A special hospital	مجاب عنه فی نهایة
Guiding elements :	الكتاب
• treat • crowded	

Part 1 The power of honey



Vocabulary

Key vocabulary

1	Listen	and	repeat.	ىىتمع وردد.	ار
---	--------	-----	---------	-------------	----

sunburn	ضربة شمس – حروق الشمس	treatment	عللج
sunscreen	كريم واقى من أشعة الشمس	wound	جرح
pills	أقراص دواء	healing	الشفاء
bacteria	بكتريا	injury	إصابة

Extra vocabulary

The state of the s			
skin	جلد	scientists	علماء
medical care	عناية طبية	jar	برطمان
illnesses	أمراض	substance	مادة
cupboard	خزانة	safe	أمن
maybe = perhaps	ريما	treating	عللج
recently	حديثًا / مؤخرًا		

Conjugation of verbs

Past

تصريف الأفعال

Regular

killed kill يقتل healed يُشفى/يلتئم heal contained يحتوى contain mixed بخلط mix damaged damage لدما happened happen لحدث

Irregular

FIGURE				
cut	يقطع - يجرح			
know	يعرف			
put	يضع			

Drocont Past cut knew put



Notes for parents

· Help your child listen to the words and repeat them.

· ساعد طفلك أن يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددهم

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

· get better

- ı make you ill يتحسن
- بصيبك بالمرض

· use as

ىستخدم مثل

نقاط هامة علي نصوص الاستماع و القراءة Main points on listening and reading texts

- Honey is also used as a treatment for some injuries and illnesses.
 - يُستخدم العسل كعلاج لبعض الإصابات والأمراض أيضًا.
- Doctors have used honey for thousands of years.

استخدم الأطباء العسل لآلدف السنين.

Some types of honey can kill bacteria.

بعض أنواع العسل بإمكانها قتل البكتيريا.



Pop Quiz on Vocabulary

يقوم التنميذ بأداء تدريب تلقائي على الكلمات السابقة بعد قراءتها

Read and choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d.

- 1. I use to protect my skin on the beach.
 - b. sunscreen c. honey a. sun
 - d. bandages
 - 2. She took two for her headache.
 - a. pins
- b. pills
- c. beds
- d. pots
- 3. You need to take the medicine for your wounds.
 - a. heating
- b. heading
- c. healing
- d. meeting

* Study these words.

ادرس هذه الكلمات.

الكلمة Word	Meaning المعنى	WING THE TANK
heal	to get better	تحسن
bacteria	very small things that can make you ill أشياء صغيرة جدًا تستطيع أن تجعلك مريض	
treatment	medical care to help you get better عناية طبية تساعدك في التحسن	
wound	an injury that damages your skin	صابة تدمر جلدك

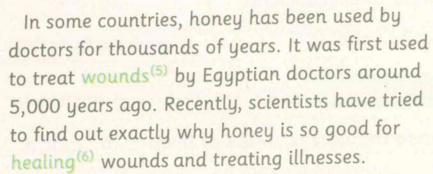
Ask your child to read and choose the correct answer.

Help your child read and identify the meaning of the words.

⁻ اطلب من طفلك أن يقرأ ويختار الإجابة الصحيحة. - ساعد طفلك أن يقرأ ويتعرف على معاني الكلمات.

🚖 Look, read and learn. انظر، اقرأ وتعلم.

Do you like honey? Perhaps you enjoy eating it for breakfast(1). Or maybe you enjoy it in a sweet basbousa? But did you know that honey isn't only a food? It is also used as a treatment(2) for some injuries(3) and illnesses(4)



Scientists know that some types of honey contain things that can help to kill bacteria. This helps wounds to heal more quickly. You must be careful, however. The honey that doctors use is a special honey only that is safe to use as a treatment. So, if you have a jar of honey in your cupboard, (7) you can mix it with milk to make your cough better, but don't put it on your cut knee(8)!

- هل تحب العسل ؟ فربما تستمتع به كوجبة إفطار أو من الممكن أن تستمتع به في البسبوسة الحلوة ؟ ولكن هل تعرف أن العسل ليس فقط طعام ؟ يستخدم العسل أيضًا كعلاج لبعض الجروح والأمراض. لقد استخدم الأطباء العسل لألاف السنين في بعض الدول. تم استخدامه أولًا بواسطة الأطباء المصريين منذ حوالي ٥٠٠٠ سنة لعلاج الجروح. مؤخرًا يحاول العلماء اكتشاف السبب وراء جعل العسل جيد لشفاء الجروح وعلاج الأمراض. يعرف العلماء أن بعض أنواع العسل تحتوى على أشياء لقتل البكتريا وهذا يساعد أن تشفى الجروح بسرعة. ومع كل هذا يجب أن تكون حذر. أن العسل الذي يستخدمه الأطباء هو نوع خاص آمن أن يستخدم في العلاج. لذلك إذا كان لديك برطمان من العسل في خزانة المطبخ يمكن أن تخلطه مع لبن لكي يتحسن سعالك ولكن لا تضعه على ركبتك المجروحة.

Notes for parents

. Help your child look at the picture, read and text and learn.

- ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصورة، يقرأ النص ويتعلم.

Check Vocabulary وجية الإفطار (1)

علاج (2)

(3) تالات أمراض (4)

جروح (5)

شفاء (6)

ركبة (8)

دولاب / خزانة (7)

General Exercises

on Lesson

نمووص الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

an adult bee
ur ckin
ur skin.
cough better.

Read the text and answer the questions.

In some countries, honey has been used by doctors for thousands of years. It was first used to treat wounds by Egyptian doctors around 5,000 years ago. Recently, scientists have tried to find out exactly why honey is so good for healing wounds and treating illnesses.

Scientists know that some types of honey contain things that can help to kill bacteria. This helps wounds to heal more quickly. You must be careful, however.

A. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d.

- 1. The main idea of the text is about
 - a. cough
- b. honey
- c milk
- d. bacteria

d. get better

B. Answer the following questions.

3. Summarize the first paragraph in one sentence.

4. Why is honey so good for healing wounds?

Reorder the words to make correct sentences.

1. thousands of - used - Doctors - honey - years - for.

2. a – have – I – of – honey – jar.

3. the sweetest — Earth — substance — is — Honey — on

4. honey -, Omar - like - you - Do?

Punctuate the following.

1. you enjoy eating honey for breakfast

2. what do you use honey for

Write a paragraph of FORTY (40) words using the following guiding elements.

Honey

Guiding elements :

• bees

treatment

.....

Lesson

4

Part 2 Pronunciation



🎓 Listen and repeat. استمع وردد.







The letter "f" makes the / f / sound. (Voiceless)









ضفدع frog

وشاح scarf

فاكهة fruit

How to make the / f / sound:

1. Rest your top teeth on your lower lip.

ضع أسنانك العلوية على شفتك السفلية.

2. Blow, but don't use your voice!

انفخ، لكن لا تستخدم صوتك!

The letter "v" makes the / v / sound. (Voiced)



فی نهایهٔ







طبیب بیطری vet تلیفزیون television خضروات

How to make the / v / sound:

1. Rest your top teeth on your lower lip. ضع أسنانك العلوية على شفتك السفلية.

2. Blow, but do use your voice!

انفخ، لكن استخدم صوتك!

- ساعد طفلك أن يميز بين أصوات / f/ و / v / عند القراءة والكتابة

Help your child listen to the words and repeat them.

⁻ ساعد طفلك أن يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددها.

Help your child distinguish between the / f / and / v / sounds while reading and writing.

🎓 Listen, read and learn. استمع، اقرأ وتعلم

Traing 48	/ f /		/ V /
fan	مروحة	van	شاحنة صغيرة
leaf	ورقة شجر	leave	يترك/ يغادر
ferry	عبارة نهرية	very	جدًا
few	قليل	view	منظر طبيعى
safe	آمن	save	يحفظ/يدخر
life	حياة	live	يعيش

Pop Quiz on Phonic

Look and write the missing sound.



2 Look, read and complete.

- 1. We like watching tele_ision.
- 2. Leave the lovely lea on the tree.
- 3. The ferry is _ery _ast.



Notes for parents

- · Help your child listen to the words, read and learn.
- 1. Ask your child to look at the pictures and write the missing sound in each word. - اطلب من طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصور ويكتب الصوت الناقص في كل كلمة.
- 2. Ask your child to look at the pictures, read and complete the missing letters. اطلب من طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصور، يقرأ ويكمل بالحروف الناقصة

- ساعد طفلك أن يستمع إلى الكلمات، يقرأ ويتعلم.

Lesson

CLIL: Math Part 3 **Bar charts**

🎓 Listen and repeat. استمع وردد.

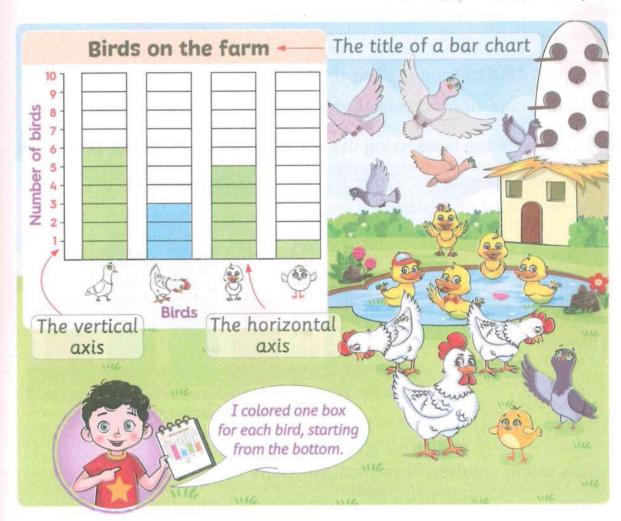
Vocabulary			
free-time	وقت فراغ	bar chart	شريط الرسم البياني
activity	نشاط	taking long walks	المشي لمسافات طويلة

Read and learn.

اقرأ وتعلم.

· A bar chart is a way of showing information.

الرسم البياني هو وسيلة لعرض المعلومات.



- . Help your child listen to the words and repeat them.
- . Help your child to understand the bar chart.

- ساعد طفلك أن يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددها.

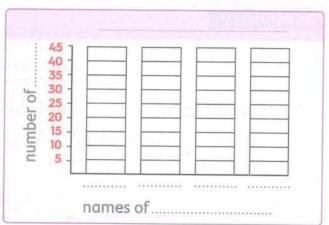
- ساعد طفلك أن يفهم شريط الرسم البياني.



Pop Quiz on Math

Use the table to make a bar chart and answer the questions.

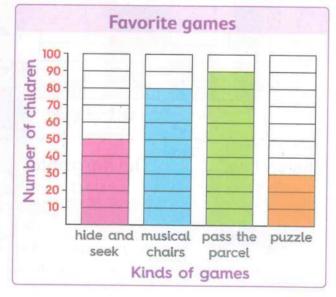
Favorite food			
Food	Number of students		
basbousa	20		
pizza	45		
burger	35		
cheese	30		



- Which kind of food is liked the least?
- Which kind of food is liked the most?......

Complete the table using the bar chart and answer the questions.

Fav	orite games
Games	Number of children
hide and seek	
musical chairs	
pass the parcel	
puzzle	



- How many children liked musical chairs?.....
- How many people liked hide and seek and pass the parcel?

Notes for parents

- 1. Ask your child to make a bar chart and answer the questions.
- اطلب من طفلك أن يصنع مخطط الرسم البياني الشريطي ويجيب عن الأسئلة. 2. Ask your child to complete the table using the bar chart then answer the questions.
 - اطلب من طفلك أن يكمل الجدول مستخدمًا شريط الرسم البياني ثم أجب عن الأسئلة.

Lessons 5&6

WritingProject

Vocabulary

🎓 Listen and repeat. استمع وردد.

Key vocabulary

balanced diet	نظام غذائي متوازن	experts	ćula
healthy	صدی	important	مصو

Extra vocabulary

useful	مفيد	presentation	عرض
first-aid kit	صندوق الإسعافات الأولية		عرض صابون
scissors	مقص	insect bite cream	كريم لدغة الحشرات كريم لدغة الحشرات
cleaning wipes	مناديل التطهير	medical gloves	قفازات طبية
rubber bands	أربطة مطاطية	safety pins	دبابيس الأمان
list	قائمة	exercise ·	تمرین - تدریب

Conjugation of verbs

تصريف الدُّفعال

Regular

Present

یبقی/یمکث stay یتدرب/یتمرن exercise ستحرك move

Past

stayed exercised moved

Present

need یحتاج یرکز gack یجهز الحقیبة Past needed focused

packed

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

- spend time with friends
 - يقضى وقت مع الأصدقاء
- get enough sleep الحصول على قسط كاف من النوم
- best ways to أفضل الطرق لـ
- responsible for مسئول عن • plenty of الكثير من
- in addition to الله ضافة إلى
- good for چيد ل

- ساعد طفلك أن يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددهم.

Help your child listen to the words and repeat them.

من المهم تناول الطعام الصحى.

• It's important to have a balanced diet.

من المهم أن تتبع نظام غذائب متوازن.

Playing sport with friends is a good way to exercise.

لعب الرياضة مع التصدقاء طريقة جيدة للتمرين.

 You should get between eight and nine hours of sleep every night. يجب عليك النوم لمدة ما بين ٨ - ٩ ساعات كل ليلة.

· Spending time with your friends is good for your health.

قضاء الوقت مع الأصدقاء جيد لصحتك.



Pop Quiz on Vocabulary

يقوم التلميذ بأداء تدريب تلقائي على الكلمات السابقة بعد قراءتها

choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d.

- 1. You should have a
 - b. balanced a fat
- c. fast
- d. high
- 2. Vegetables are veryfood.
 - a. healthy b. friendly
- c. bad
- d health
- 3. Doctors wear medical at the hospital.
 - a. light
- b. way
- c. gloves
- d. diet



Notes for parents

Ask your child to read and choose the correct answer

- اطلب من طفلك أن يقرأ ويختار الإجابة الصحيحة.

make Look, listen and read. انظر، استمع واقرأ.

My presentation today is about staying healthy. It is really important to eat healthy foods like fruit and vegetables and to have a balanced diet (1). There are lots of other things that we can do to look after our health.

العرض الذي أقدمه اليوم يدور حول البقاء بصحة جيدة. من المهم حقًا تناول الأطعمة الصحية مثل الفاكهة والخضروات واتباع نظام غذائي متوازن. هناك الكثير من الأشياء الأخرى التي يمكننا القيام بها للاعتناء بصحتنا.

You should do some exercise every day. It's very important to keep your body moving. Playing sport at school or with friends is a good way to exercise.

Check Vocabulary

نظام غذائه (1)

(2) داين (3) محي

يجب عليك القيام ببعض التمارين كل يوم. من المهم جدًا أن تحافظ على حركة جسمك. ممارسة الرياضة في المدرسة أو مع الأصدقاء طريقة جيدة للتمرين.

Another thing you can do is to go to bed early. It's important to get enough sleep. Experts(2) think you should get between eight and nine hours of sleep every night.

شيء آخر يمكنك القيام به هو الذهاب إلى الفراش مبكرًا. من المهم الحصول على قسط كافٍ من النوم. يعتقد الخبراء أنك بحب أن تنام ما بين ثماني وتسع ساعات كل ليلة.

In addition to this, one of the best ways to stay healthy (3) is to spend time with your friends. It's not only your body that you need to keep healthy, you should make time to focus on being happy, too. Spending time with your family and friends is a great way to do this.

بالإضافة إلى ذلك، فإن أحد أفضل الطرق للبقاء بصحة جيدة هو قضاء الوقت مع أصدقائك. جسمك ليس الشيء الوحيد الذي تحتاج إلى الحفاظ عليه صحيًا، يجب أن تخصص وقتًا للتركيز على سعادتك أيضًا. يعد قضاء وقت مع عائلتك وأصدقائك طريقة رائعة للقيام بذلك.

Demon	strate understanding	g of specific o	letailsا	وضح فهمك	
LEARN	It is important to eat. a. healthy	b. unhealthy	foods.	d. health	
PRACTICE	2. You should do some a. exercise	b. sleep	. every day.	d. friends	

Help your child look at the picture, listen and read the text.

- ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصورة، يستمع ويقرأ النص.

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General Exercises

on Lessons 5&6

نصوص الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

• Understand • Apply • Create	
• 1 Listen and write T (True) or F (False).	TF
1. It's important to eat healthy foods like chips and cookies.	
2. You should have a balanced diet.	
3. You shouldn't do some exercise every day.	
4. It's very important to keep your body moving.	
· 2 Listen and complete.	
1. We get energy from the that we eat.	
2. There are different types of food.	
3. We must have a diet to keep healthy.	
4. Our body needs protein to and becom	e stronger.
Read and match (A) with (B).	
1. Playing sport is a good • a. is good for you	our health.
2. You should sleep for b. on being hap	
3. What do you need • C. in the first-aid	
4. Make time to focus • d. eight hours e	very night.
5. Spending time with e. eat healthy fo	ood.
your friends • f. way to exercise	ie.

- Reorder the words to make correct sentences.
 - 1. to stay healthy What do you can?

2. enough — get — to — important — It's — sleep.	
3. food — healthy — to eat — is it — important — Why ?	
4. should — You — some — do — every day — exercise.	
Punctuate the following.	
1. what could they do better	
2. they are good at playing sport	
Staying healthy Guiding questions:	ىاپ عنە ن نھاية لكتاب
Building questions:	
 What things can we do to look after our health? What are the best ways to stay healthy? 	
 What things can we do to look after our health? What are the best ways to stay healthy? 	

TEST YOUR SKILLS

At the doctor's



If you got o you need to revise the unit again on the next page.
قم بتقييم نفسك بالعلامات الموضحة وإذا حصلت على فغير جيد قم بمراجعة الوحدة مرة أخرى في الصفحة التالية.

الله.	نده مره احری فی انصفحه الا	عتر ختد ممانمراخعه ررفح) OLE C
N	My Dictation		
	Read and write the freshwater glacier blind bandage trunk	قياس مدى إتقان المد ne meaning. اقرأ واكتب المعنى.	1 2 3
В.		ألم في المعدة دواء مفضل ملعب حلق	4
2	Read and tick (He has a/an — hurts. toothache stomachache	اقرأ وضع علامة (٧). His tooth .	
	The Red Sea had fresh so	alt honey ats patients	

O office

My Language

- Read and correct the underlined words. اقرأ وصحح الكلمات التى تحتها خط
- 1. I has a camera.
- 2. Does she has any chocolate cake?
- 3. She have a dog.

My Writing

4 Write a paragraph from 4-6 sentences about :

"Water"

اكتب فقرة إنشائية من ٤ - ٦ جمل عن المياه.

My Project

Make a poster about how to stay healthy.

قم بتلوين الدائرة باللون المناسب لمستواك.

قمبر عمر

Review on unit 8



· Help your child review unit 8.

- ساعد طفلك في مراجعة الوحدة الثامنة.

bathwater

() school

hospital





هذا الجزء يمكنك من ربط الكلمات التى درستها بجمل ليساعدك على التمكن من مهارة القراءة والكتابة

lo Reading & writing skills:

Горіс	Guiding words	Sentences
	patients	In a hospital, there're many patients.
spita	treats	The hospital treats patients from all over the country.
ial ho	members	With every patient, there're about ten family members.
A special hospita	crowded	The hospital is usually very crowded and busy.
A	sick person	It's unusual for a sick person to go to the hospital alone.
>	honey	I like honey.
hone	breakfast	I enjoy eating it for breakfast.
ver of	treatment	It's also used as a treatment for some injuries.
The power of honey	doctors	Honey has been used by doctors for thousands of years.
F	treat	It was first used to treat wounds by Egyptian doctors a long time ago
N.	balanced diet	It's really important to eat healthy foods to have a balanced diet
ealth	exercise	You should do some exercise every day.
How to stay healthy	bed	You should go to bed early.
w to	sleep	You should get between eight and nine hours of sleep every night
운	friends	Spend time with your friends.
	well	I don't feel well.
S	headache	I have a headache.
At the doctor's	cold	I have a cold.
thed	stay home	I'll stay home, sleep well and take the medicine.
At	toothache	I don't have a toothache.
	hurts	My throat really hurts.

Sentence Building



تدرب على كيفية تكوين جملة

% How to make a sentence:

۲. تعلم کیف تکون جملة

1. didn't - ankle - I - my - hurt.

الجمل الخبرية

2. cut - last week - knee - his - He.

فاعل	فعل	. باقى الجملة	
1		my ankle.	
2			

1. the - call - dentist - Don't.

الجمل الأمرية

2. eight - fresh water - glasses - Drink - of - a day.

	Don't	مصدر الفعل	. باقى الجملة
1	Don't		
2	وكريشت		

الجمل الاستفهامية

(أ) السؤال بـ (كلمة استفهام .. ؟)

1. stay - healthy - can - you - How?

2. does - Where - hurt - it?

	كلمة الاستفهام	فعل مساعد	فاعل	فعل أساسي	? باقى السؤال
1					
2					r residence.

(ب) السؤال بـ (هل .. ؟)

1. water - to - drink - you - Do - like?

2. a headache - have - Nader - Does ?

فعل مساعد	فاعل	فعل أساسي	? باقى السؤال
1			
2			

Writing skills:

٣. تعتبر مهارة الكتابة من المهارات الأساسية للتعبير عن فكرة أو موضوع لذا يجب استخدام جمل وأفكار مترابطة. قم بقراءة هذه الجمل لتساعدك على التعامل مع مهارة الكتابة (٢٧ جملة).

1 Feeling ill

I can't go to school today (1). I don't feel well (2). I have a sore throat (3). My throat really hurts (4). I can't talk (5). Mom is going to call the doctor (6). I will stay in bed (7).

Water

I like drinking water (8). We should drink 8 glasses of fresh water a day (9). The water is important for our health (10). The water in the River Nile is fresh water (11). We can't drink the water in the sea (12). The sea water is salt water (13).

3 Describing the elephant

I touched the side of the elephant (14). It's very tall and very strong (15). It's like a wall (16). The elephant's back leg is round and strong, like a tree trunk (17). The elephant's trunk is long and flexible (18). The elephant's tusk is hard, long, and smooth (19).

At the doctor's

I fell over in the playground (20). I have a cut on my arm (21). It really hurts (22). The doctor saw it (23). She cleaned it (24). She put a bandage on it (25). She gave me medicine (26). She asked me to rest and eat healthy food (27).

Test on Unit 8

Murala في نهاية الكتاب

 Listen and write T (True) or F (False). 1. Adam usually goes camping with his friends. 2. Adam goes camping in the winter. 3. Desert is very cold in the day. 4. They need a compass and a map. Listen and complete. 1. You should do 2. It's very important to keep your healthy. 3. There are a lot of different sports you can...... 4. You can play football, basketball and tennis in the Read and match (A) with (B). 1. When your head hurts, a. I have a stomachache. b. I have an earache. 2. I ate something bad. c. helps you get better. 3. The water in rivers d. you have a headache. 4. The elephant is e. is called fresh water. 5. Treatment f. an enormous animal.

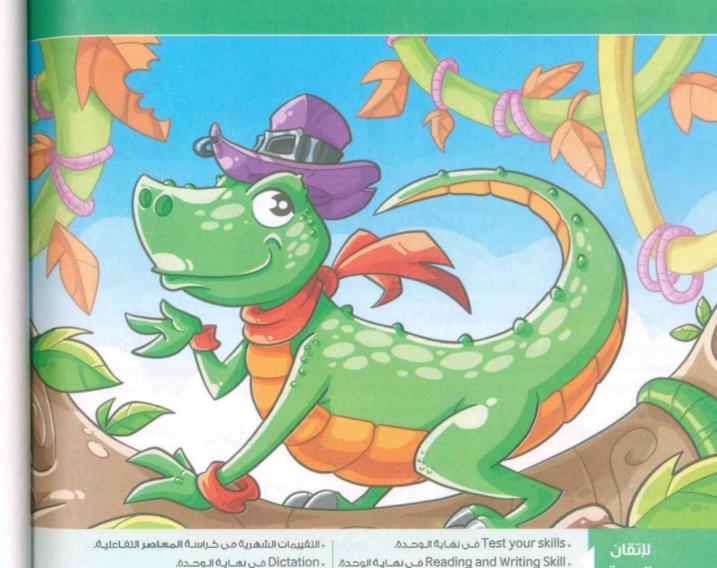
Read the text and answer the questions.

To stay healthy, it's very important to eat a variety of food, specially fruit and vegetables. It is very important to have good breakfast in the morning. You shouldn't have sweets every day.

Most of our body is water, so it is necessary to drink plenty of water every day. You shouldn't drink a lot of fizzy drinks because they aren't good for your health. You shouldn't watch TV or play on the computer more than one hour a day.

A. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d. 1. You shouldn't eat every day. a. fruits b. vegetables c. sweets d. seafood
2. The underlined word "stay" means
B. Answer the following questions.
3. Summarize the second paragraph in one sentence.
4. What should you do to stay healthy? Mention two.
Reorder the words to make correct sentences.
1. tree – leaves – This – has – lovely.
2. did – find – out – men – What – the blind ?
3. honey — bacteria — types of — Some — can — kill.
4. throat — sore — a — you — Do — have ?
Punctuate the following.
1. it's important to eat healthy food
2. What s the matter, Aya
 Write a paragraph of FORTY (40) words using the following guiding elements.
Water
Guiding elements :
• fresh water • salt water
The state of the s

My favorite animal حيواني المفضل



Aims of unit nine:

In this unit I will

- · listen, read, research, and write about animals.
 - أستمع، أقرأ، أبحث وأكتب عن الحيوانات.
- listen and read about a trip to a wildlife park.
 - أستمع وأقرأ عن رحلة قصيرة إلى حديقة الحياة البرية.
- learn how to say /w/ and /v/ sounds.
 - أتعلم كيف أقول أصوات |w| ، |v| .

النَّهداف العامة للوحدة التاسعة :

في هذه الوحدة سوف.....

الوحدة

· write an email about an unusual animal.

تدريبات للأزهر الشريف في نهاية الكتاب.

- أكتب رسائة بريد إلكتروني عن حيوان استثنائي.
- research and make an infographic about animals in a habitat.
 - أبحث وأصنع مخطط معلومات بياني عن حيوانات في موطن.

Wildlife

Vocabulary

Key vocabulary

🎓 Look, listen and repeat. انظر، استمع وردد.







panda دُب الباندا





دولفین dolphin

حلزون snail

بيغاء parrot

Extra vocabulary

طائر البطريق penguin

strong	قوی	group	مجموعة
shell	صدفة	bamboo	نبات الخيزران
colorful	زاهی الألوان	wonderful = awesome	رائع
ocean	محتط	fridge	ثلاجة
upside down	راسًا على عقب (مقلوب)	dark	ظلام
wildlife	حياة برية	ice	ثلج
pouch	كيس / جيب (الكنفر)	snow	جليد
Australia	استراليا	special	خاص / مميز
friendly	ودود	China	الصين
Africa	قارة أفريقيا	inside	بالداخل
rainforest	غابة مطيرة	summary	ملخص
little	قليل / صغير السن		

Notes for parents

Help your child look, listen to the words and repeat them.

- ساعد طفلك أن ينظر، يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددهم.

Flamingos eat with their heads upside down. They use their tongue to catch their food. - طيور الفلامنجو تأكل ورؤوسها رأسًا على عقب (مقلوبة). يستخدمون لسانهم لالتقاط طعامهم.

Conjugation of verbs

تصريف الأفعال

Regular

Pres	Past	
stay	يبقى	stayed
talk	يتحدث	talked
repeat	يردد	repeated
jump	يقفز	jumped

Irregular

Pre	Past	
sit	يجلس	sat
fly	يطير	flew
feed	يطعم	fed
hide	يختبئ	hid

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

يقترب

- · day out
- · said .. for
- · It sounds amazing!
- · jump on
- · swim in a group

- يوم بالخارج
- قال... ل
- يبدو مدهشًا!
- يقفز على
- يسبح فى مجموعة
- · go near
- · look so cool! ىيدو لطيف جدًا
- through the trees عبر الدُشجار
- · do a project
- يقوم بمشروع · It's so sweet! إنه رائع جدًا
- نقاط هامة علي نصوص الاستماع و القراءة Main points on listening and reading texts

- Yesterday, Ramez went to a wildlife park with his family.
 - ذهب رامز بالدُّمس إلى منتزه الحيوانات البرية مع عائلته.
- He enjoyed it very much.

- لقد استمتع بما كثيرًا.
- They saw lots of different animals like lions, kangaroos, and penguins.
 - لقد رأوا الكثير من الحيوانات المختلفة مثل الأسود، حيوانات الكنغر وطيور البطريق.
- He saw his favorite birds, the parrot.
 - رأى طيوره المفضلة، الببغاء.
- He was a bit sad because he didn't see the bats and he's doing a project on them at school.
 - لقد كان حزينًا قليلًا لدُّنه لم يرس الخفافيش وهو يقوم بعمل مشروع عنهم في المدرسة.



Pop Quiz on Vocabulary

يقوم التلميذ بأداء تدريب تلقائي على الكلمات السابقة بعد قراءتها

choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

- 1. Theis a very dangerous animal.
 - a rabbit
 - b lion
- c. monkey
- d. parrot
- 2. The snails have hard and no legs.
 - a arms
- b. tails

- c. shells
- d hair
- 3. Adel is very, he helps all his friends.
 - a. ugly
- b. friendly
- c. lazy
- d. angry
- 4. We keep our food in the to be cool.
 - a. oven
- b. television
- c. fridge
- d. closet

Read, learn and identify.

اقرأ، تعلم وتعرف.

It lives in the garden. It has a shell. It doesn't have legs or arms. It's a snail. ے یعیش فی الحدیقة. لدیه صدفة. لیس لدیه أرجل أو أذرع. إنه حلزون.





It lives in Australia. It jumps on two legs. It's a kangaroo.

يعيش في أستراليا. يقفز على ساقين. إنه كنغر.

It flies at night. It sleeps upside down on trees. It's a bat.

> يطير في الليل. ينام رأسًا على عقب (مقلوب) على الأشجار. إنه خفاش.



Notes for parents

- Ask your child to read and choose the correct answer
- Help your child read the sentences, learn and identify different animals.
- - · ساعد طفلك أن يقرأ الجمل، يتعلم ويتعرف على حيوانات مختلفة.

- اطلب من طفلك أن يقرأ ويختار الإجابة الصحيحة.



It lives on ice and snow. It's black and white. It can swim, but it can't fly. It's a penguin. يعيش على الثلج والجليد. إنه أبيض وأسود اللون. يستطيع السباحة لكنه لا يستطيع الطيران. إنه بطريق.

It's a bird. It's very beautiful and colorful. It lives in the rainforest. It's a parrot. إنه طائر. إنه جميل جدًا وملون. يعيش في الغابات المطيرة.





It lives in Africa. It's a very big cat. It's very strong. It's a lion.

يعيش في أفريقيا. إنه قطة كبيرة جدًا. إنه قوى جدًا. إنه أسد.

It's very friendly. It swims in a group with its family in the ocean. It's a dolphin. إنه ودود جدًا. يسبح في مجموعه مع عائلته. إنه دولفين.





It lives in China. It eats bamboo. It's big, and black and white. It's a panda. يعيش في الصين. يأكل نبات الخيزران (البامبو). إنه كبير، ولونه أسود وأبيض. إنه دُب الباندا.



Listening and Reading



tisten, read and role-play.

Pop تدرب على ١٨ من قطع الفهم ونصوص الاستماع Ouíz

استمع، اقرأ وتبادل الأدوار.

Ramez : Hi! I had a wonderful day out yesterday with my أهلًا! قضيت يومًا رائعًا في الخارج مع عائلتي. family.



Ayman : Where did you go ? أين ذهبت؟



Ramez: I went to the new wildlife park – it was awesome! ذهبت إلى حديقة الحيوانات البرية الجديدة - كانت رائعة!



Ayman: What did you see? Could you go near the lions? ماذا رأيت؟ هل استطعت أن تقترب من الأسود؟



Ramez: No, we stayed in the car. But we could see them through the trees. The kangaroos were interesting, too. When they are little, they can sit inside their mom's pouch - it's so sweet!

لا، بقينا في السيارة. لكن تمكننا من رؤيتهم خلال الأشجار. كانت حيوانات الكنغر مثيرة للدهتمام أيضًا. عندما يكونوا صغارًا، يمكنهم الجلوس داخل جيب الكنفر الأم - هذا رائع حدًا!



Ayman : What birds did you see?

ما الطيور التي رأيتها؟



Ramez: Lots, but my favorites were the parrots. They were so beautiful and they could talk! We said some words for them to repeat!

كثيرًا، لكن المفضلين لي كانوا طيور الببغاء. كان الببغاء جميل جدًا ويمكنهم التحدث! قلنا لهم بعض الكلمات ليرددوها!

Notes for parents

· Help your child listen to the dialog and let him/her say What he/she listens to correctly, then ask him/her to

ساعد طفلك في الاستماع إلى المحادثة ودعه يقول ما يسمعه بطريقة صحيحة، ثم اطلب منه أن يتبادل الأدوار مع زملائه.



Ayman : What about animals that like the cold? Did you see anu?

وماذا عن الحيوانات التي تحب الجو البارد؟ هل رأيت أي منهم ؟

Ramez : Yes, penguins! They were in a special place inside. It was cold, like a fridge. We fed them some fish! I love penguins — they can swim so well and they look so cool!

نعم، طيور البطريق! كانوا في مكان خاص بالداخل. كان المكان بارد مثل الثلاجة. لقد أطعمناهم بعض الأسماك! أنا أحب طيور البطريق. يمكنهم السباحة جيدًا وتبدو رائعة جدًا!



Ayman: Wow! Was there anything you wanted to see but couldn't?

واو! هل كان هناك أم شمء أردت رؤيته ولكنك لم تستطع؟



Ramez : The bats. I'm doing a project on bats at school, so I really wanted to see them! But they were all hiding and I couldn't see them in the dark!

الخفافيش. أقوم بمشروع عن الخفافيش في المدرسة، لذلك أردت حقًا رؤيتهم! لكنهم كانوا كذلك كلهم مختبئون ولم أتمكن من رؤيتهم في الظلام!



Ayman : Oh well, it sounds amazing! I've got to feed my rabbit now — that's the most wildlife I'll see today!

حسنًا، يبدو الأمر رائعًا! يجب أن أطعم أرنبى الآن - هذا هو اقصى ما يمكننى رؤيته من الحيوانات البرية التي سوف أراها اليوم!

Determ	ine the meanin	و of wordsعانى الكلمات.	4 3.15	
LEARN		e in the text meansb. new		d. tall
PRACTICE	2. The underline	d word amazing means		
	a. ugly	b. wonderful	c. bad	d. boring

General Exercises

on Lesson

نصوص الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

_ 1	1	4	_	
	30			

· Apply

• Create

.0	Listen	and	write T	(True)	or F	(False)
----	--------	-----	---------	--------	------	---------

1. Noha is interested in social media.	
2. The kangaroo lives in Australia.	

- 3. The penguins live in hot places.
- 4. Penguins can swim.



- 1. Ramez went to a park yesterday.
- 2. They saw lots of different animals like and kangaroos.
- 3. His favorite birds are the
- 4. Ramez didn't see the, so he was a bit sad.

Read and match (A) with (B).

A

- 1. What do pandas
- 2. The snail has
- 3. Ramy went to
- 4. Bats sleep
- 5. Penguins live on

- B
- a. upside down on trees.
- b. hot food?
- c. snow and ice.
- d. a shell.
- e. eat?
- f. a wildlife park.

• Reorder the words to make correct sentences.

1. are — birds — the parrots — My — favorite.

- 2. the penguins fish some fed She.
- 3. a very The cat lion is big.
- 4. park I the went to wildlife new.

Punctuate the following.

- 1. where did ayman go yesterday?
- 2. the kangaroo lives in Australia

Write a paragraph of FORTY (40) words using the following guiding elements.

Your favorite animals



Guiding questions:

- Where do they live?
- What do they look like?

Part 1

What could you do?Language Focus



Vocabulary

mand repeat. استمع وردد.

Vocabulary

			The state of the s
ابن العم / الخال	cousin	اللغة الإيطالية	Italian
مندهش	amazed	لعبة الشطرنج	chess
بسرعة - سريع	fast	مشغول	busy
اللغة الألمانية	German	قادر علی	able to
بسرعة	quickly	لغة فرنسية	French
كرة السلة	basketball	فرنسا	France
عُمر	age	شمر	month

Language Focus

can / can't

Expressing ability and inability in present التعبير عن القدرة

وعدم القدرة في

زمن المضارع

When we talk about something we are or aren't able to do in the present, we use "can" or "can't". عندما نتحدث عن شىء قادرين أو غير قادرين على القيام به فى زمن عندما نتحدث عن شىء قادرين أو غير قادرين على القيام به فى إدما "can"t بمعنى لا يستطيع.

مصر الفعل -can / cannot (can't) + inf

ex. • I can play basketball. • I can't speak Italian.

Asking about ability in present

السؤال عن القدرة

في زمن المضارع

To make questions, we change the order of the words (to start with can).

لتكوين أسئلة، نقوم بتغيير ترتيب كلمات الجملة ونبدأ بـ "can".

A. yes / No Question ؟ ... که السؤال بمعنی هر

can + subject + الفاعل + inf. ?

ex. Can you climb a tree ? - Yes, I can. - No, I can't.

Notes for parents

. Help your child listen to the words and repeat them.

- ساعد طفلك أن يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددهم.

B. wh-question السؤال بكلمات الاستفهام

question word + can + subject فاعل + inf مصدر الفعل .. ?

ex. • What can you do, Ahmed? • I can run fast.

could / couldn't

Expressing ability and inability in past التعبير عن القدرة وعدم القدرة في زمن الماض

When we talk about something we were / weren't able to do in the past, we use could / couldn't. معنى شىء كنا قادرين أو غير قادرين على القيام به في الماضي. "couldn't" بمعنى استطاع أو "couldn't" بمعنى لا يستطيع.

subject → could / couldnot (couldn't) + inf. مصرر الفعل

ex. • I couldn't take the bus so I had to walk.

Asking about ability in the past السؤال عن القدرة في زمن الماض To make questions, we change the order of the words (to start with could).

لتكوين أسئلة نقوم بتغيير ترتيب كلمات الجملة وتبدأ بـ "Could".

A. yes / No Question ؟ ... السؤال بعضي هل المعالى الم

? مصدر الفعل + inf. الفاعل ?

ex. Could you ride a bike when you were three?
• Yes, I could.
• No, I couldn't.

B. wh-question السؤال بكلمات الاستفهام

question word+ could+ subject فاعل + inf مصدر الفعل + inf ...?

ex. • What could you do when you were little?

· I could swim well.

لاحظان Note

We use (can / can't), (could / couldn't) with the infinitive without "to". "to" مع صيغة المصدر بدون "could / couldn't"، "can / can't".

- ساعد طفلك أن يتحدث عن القدرة وعدم القدرة في زمن المضارع والماضي.

Help your child talk about ability and inability in present and past.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

- 1. Parrots can
 - a. flying
- b. fly

- c. flies d. to fly
- 2. She drive a car. She takes the bus.
- a. can b. can't c. couldn't d. are
- 3. My brother count to 10 when he was two.

 - a. can b. couldn't c. can't
- d. isn't
- 4. Last year, we travel to Africa.

 - a. can b. can't c. could d. were
- 5. I couldn't say anything in German last year, but now I.....
- a. can b. can't c. could
- d. couldn't
- 6. Last year, herun very quickly, but now he can.
- a. can't b. could c. couldn't d. can
- 7. you play the piano when you were a child?
- a. Can b. Could c. Couldn't
- d. Are
- 8. Sorry, I help you with your homework. I'm busy.

- a. can b. can't c. could d. couldn't

Notes for parents

. Ask your child to choose the correct answer.

- اطلب من طفلك أن بختار الاحابة الصحيحة

Lesson

Part 2 The travelers and the tree

Vocabulary



Key vocabulary 🎓 Look and listen. انظر واستمع.



branch of a tree فرع شجرة



shelter مأوس



exhausted مرهق



trunk of a tree جذع شجرة

Extra vocabulary

fable	حكاية رمزية	value	قيمة / مكانة
land	أرض	wide	عريض
famous	مشمور	nuts	مكسرات
rest	استراحة	travelers	مسافرین
country	دولة	trader	
area	منطقة	field	ساحة / حقل
shade	ظل	idea	فكرة
breeze	نسيم	hungry	جائع
useless	عديم الفائدة	ungrateful	ناكر للجميل
comfortable	مريح	probably	محتمل
tired	بحتم	dry	جاف
ooth	كلاهما	meeting point	ملتقي / نقطة الثقاء

- ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصور ويستمع إلى الكلمات.

Help your child look at the pictures and listen to the words.

Conjugation of verbs

Regular

Pre	sent	Past
rest	يستريح	rested
enjoy	يستمتع	enjoyed
save	ينقذ	saved
thank	. يشكر	thanked

Irregular

Pro	esent	Past
give	يعطى	gave
fall	يسقط	fell
wake	يستيقظ	woke
keep	يحفظ	kept

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف حرهامة

- · move across
- · fall asleep
- · look up
- · look around
- · feel sorry
- ىتحرك/ينتقل عير
- يستغرق سريعًا في النوم
 - ينظر لأعلى ينظر حول يشعر بالحزن
- · a meeting point for Jeleillahöi
- · wake up · keep us cool
- ستبقظ تىقىنا باردىن
- · neither of
- أى منهم

Study these definitions

ادرس هذه التعريفات

الكلمة Word	التعريف Definition
a breeze	is a little wind
useless	when something is useless, we can't use it عندما یکون شیء ما عدیم الفائدة، لا نستطیع استخدامه
ungrateful	when someone is ungrateful, they don't thank others for doing something good عندما یکون شخص ما غیر شاکر، لد یشکر الآخرین علی فعل شیء جید
comfortable	when something is comfortable, it's nice to sit on or wear عندما يكون شىء ما مريح، يكون الجلوس عليه أو ارتداؤه لطيفًا
meeting point	is somewhere where people meet هو مکان حیث یلتقی (یتقابل) الناس

نقاط هامة علي نصوص الاستماع و القراءة | Main points on listening and reading texts

- The tree was the only tree in a field. كانت هـ الشجرة الوحيدة فـ الساحة.
- The travelers rested under the tree, where there's some shade.

استراح المسافرين تحت الشجرة، حيث يوجد بعض الظل.

Travelers enjoyed the shade and the cool breeze.

لقد استمتع المسافرين بالظل والنسيم البارد.

• In the end, the travelers were sad about being unkind to the tree. في النهاية، كان المسافرين حزينين لدُّنهم كانوا غير عطوفين على الشجرة.

😭 Listen and read. .أاستمع واقرأ.

The travelers and the tree (by Aesop)

Once there was a very big old tree in a hot, dry land⁽¹⁾. It had lived for many years. Its trunk was very wide and it had many green branches (2). It was famous because it was the only tree where

. Check Vocabulary

أرض (1)

أغصان (2) ماوي (3)

مسافرون (4)

it lived, and it gave shelter(3) and rest to hundreds of travelers(4) as they moved across the country. It was near four towns and many villages in its area and was a meeting point for traders.

المسافرون والشجرة (إيسوب)

ذات يوم كانت هناك شجرة قديمة كبيرة جدًا في أرض حارة وجافة. كانت تعيش منذ سنوات عديدة. كان جذعها عريضًا جدًا وكان لها العديد من الأغصان الخضراء، كانت الشجرة مشهورة لأنها كانت الشجرة الوحيدة في هذا المكان، ولأنها كانت توفر المأوى والراحة لمئات المسافرين أثناء تنقلهم في جميع أنحاء البلاد وكانت بالقرب من أربع مدن والعديد من القرى في منطقتها. وكانت نقطة التقاء التجار.

One day two travelers, who were new to the area, were walking across the field and saw the tree. It was a very hot, dry

- ساعد طفلك أن يستمع ويقرأ القصة.

Help your child listen and read the story.

day and one of them said, "Let's stop under that tree, where there's some shade." "That's a very good idea," said his friend. They rested under the tree and drank some water. They then enjoyed the shade and the cool breeze⁽⁵⁾. As they were exhausted, they soon fell asleep.

Check Vocabulary

- نسيم (5)
- عديم الفائدة (6)
- جاحد/ ناكر للجميل (7)
- مريح (8)

فى أحد الأيام، كان مسافران جديدان فى المنطقة يسيران عبر الحقل ورأوا الشجرة. كان يومًا حارًا وجافًا جدًا». وقال أحدهم، "دعنا نتوقف تحت تلك الشجرة، حيث يوجد بعض الظل. "قال صديقه «أنها فكرة جيدة جدًا». استراحوا تحت الشجرة وشربوا بعض الماء، ثم استمتعوا بالظل والنسيم البارد، ولأنهم كانوا مرهقين، سرعان ما ناموا.

When they woke up, one of the travelers felt hungry. Neither of them had any food in their bags so they looked up at the branches of the tree. "This tree is useless(6)", one of them said. "It has no food for us — there are no nuts or fruit on its branches."
"But it has shade and it's keeping us cool," said the other.

عندما استيقظوا، شعر أحد المسافرين بالجوع. لم يكن لدى أى منهما طعام فى حقائبهم لذا نظروا إلى أغصان الشجرة. قال أحدهم : "هذه الشجرة غير مفيدة. ليس لديها طعام لنا - ليس هناك مكسرات أو فاكهة على أغصانها" قال الآخر، و«لكن بها ظل الذي جعلنا نشعر بالبرودة».

But the tree heard the first traveler's words and it was angry. "How can you be so ungrateful⁽⁷⁾? It said, "You came to me feeling hot and tired. I gave you a cool, comfortable⁽⁸⁾ place to sleep and I probably saved your life. Look, there is no other cool place to sleep near here." The travelers looked around them and saw the tree was correct and felt very sorry.

لكن الشجرة سمعت كلام المسافر الأول وكانت غاضبة. "كيف يمكنك أن تكون ناكر للجميل جدًا؟" قالت الشجرة: "أتيت إلى وأنت تشعر بالحر والتعب. أعطيتك مكانًا رائعًا ومريحًا للنوم وربما أنقذت حياتك. انظر، لا يوجد مكان رائع آخر للنوم بالقرب من هنا". نظر المسافرون حولهم ورأوا أن الشجرة على حق وشعروا بالأسف الشديد.

* The moral of the story

المغزى (الدرس المستفاد من القصة)

- It's important to give value to small things in our lives. من الضرورى أن نعطى قيمة للأشياء الصغيرة في حياتنا.

General Exercises

on Lesson 2

نصوص الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

Listen and write T (Tru	e) or F (False)	7 1 14 14
		T
1. Trees are very impor		
2. Trees give us carbon		
	need oxygen to breathe.	
4. Animals can make t	neir homes in deserts.	
Read and match (A)	В	
1. When something is useless, 2. Can you	with (B). a. important f b. a little wind c. when I was	t.
 When something is useless, Can you Why are trees 	a. important f	two.
1. When something is useless, 2. Can you	a. important f b. a little wind c. when I was	two. e it.

Read the text and answer the questions.

Once, there was a very big old tree in a hot, dry land. It had lived for many years. Its trunk was very wide and it had many green branches. It was famous because it was the only tree where it lived, and it gave shelter and rest to hundreds of travelers as they moved across the country.

One day, two travelers, who were new to the area, were walking across the field and saw the tree. It was a very hot, dry day and one of them said, "Let's stop under that tree, where there's some shade". "That's a very good idea". said his friend.

A. Choose	the	correct	answer	from	α,	b,	cor	d.
-----------	-----	---------	--------	------	----	----	-----	----

	ned word " w	ide" means	************
a. little	b. small	c. big	d. short

2. How was the weather? a. Cool b. Warm	c. Hot	d. Cold
Answer the following ques 3. How was the tree useful	tions. for the travele	rs ?
4. Summarize the first para	igraph in one s	entence.
Reorder the words to ma		entences.
2. were - so - The travelers	– ungrateful.	igiam bile Sci
3. live – the shells – in – Sne		
4. Could - five - you - whe	n – you – swin	ı – were ?
Punctuate the following. 1. why is oxygen important	t for animals	
1. why is oxygen important	RTY (40) wo	
 why is oxygen important bats can hide in the dark Write a paragraph of FC 	ORTY (40) wo	
2. bats can hide in the dark Write a paragraph of FO following guiding elements	ORTY (40) wo ents.	
2. bats can hide in the dark Write a paragraph of FO following guiding elements What could you of Guiding words:	ORTY (40) wo ents.	

Lesson

3

Part 1

▶ CLIL: Science▶ The water cycle



Vocabulary

👚 Listen and repeat. استمع وردد.

Key vocabulary

water vapor	بخار الماء	rainwater	مياه الأمطار
stream	جدول ماء (نهر صغیر)	precipitation	تساقط / مطول
evaporation	عملية التبخر	water cycle	دورة المياه
groundwater	میاه جوفیة	planet Earth	كوكب الأرض
faucet	صنبور ماء	lake	بحيرة

Extra vocabulary

sun	شمس	wind	رياح
clouds	شحب	sky	سماء
ocean	محيط	process	. قيلود
rain	מطر	warm	دافئ
ground	أرض	air	مواء
cooler	أكثر برودة	form	صيغة / شكل
heavier	أثقل وزنًا	smell	ىشو

Conjugation of verbs

Past

called

warmed

formed

changed

started

تصريف الأفعال

Regular

Present

call سمس / بدعی warm شعون form میکون change میغیر / بتغیر start شعر / بندغیر

Irregular

Present become يصبح rise يرتفع fall يسقط

became rose fell

Past

- ساعد طفلك أن يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددهم.

[·] Help your child listen to the words and repeat them.

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

· come from

· in the air

in the sky • in the sky

فت السماء

· go straight into

يذهب مباشرة إلى

· on the ground

على الدُرض

في العواء يتغير مرة أخرى إلى · high up

· change back into

· get cooler يصبح اكثر برودة

Main points on listening and reading texts والقراءة

• Rain falls from the clouds.

يسقط المطر من السحب.

• The sun warms some of the rainwater and it becomes water vapor.

تدفئ الشمس بعضًا من مياه المطر وتتحول إلى بخار ماء.

• The vapor rises and changes into water and forms clouds.

يرتفع البخار ويتحول إلى ماء ويشكل سُحب.

• The clouds get heavier and rain falls again.

تزداد السحاب ثقلًا ويتساقط المطر مرة أخرى.



Pop Quiz on Vocabulary

يقوم التلميذ بأداء تدريب تلقائي على الكلمات السابقة بعد قراءتها

Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d.

- 1. There are many in the sky.
 - a. plants b. clouds c. fruits d. rocks
- 2. My mom boiled water and I saw water
- b. snow
- c. vapor
- d. stone
- 3. When ice gets warm, it into water.
- a travels
- b. changes
- c. talks
- d. walks
- 4. The Earth is the where we live.
 - a. flower
- b. plant
- c. planet
- d. pool

Notes for parents

· Ask your child to choose the correct answer.

- اطلب من طفلك أن يقرأ ويختار الإجابة الصحيحة.



تدرب على ١٨ من قطع الفهم ونصوص الاستماع Ouiz

Where does our water come from?

Rain falls from clouds (1) in the sky. Some rainwater(2) goes straight into the ground. But a lot of it goes into streams (3), rivers, lakes, and then the ocean. This process is called precipitation (4).

Some of the rainwater changes - the sun warms it and it becomes water vapor. This

process is called evaporation(5). We cannot see or smell the water vapor and it doesn't stay on the ground. It rises in the air and, as it gets cooler high up in the sky, it changes back into water and forms clouds. As the clouds become bigger, the water in them gets heavier.

Check Vocabulary

- (1) ulaw
- مياه الأمطار (2)
- مجری / تیار (3)
- تساقط /هطول (4)
- تىخر (5)

When the water in the clouds gets heavier, it falls to the ground, and the cycle starts again.

من أين يأتي لنا الماء؟

المطر يتساقط من السحب في السماء. تذهب بعض مياه الأمطار مباشرة إلى ا لأرض. لكن الكثير منها يذهب إلى الجداول والأنهار والبحيرات ثم المحيط. هذه العملية تسمى تساقط الأمطار، تتغير بعض مياه الأمطار -فالشمس تدفئها وتتحول إلى بخار ماء. هذه العملية تسمى "التبخر". لا يمكننا رؤية أو شم بخار الماء ولا يبقى على الأرض. يرتفع في الهواء، وعندما يصبح أكثر برودة في السماء، يتحول مرة أخرى إلى ماء ويشكل سحب. عندما تكبر السحب، يزداد الماء بداخلها. عندما يزداد وزن الماء في السحب، يسقط على الأرض، وتبدأ الدورة من

Demo	nstrate understandi	ng of details.	ح فهمك للتفاصيل.	وض
LEARN	1. Rain falls from o	clouds in the		
-	a. moon	b. sky	c. sun	d. clouds
PRACTIC	2. The sun	the water	and it becomes water	vapor.
	a. warms	b. cools	c. kills	d. gets

- ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصورة، يستمع ويقرأ النص.

Help your child look at the picture, listen and read the text.

Part 2 > CLIL: Social studies



Vocabulary



Key vocabulary 🎓 Look and listen. انظر واستمع.









تجار traders

Scribes کتبه

artisans حرفیین

nobles النبلاء







فلاحين farmers

Extra vocabulary

Annual Control of the			
Ancient Egyptians	المصريين القدماء	society	مجتمع
person	شخص	closely ·	عن قرب
taxes	ضرائب	kingdom	äSloo
army	جيش	papyrus	نبات البردي
job	وظيفة	chariots	مركبة حربية قديمة
letters	حروف / رسائل	records	سجلات
order	أمر / طلب	jewelry	مجوهرات
materials	مواد	furniture	أثاث
uniform	زی	probably	محتمل
role	دور / وظيفة	ship	سفينة
goods	بضائع		

Notes for parents

Help your child to look at the picture and listen to the words.

- ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصور ويستمع إلى الكلمات.

Conjugation of verbs

Regular

Prese	ent	Past
collect	يجمع	collected
organize	ينظم	organized
train	يتدرب	trained
produce	ينتج	produced

يحكم

Irregular

Pre	sent	Past
read	يقرأ	read
write	يكتب	wrote
buy	یشتری	bought
sell	يبيع	sold
eat	يأكل	ate

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

مسئول عن

- · played important roles in
 - لعب أدوار مهمة في

ruled

- يعمل مع
- · make into

· work with

· look after

rule

- یمتم ب يحول إلى
- · in charge
- · pick out ىنتقى
- · I would like to be (job) أود أن أصبح (مهنة)

Read the jobs description اقرأ وصف الوظائف

الوظيفة Job	الوصف Description	
farmers	They grew the food for every	one. لقد زرعوا الطعام للجميع.
scribes	They wrote everything for th	e people. لقد كتبوا كل شىء للناس.
traders	They bought and sold all the	goods. قاموا بشراء وبيع جميع البضائ
pharaoh	He ruled the country.	حكم البلاد قديمًا.
soldiers	They kept Ancient Egyptians بريين القدماء.	safe. لقد حافظوا على سلامة المص

· Help your child read the jobs description.

- ساعد طفلك أن يقرأ وصف الوظائف.

لعب الكثير من الدُشخاص المختلفين أدوارًا مهمة في المجتمع المصرى القديم.

- Pharaoh was the person in charge. كان الفرعون هو الشخص المسؤول.
- · Soldiers were busy keeping Egypt safe.

كان الجنود مشغولين بالحفاظ على مصر آمنة.

• Farmers produced the food that was eaten by the people.

انتج المزارعون الطعام الذي كان يأكله الناس.

• Traders were the people who bought and sold everything.



Pop Quiz on Vocabulary

يقوم التلميذ بأداء تدريب تلقائي على الكلمات السابقة بعد قراءتها

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

- 1. grow fruit and vegetables.
 - a. Nobles
- b Scribes
- c. Farmers
- d. Doctors
- 2. Our brave help us keep Egypt safe.
- a. scribes b. engineers c. soldiers
- d. traders
- 3. My sister has a lot of beautifullike earrings and necklaces.
 - a. clothes
- b. food
- c. jewelry d. places
- 4. We have new in our house, we bought new beds and tables.
 - a furniture
- b. plants
- c. stars
- d clouds

Notes for parents

· Ask your child to choose the correct answer.

- اطلب من طفلك أن يختار الإجابة الصحيحة.



تدرب على ١٨ من قطع الفهم ونصوص الاستماع

Ancient Egyptian society

Lots of different people played important roles in Ancient Egyptian society. The person in charge was the pharaoh. The pharaoh needed lots of people to help him. He worked closely with nobles (1), and they looked after different things. The nobles collected taxes (2) and organized soldiers.



لعب الكثير من الأشخاص المختلفين أدوارًا مهمة في المجتمع المصري القديم، كان الشخص المسؤول هو الفرعون. احتاج الفرعون إلى الكثير من الأشخاص لمساعدته. لقد عمل عن قرب مع النبلاء، وكانوا يعتنون بأشياء مختلفة. قام النبلاء بجمع الضرائب وتنظيم الجنود.

Check Vocabulary

- نبلاء (1)
- ضرائب (2)
- يحمى يدافع عن (3)
- (4) جيش
- رسائل (5)
- سحلات (6)

Soldiers were busy keeping Egypt safe. As Egypt was such an important and very rich country, the soldiers guarded(3) the kingdom. The army (4) was strong, and the soldiers were good at their jobs.

كان الجنود مشغولين بالحفاظ على مصر آمنة. نظرًا لأن مصر كانت دولة مهمة وغنية جدًا، فقد حمى الجنود المملكة. كان الجيش قويًا والجنود بارعون في وظائفهم.



Scribes were very important because they were usually the only people who could read and write. They trained for about 12 years before they wrote on papyrus. They wrote many different things like letters (5), records (6), and important papers.

. Help your child look at the pictures, listen and read the text.

· ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصور، يستمع ويقرأ النص.

126

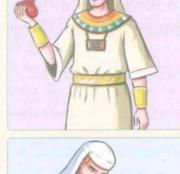
Without the scribes, we would know almost nothing about Ancient Egypt today.

كان الكتبة مهمين للغاية لأنهم عادة ما كانوا الوحيدين الذين يستطيعون القراءة والكتابة. تدربوا حوالى ١٢ عامًا قبل أن يكتبوا على ورق البردى. لقد كتبوا أشياء كثيرة مختلفة مثل الرسائل والسجلات والوثائق المهمة. بدون الكتبة، لم نكن لنعرف أى شيئًا تقريبًا عن مصر القديمة اليوم.



Traders were the people who bought and sold everything in Ancient Egyptian society — food, clothes, jewelry, soldiers' uniforms, ships, and materials for building.

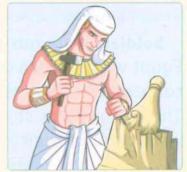
التجار هم الأشخاص الذين اشتروا وباعوا كل شيء في المجتمع المصرى القديم من طعام، ملابس، مجوهرات، زي الجنود، سفن، ومواد بناء.



Artisans took the materials from the traders and made them into things for people to use, like furniture, chariots, and clothes.

أخذ الحرفيون المواد من التجار وجعلوها أشياء ليستخدمها الناس، مثل الأثاث والعربات والملابس.

Farmers produced the food that was eaten by the pharaoh, the nobles, the soldiers, the scribes, the traders, and the artisans.



انتج المزارعون الطعام الذي يتناوله الفرعون والنبلاء والجنود والكتبة والتجار والحرفيون.

Demonst	rate understandin	g of details.	وضح فهمك للتفاصيل.	
LEARN	1. Thea. scribe	needed lots of p	people to help him run t	he country. d. pharaoh
PRACTICE	2. The army was a. strong	b. weak	c. unhappy	d. tidy

General Exercises

• Understand

on Lesson 3 (Parts 1&2) نصوص الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

 Rain falls from the st Some rainwater goes A lot of rainwater go 	straight into the ground.
	rainwater and it becomes
water vapor.	
Listen and complete.	
1. Ramy would like to b	e a
2. A trader can buy and	things.
3. Ahmed would like to	be a
4. A soldier keeps his co	untry
1. Egypt is 2. The water vapor 3. The soldiers 4. Scribes could 5. Where does our	 a. guarded the kingdom. b. water come from? c. water in the ground. d. an important country. e. rises in the air. f. read and write.
Reorder the words to	make correct sentences.
4 1	– and – sell – the.

3. What job	– you –	would - t	:0 do -	like?
-------------	---------	-----------	---------	-------

- Punctuate the following.
 - 1. farmers grow the food for everyone
 - 2. how are the clouds formed
- Write a paragraph of FORTY (40) words using the following guiding elements.

Water cycle

في نهاية

Guiding questions:

- · How are clouds formed?
- · Where does our water come from?

seprenge found exem or come an infine in a

Lesson

Part 1

- ▶ This is so interesting!
- Language Focus

Language Focus

The suffix "- er"

• اللاحقة (- er)

- When we add suffix (-er) to the end of the words to make a noun, this is called a "suffix".

- عندما نضيف (er-) لنهاية الكلمة لجعلها اسم، هذه الإضافة تسمى "لاحقة".

word	noun "person"	word	noun "person" اسم شخص
الكلمة	اسم شخص	الكلمة	
read يقرأ	read <mark>er</mark> قارب	football	footballer
climb يتسلق	متسلق climb <mark>er</mark>	رياضة كرة القدم	لاعب كرة قدم
travel يسافر	مسافر travel <mark>er</mark>	مزرعة farm	مزارع farmer

(-ing) or (-ed) Adjectives:

• صفات تنتهی به (ing) أو (ed) :

- We can add (-ed) or (-ing) to a verb to make an adjective.

يمكننا أضافه (ed-) أو (ing-) للفعل لتحويله إلى صفة.

(I) An adjective that ends in - (ing) describes (what a thing is like).

(١) الصفة التي تنتهي بـ (ing -) تصف كيف يبدو الشئ.

ex. - The film was boring.

- كان الفيلم مملّد.

- History is so interesting.

- التاريخ شيق جدًا.

• تستخدم أيضًا الصفة المنتهية بـ (ing-) لوصف الأشخاص.

ex. - Wael is amazing. We are proud of him.

• وائل شخص رائع. كلنا فخورين به.

(II) An adjective that ends in (- ed) describe (how a person feels about something).

(٢) الصفة التي تنتهي بـ (ed -) تصف (ما يشعر به الشخص تجاه شيء ما).

ex. - Villagers are excited to hear about the plan.

- Young people will be interested in the new businesses.

الحظ أن Note

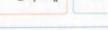
If the verb ends in (-e) we take off the (-e) and add (-ed) or (-ina) • اذا انتهى الفعل بـ (-e) تحذف ويضاف له (-ed) أه (-ing)

Verbs

- · annoy يزعج
- یذهل پدهش · amaze
- · interest یثیر اهتمام
- · tire ىتعب- برهق
- · surprise تفاحئ

Adjectives

- · annoyed annoying ، منزعد مزعج
- · amazing · amazed مندهش مدهش
- · interesting شىق, · interested معتم
- شاق / متعب · tiring tired مُحمد · surprising surprised مفاحئ أ متفاحي



Pop Quiz on Language Focus

يقوم التلميذ بأداء تدريب تلقائى لإتقان القواعد اللغوية

choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

- - a teacher
- b. teaching
- c. teach
- d teaches
- 2. This story is very I won't read it again.
 - a. boring
- b. interesting c. bored
- d interested
- 3. My sister is in unusual homes.
 - a. interested
- b. interest
- c. interesting
- d. interests
- 4. He was, so he went to bed.
 - a. tire
- b. tired
- c. tires
- d. tiring
- 5. Some people think studying insects is
 - a. interested
- b. amazed
- c. interesting d. amaze

Notes for parents

- Help your child learn about the adjective ending with (-ed) or (-ing). . (-ing) أو (-ed) أو (-ed)
- · Ask your child to choose the correct answer.

- اطلب من طفلك أن يختار الإجابة الصحيحة.

Lesson

Part 2 > Pronunciation



🎓 Listen and repeat. استمع وردد.





Learn

/v/ and /w/ are both voiced sounds. This means that if you place your hand on your throat, you can feel the vibration when you say them. - صوتي /٧/ و /w/ كلاهما أصوات منطوقة وهذا يعني انك إذاً وضعت يدك على حلقك، يمكنك أن تشعر بالاهتزاز عندمًا تنطقهم

Help your child listen and repeat the words that have /v/ and /w/ sounds.

- ساعد طفلك أن يستمع ويردد الكلمات التي تحتوي على الأصوات /v/ و /w/.

Audioscript



tisten and read.

استمع واقرأ.

Last Wednesday I decided to travel west in my boat wearing my vest. I was looking for a volcano but I had some problems. I met some whales and they turned over my boat. I had to sit on my violin to stay afloat! I ate watermelon to stay healthy and I came to shore. I didn't find the volcano, but I met some vets and they took me home to my village!

يوم الأربعاء الماضي، قررت السفر إلى الغرب بقاربي مرتديًا سترتي. كنت ابحث عن بركان ولكن واجهت بعض المشكلات. قابلت بعض الحيتان وقاموا بقلب قاربي. وكنت مضطر أن اجلس على آلة الكمان الخاصة بي حتى ابقى عائمًا! أكلت ثمرة البطيخ حتى أبقى بصحة جيدة ووصلت إلى الشاطئ. لم أجد البركان ولكني تقابلت مع بعض الأطباء البيطرين وأخذوني إلى ببتي في قريتي.



Pop Quiz on Phonics

I isten, look and write the missing sound.

1.	2.	3.
– iolin	– est	– atermelon
4.	5.	6.
– hales	– heel	– et

Notes for parents

- . Help your child to listen and read the text
- ساعد طفلك أن يستمع ويقرأ النص.
- Ask your child to listen, look and write the missing sound. . اطلب من طفلك أن يستمع، ينظر إلى الصور ويكتب الصوت الناقص.

- Writing
- **▶** Project

Vocabulary

🎓 Listen and repeat. استمع وردد.

Key vocabulary

dugong	حيوان الأطوم / بقرة البحر	sea cow	حيوان بقرة البحر
sea bed	قاع البحر	grasslands habitat	ىية عشية
unusual	غیر عادی / استثنائی	chart	رسم توضیحی
nickname	لقب		0.77

Extra vocabulary

email	رسالة بريد إلكتروني	favorite	الأراب
polar	قطبى	lovely	محبوب / جميل
cute	جذاب / لطيف	grass	عشب
headings	عناوین رئیسیة	infographic	رسم بیانی توضیحی عن معلومات
team	فريق		

Conjugation of verbs

تصريف الدفعال

Regular

PF	e	S	e	n	ť	
					Tank !	

Past talk talked ىتحدث hope hoped يأمل

Irregular

Pres	Past	
see	یری	saw
spend	يقضى	spent
let	يترك	let

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

- · hear about
- · All the best,
- · from around the world
- · expand on it

- يسمع عن کل خیر
- من جميع أنحاء العالم
 - يتوسع فيه
- · See you soon!
- أراك قريبًا! · Just a quick note
 - محرد ملاحظة سريعة
- write back يكتب رد على الرسالة
- thanks for شكرًا على

- ساعد طفلك أن يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددهم.

Help your child listen to the words and repeat them.

😭 Look, listen and read. أنظر، استمع وأقرأ.

From: Amir

To:

Tamer Subject: Unusual animals

Dear Tamer.

Thanks for your email⁽¹⁾. How are things? It was really interesting to hear about the sports you like. I love basketball, and I play on a team(2) once a week. This week we're talking a lot about unusual animals at school. We looked at animals from around the world and some from Egypt. My favorite unusual animal from Egypt is the dugong - can you see the photo? I think it's got a lovely friendly face and it's very cute! Its nickname⁽³⁾ is the sea cow and it spends many hours eating grass from the sea bed⁽⁴⁾ every day.

What about you? What's your favorite unusual animal? Write back and let me know.

Hope to hear from you soon!

Amir

Check Vocabulary

- رسالة بريد إلكتروني (1)
- فرىق (2)
- لقب (3)
- قاع البحر (4)



عزیزی تامر:

شكرًا على إرسالك رسالة البريد الإلكتروني. كيف حالك ؟ كان من الممتع حقًّا أن أسمع عن الرياضات التي تحيها. أنا أحب كرة السلة وألعب في فريق مرة واحدة في الأسبوع. نتحدث هذا الأسبوع كثيرًا عن الحيوانات غير العادية في المدرسة. بحثنا عن حيوانات من جميع أنحاء العالم وبعضها من مصر. الحيوان الغير تقليدي المفضل لدي من مصر هو الأطوم - هل يمكنك رؤية الصورة ؟ أعتقد أنه يتمتع بوجه ودود جميل وهو لطيف للغاية! لقبه هو بقرة البحر ويقضى ساعات طويلة في أكل العشب من قاع البحر كل يوم. وماذا عنك؟ ما هو حيوانك المفضل غير التقليدي؟ اكتب لي مرة أخرى واخبرني. أتمنى أن أسمع منك قريبًا!

Writing skill

Writing an email كتابة بريد إلكترونى

Tips to write an email خطوات کتابة برید إلکترونی

- 1. Begin your email with Dear or Hi and the person's name. ابدأ بريدك الدلكترونى بـ عزيزى أو مرحبًا واسم الشخص.
- 2. Say why you are writing. Use phrases like Just a quick note and Thanks for writing to me.
 - قل سبب كتابتك. استخدم عبارات مثل "مجرد ملاحظة سريعة" و"شكرًا لك على مراسلتى".
- 3. Give one idea in a paragraph and expand on it look how Amir mentions the dugong, then describes it. أعط فكرة واحدة في فقرة اعرضها بتوسع - انظر كيف يذكر أمير حيوان الأطوم ثم يصفه.
- 4. When writing to a friend, you can use informal language, e.g. words like awesome and cool, contractions like I'm, and phrases like How's life? and How are things?

عند الكتابة إلى صديق يمكنك استخدام لغة غير رسمية. على سبيل المثال كلمات مثل عظيم، رائع، واختصارات مثل أنا وعبارات مثل كيف هي الحياة ؟ وكيف تسير الأمور ؟

5. End your email with phrases like Write soon, Hope to hear from you soon, See you soon, All the best, or Bye for now, and then your name.

اختم بريدك الدلكترونى بعبارات مثل : اكتب لى قريبًا، اتمنى أن اسمع عنك قريبًا أراك قريبًا، أتمنى لك كل خير، أو إلى اللقاء الدّن ثم اسمك.

- Help your child look at the picture, listen and read the email. - ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصورة، يستمع ويقرأ رسالة البريد الإلكتروني.

- ساعد طفلك أن يتعرف على كيفية كتابة رسالة بريد الكتروني.

Help your child identify how to write an email.

اقرأ وتعلم. Read and learn.

A How to write an email.

From:	البريد الإلكتروني للمرسل
To:	البريد الإلكتروني للمرسل إليه
Subject :	موضوع الرسالة
Dear /	اسم المرسل إليه + Hi
	iction: القدمة
	main part
	الجزء الرئيسي
	See you soon : conclusion الخاتمة
signatu	See you soon : conclusion الخاتمة

Pop Quiz on writing

تدريب تلقائي للتقان مهارة الكتابة (البريد الإلكتروني)

★ Write an email of (30 – 40) words to your friend about your favorite animal. Your email address is tarek@gmail.com. Your friend's email address is mohsen@gmail.com.

From:		- Legged			
To: Subject:				 in the second	
Subject .				SIBINI	
Same United					
*					
	·				
L				-	

General Exercises on Lessons 5&6

Understand	Apply	• Create		و الكتاب
1 Listen a	nd write T	(True) or F	(False).	-
 The di It lives It eats 	igong is a s all his lif	marine an e in water. m the sea l	imal.	
Read an	d match	(A) with (B).	
3. Ahmed 4. Sea co	igong is m I sends a		a. about wildlife. b. dugong's nicki c. football. d. favorite unusu e. photo to Hazei f. friendly sea an	al animal. n.
			f. friendly sea an e correct sentences.	imals.
		ll – <u>I</u> – on –		
2. a lovel	y – The du	i <mark>gong</mark> – go	t – face – has – friendly	
3. email -	- for – <u>Tha</u>	nks – your	•	
4. from –	soon – he	ar – to – <u>H</u>	lope – you.	
Punctuat	e the follo	owing.		
1. what's				
2. what d	oes the sec	a cow eat		

TEST YOUR SKILLS

My favorite animal



If you got on you need to revise the unit again on the next page.

قم بتقييم نفسك بالعلامات الموضحة وإذا حصلت على فغير جيد قم بمراجعة الوحدة مرة أخرى في الصفحة التالية.

M		B 1 7	100	a T	a 1 a	
		- 4	-	ъ.	- 4	

قياس مدى إتقان المفردات اللغوية

Read and write the meaning.

اقرأ واكتب المعنى.

A.	chess	S
	exhausted	
	rainwater	-
	water cycle	
	wheel	

طائر البطريق	3
مشهور	
مسافرين	
جدول (نهر صغیر)	
جبل	

My Reading

2 Read ar	nd tick (the correct	answer
نيحة .	جابة الصد	علامة (🗸) للإ	قرأ وضع

1.	Α		flies	at ni	ght and
	sleeps	upside	dow	n on	trees.

1	1	h	0+
()	U	ul

-	£ .		
()	kang	aro	0
	raity	ui o	U
	-		

/ 1 0 1 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2. A	breeze	is	а	little			
---	------	--------	----	---	--------	--	--	--

1	12301		J
()	W	ιr	ıa
	VV	r.	LUL

1	
(water
1	MACCEL

My Writing

Write an e-mail of FORTY (40) words about "Ancient Egyptian society". Your e-mail address is sara@yahoo.com. Your friend's email address is ola@gmail.com.

To:	
Subject :	
o. – I – III	
in to the	

) قم بتلوين الدائرة باللون المناسب لمستواك.

Review on unit 9



favorite animal

can / can't

- I can play basketball.
- I can't speak Italian.
- Can you play tennis?

could / couldn't

- I couldn't speak French when I was three.
- I could take the bus so I arrived early.
- Could you ride a bike when you were three ?

- Farmers grow the food for everyone.
- Scribes wrote everything for the people.
- Traders bought and sold all the goods in Ancient Egypt.
- The pharaoh was the ruler in Ancient Egypt.

Help your child review unit 9.

- ساعد طفلك في مراجعة الوحدة التاسعة.

SKILLS

My favorite animal



If you got o you need to revise the unit again on the next page.
قم بتقييم نفسك بالعلامات الموضحة وإذا حصلت على فغير جيد قم بمراجعة الوحدة مرة أخرى في الصفحة التالية.

My Dictation

قياس مدى إتقان المفردات اللغوية

Read and write the meaning.

اقرأ واكتب المعنى.

A.	chess	
	exhausted	
	rainwater	
	water cycle	
	wheel	

طريق	طائر البد
THE STATE	مشهور
	مسافرير
عر صغیر)	جدول (نم
	جبل

My Reading

2	Read	and tie	ck (v)	the	correc	answ	er.
					علامة (
4	۸		£	line	at nia	h+ an	4

1.	Α		flies	at	ni	ght	and
	sleeps	upside	dow	n (on	tree	s.

-	-	
1	1	hat
(1	Dul
/		

	kangaro	_
()	kanaaro	n
/	icai igai o	v

2. A breeze is	s a	little	
----------------	-----	--------	--

-		
0	1	wind
1	1	AACICOC

14/1	7101
VVC	rrei
	VVC

My Writing

Write an e-mail of FORTY (40) words about "Ancient Egyptian society". Your e-mail address is sara@yahoo.com. Your friend's email address is ola@gmail.com.

From:	and the second second
To:	*
Subject :	
	The Land Street Street Street

) قم بتلوين الدائرة باللون المناسب لمستواك.

Review on unit 9





My favorite animal

can / can't

- I can play basketball.
- I can't speak Italian.
- Can you play tennis?

could / couldn't

- I couldn't speak French when I was three.
- I could take the bus so I arrived early.
- Could you ride a bike when you were three ?

- Farmers grow the food for everyone.
- Scribes wrote everything for the people.
- Traders bought and sold all the goods in Ancient Egypt.
- The pharaoh was the ruler in Ancient Egypt.



· Help your child review unit 9.

- ساعد طفلك في مراجعة الوحدة التاسعة.

Skills



هذا الجزء يمكنك من ربط الكلمات التي درستها بجمل ليساعدك على التمكن من مهارة القراءة والكتابة

1 Reading & writing skills :

Topic	Guiding words	Sentences
Animals	snail - shell	A snail lives in the gardens. It has a shell.
	kangaroo - jumps	A kangaroo jumps on two legs.
	ice - snow	A penguin lives on ice and snow. It's black and white.
	colorful	A parrot is very colorful. It lives in the rainforest.
	lion - strong	A lion is very strong.
	rain - clouds	Rain falls from clouds in the sky.
cle	rainwater - ground	Some rainwater goes straight into the ground.
Water cycle	warm - vapor	The sun warms the rainwater and it becomes water vapor.
Wa	see - smell	We cannot see or smell the water vapor.
	water - heavier	When the water in the clouds gets heavier, it falls to the ground
iety	soldiers - safe	Soldiers were busy keeping Egypt safe.
Ancient Egyptian society	guarded	The soldiers guarded the kingdom in ancient Egypt.
gyptia	army - strong	The army was strong.
ent E	scribes - read	Scribes were the only people who could read and write.
And	traders - bought	Traders were the people who bought and sold everything.
	unusual - animal	My favorite unusual animal from Egypt is the dugong.
nusual	lovely - face	The dugong has got a lovely friendly face.
_	cute	The dugong is very cute.
My favorite u anima	nickname - sea cow	The dugong's nickname is the sea cow.
My	spend - sea bed	The dugong spends many hours eating grass from the sea bed every day.

Sentence Building

100

تدرب على كيفية تكوين جملة

2. How to make a sentence:

۲. تعلم کیف تکون جملة

- 1. had day out yesterday I a wonderful.
- الجمل الخبرية
- 2. run couldn't a baby was he when My cousin.

فعل	. باقى الجملة
	. باقی اجمله
	ALC LURS
	فعل

1. healthy - to - Eat - food - strong - stay.

الجمل الأمرية

2. tree - that - under - Don't - stop.

	Don't	مصدر الفعل	. باقى الجملة
1			. 000
2	Don't	TARLET -	

الجمل الاستفهامية

(أ) السؤال بـ (كلمة استفهام .. ؟)

- 1. you What did birds see ?
- 2. angry the was Why teacher ?

	كلمة الاستفهام	فعل مساعد	فاعل	فعل أساسي	? باقى السؤال
1				3	: باقی السوال
2				*	

(ب) السؤال بـ (هل .. ؟)

- 1. you Could speak French?
- 2. your brother Is bored ?

فعل مساعد	فاعل	فعل أساسي	? باقى السؤال
1			. باقتی استوال
2			

Writing skills:

٣. تعتبر مهارة الكتابة من المهارات الأساسية للتعبير عن فكرة أو موضوع لذا يجب استخدام جمل وأفكار مترابطة. قم بقراءة هذه الجمل لتساعدك على التعامل مع مهارة الكتابة (٢٤ جملة).

Your favorite animal

I like wildlife animals (1). My favorite animal is the penguin (2). It lives on ice and snow (3). It's black and white (4). It can swim (5). It can't flu (6).

A wildlife park

I went to the new wildlife park (7). It was awesome (8). The kangaroos were interesting (9). The penguins were in a special place inside (10). The parrots were so beautiful and they could talk (11). We could see the lions through the trees (12).

Water Vapor

We cannot see or smell the water vapor (13). It doesn't stay on the ground (14). It rises in the air and gets cooler high up in the sky (15). It changes back into water and forms clouds (16). As the clouds become bigger, the water in them gets heavier (17). When the water in the clouds gets heavier, it falls to the ground and the cycle starts again (18).

4 Ancient Egyptian society

The person in charge was the pharaoh (19). Soldiers were busy keeping Egypt safe⁽²⁰⁾. Scribes were very important because they were usually the only people who could read and write (21). Traders were the people who bought and sold everything in Ancient Egyptian society (22). Artisans took the materials from the traders, and made them into things for people to use (23). Farmers produced the food that was eaten (24).

Test on Unit 9

 Listen and write T (True) o We can smell the water vap Water vapor stays on the g Water vapor forms clouds. When the water in the clouto the ground. 	oor.
Listen and complete. 1. Artisans took the	from the traders.
3produced the foo	ials into things for people to use. od that was eaten by the pharaoh who bought and sold everything.
Read and match (A) with (B 1. They went to 2. The penguin is 3. What birds 4. I'm doing a 5. Could you play football	a. did you see? b. project at school. c. when you were four? d. can fly. e. a black and white bird. f. a wildlife park.

A Read the text and answer the questions.

Lots of different people played important roles in the Ancient Egyptian society. Soldiers were busy keeping Egypt safe. As Egypt was such an important and very rich country. The soldiers guarded the kingdom. The army was strong and the soldiers were good at their jobs.

Scribes were very important because they were usually the only people who could read and write. They wrote many different things like letters, records, and important papers.

Without the scribes, we would know almost nothing about Ancient Egypt today.

A. choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d.

- 1. The text is mainly about in ancient Egypt.
- a. writing b. jobs c. food d. materials
- 2. The underlined word "guarded" can be replaced by
 - b. took c. trained a. bought d. protected

B. Answer the following questions.

- 3. Why were the soldiers very important?
- 4. Summarize the second paragraph in one sentence.

Reorder the words to make correct sentences.

- 1. friendly very has a She face.
- 2. science interested I in very am.
- 3. society was Egyptian amazing Ancient The
- 4. is unusual What your animal favorite?

Punctuate the following.

- 1. the kangaroos live in Australia
- 2. what did you see at the wildlife park

Write a paragraph of FORTY (40) words using the following guiding elements.

What job would you like in Ancient Egypt?

Guiding questions:

- · Why do you like this job? • What did they do in this job?

REVIEW

General Revision on Units 7,889

التقييمات الشهرية في كراسة المعاصر التفاعلية

Review on Unit 7

Vocabulary











cushion







reed mat

Pronunciation

double "e"

gate



محاب عنه في نهاية الكتاب





cheese











spoon

school

double "o"

Language

prefix un-

- He looks unhappy.
- The armchair is very uncomfortable.

Past simple Tense

- I visited her house when I was five.
- He loved living in his grandmother's apartment as a child.

Review on Unit 8

Vocabulary









sore throat

toothache ankle

glacier

ocean



sunscreen



pills



bandage

Pronunciation

/f/ sound



frog







scarf









/v/ sound





television

Language

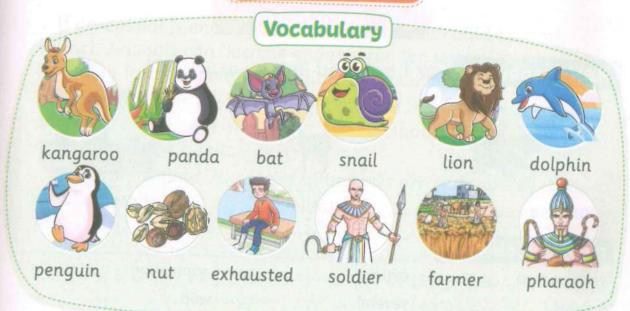
have with possessions

I have a headache. She has a stomachache. Do you have an earache?

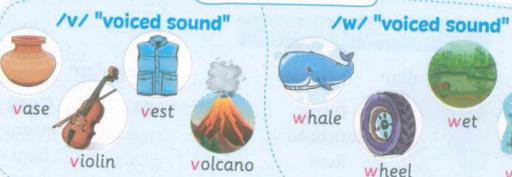
prefix

Tarek is an irresponsible person. The bridge is unsafe.

Review on Unit 9



Pronunciation







wet

Language

can / can't

- I can speak English.
- I can't pick up that box.
- Can you climb a tree ?
- Yes, I can. No, I can't.

could / couldn't

- I could fly a kite.
- I couldn't take the bus so I had to walk.
- Could you ride a bike when you were three ?
- Yes, I could. No, I couldn't.

NON-FICTION READER

Are there endangered animals in Egypt?



Vocabulary

Key vocabulary









سلحفاة صغيرة tortoise

غزالة gazelle

desert صحراء

Extra vocabulary

endangered	مهدد بالخطر	منقرض extinct	population	تعداد السكان
habitat	موطن	عديدة several	wild	بری
reason	سبب	poaching الصيد الجائر	speed	سرعة
pet	حيوان أليف	herbivores (نباتی) أكلة الأعشاب	species	أنواع

Conjugation of verbs

تصريف الأفعال

Regular

Present		Past
destroy	يدمر	destroyed lived
live	یعیش	tived.

Irregular

Present		Past
mean	يعنى	meant
hunt	يصطاد	hunt
keep	يحافظ	kept

🚖 Study these definitions. ادرس هذه التعريفات.

Word الكلمة	التعريف Definition	
extinct (adj)	if something is extinct, it no longer exists إذا انقرض شئ، لم يعد موجودًا	
habitat (n)	the place an animal or plant lives مكان حيث يعيش الحيوان أو النبات	

Notes for parents

. Help your child look at the pictures and listen to the words.

ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصور ويستمع إلى الكلمات.

🎓 Look, listen and read. انظر، استمع واقرأ.

If an animal is endangered, it means that it could become extinct. Animals can become endangered for several reasons including loss of habitat, pollution, and poaching.

It's our responsibility to protect all wild animals because we share the Earth with them! Our actions shouldn't hurt wild animals or their habitats.

In Egypt, around 70 species of animals are endangered. Let's look at two of them :

إذا تعرض حيوان ما للخطر، فهذا يعنى أنه يمكن أن ينقرض. يمكن أن تصبح الحيوانات مهددة بالانقراض لعدة أسباب بما في ذلك فقدان الموطن، التلوث والصيد الجائر.

أنها مسؤليتنا أن نحمى كل الحيوانات البرية لإننا نتشارك الأرض معهم! لا ينبغى أن نؤذى بأفعالنا الحيوانات البرية أو مواطنها.

في مصر، هناك حوالي ٧٠ نوعًا من الحيوانات مهددة بالانقراض. لنلق نظرة على اثنين منهم :

Egyptian tortoise

Facts

Population: 7,470

Can live up to : 50 years

Length: 14.4 cm

Weight: 160 - 350 g

Top speed: up to 8 kms per hour

Diet: plants and leaves



السلحفاة المصرية:

التعداد: ۷٬٤۷۰

تستطيع العيش حتى عمر: ٥٠ سنة

الطول: ١٤،٤ سم

الوزن: ١٦٠ - ٣٥٠ جرام

السرعة القصوى: تصل إلى ٨ كم في الساعة

النظام الغذائي : النباتات والأوراق

- ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصورة، يستمع ويقرأ النص.

[·] Help your child look at the picture, listen to and read the text.

Dorcas gazelle

Facts

Population: 1,000 – 2,000 Can live up to: 15 years Length: 90 – 100 cm

Weight: 15 - 20 kg

Top speed: up to 96 kms per hour

Diet: plants and leaves



غزال دوركاس : التعداد : ١٠٠٠ - ٢٠٠٠ تستطيع العيش حتى عمر : ١٥ سنة الطول : ٩٠ - ١٠٠ سم الوزن : ١٥ - ٢٠ كجم السرعة القصوى : تصل إلى ٩٦ كم في الساعة النظام الغذائي : النباتات والأوراق

The Egyptian tortoise is one of the smallest tortoises in the world. It lives in the desert areas of Egypt and Libya. However, the Egyptian tortoise is now endangered. This is because its habitat has been destroyed, but also because people take them from the wild to keep as pets.

Dorcas gazelles live in the Sahara and Negev deserts. They are herbivores — this means they only eat leaves and plants. Dorcas gazelles are nearly extinct for two main reasons: firstly, people hunt them for their meat and skin. Secondly, more and more people are using their habitat for farming and building.

تعتبر السلحفاة المصرية واحدة من أصغر السلاحف في العالم. تعيش في المناطق الصحراوية في مصر وليبيا. ومع ذلك، فإن السلحفاة المصرية مهددة الآن. هذا بسبب تدمير موطنها، ولكن أيضًا لأن الناس يأخذونها من البرية للاحتفاظ بها كحيوانات أليفة. تعيش غزال دوركاس في الصحراء الكبرى وصحاري النقب. هم من الحيوانات العاشبة - وهذا يعني أنهم يأكلون الأوراق والنباتات فقط. قاربت غزال دوركاس على الانقراض لسببين رئيسين : أولًا، يصطادهم الناس من أجل لحومهم وجلدهم. ثانيًا يستخدم المزيد والمزيد من الناس موطنهم للزراعة والبناء.

Theme 4

Being responsible







Let's visit Egypt مصر نزور مصر



، التَقْييمات الشَّهْرِيةَ فَي كَراسَـةَ المَّعَاصِرِ التَّفَاعِلِيةَ.

. Test your skills في نهاية الوحدة. . Reading and Writing Skill في نهاية الوحدة. « تحريبات للأزهر الشريف في نهاية الكتاب.

لإتقان الوحدة

Aims of unit ten:

In this unit I will

- listen, read, research, and write about places in a town.
 - أستمع، أقرأ، أبحث، وأكتب عن الأماكن في مدينة.
- practice using the imperative to tell someone to do or not to do something and to give directions.
- أتدرب على استخدام صيغة الأمر لإخبار شخص بفعل شيٌّ أو نهيه عن فعل شيٌّ. practice using questions and short answers.
- أتدرب على استخدام الأسئلة والإجابات القصيرة.

الأهداف العامة للوحدة العاشرة :

في هذه الوحدة سوف.....

- read and say words with diphthongs.
 - أقرأ وأقول كلمات بأصوات مزدوجة.
- · estimate with mental math.
 - أستنتج باستخدام الحساب الذهني
- write a paragraph about my town.
- أكتب فقرة إنشائية عن مدينتي. · make a poster about my perfect town.

- أصنع ملصق عن مدينتي المثالية.

Lesson

▶ We love Alexandria!



Vocabulary

Key vocabulary



mand repeat. استمع وردد.

mint	ولندن	originally	في الأصل
local cuisine	مأكولات محلية (شعبية)	vacation	أجازة
monument	اثر	tourist	سائح

Places

أماكن

restaurant	مطعم	roof garden	حديقة على السطح
store	متجر مالا مالاستانا	hotel	فندق
market	سوق	supermarket	سوبر مارکت
museum	متحف	town	مدينة صغيرة
beach	شاطئ	shopping mall	مركز تسوق
bank	بنك	station	محطة
factory	مصنع	square	میدان
library	مكتبة		

Extra vocabulary

sweet	حلو المذاق	ingredients	مقادير
shopping	التسوق	friendly	gcgc gcgc
lovely	جميل	population	تعداد السكان
mix	خليط	culture	ثقافة
modern	حديث	traditions	تقاليد
relaxing	مريح	Barcelona	برشلونه (مدينة في أسبانيا)
Germany	دولة ألمانيا	England	انجلترا
traditional	تقلیدی	Link names	

. Help your child listen to the words and repeat them.

- ساعد طفلك أن يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددهم.

· Fayoum is the oldest town in Egypt. Archaeologists think it is more than 7,000 years old.

- الفيوم هي أقدم مدينة في مصر. يعتقد علماء الآثار أن عمرها أكثر من ٧٠٠٠ سنة.

Conjugation of verbs

تصريف الأفعال

Regular

Trregular

sent	Past
یزور یذکر یمتلك یقدم طعام ینتقل یدردش	visited reminded owned served moved chatted
	یزور یذکر یمتلك یقدم طعام ینتقل

I FILIFIE		TOOLODE
think	يفكر	thought
spend u	يقضه	spent
find	يجد	found
	12.0	

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

 spend ages 	يقضى وقت طويلًا	• prefer to	يفضل أن
· chat to	یدردش مع	 on vacation 	فى عطلة
 near the sea 	بالقرب من البحر	 walk around 	يتجول
· remind me of	يذكرنى ب	• mix of	خلیط من
 borrow books 	يستعير كتب	 take the train 	يستقل القطار
 at the station 	فى المحطة	 turn into clothes 	يتحول إلى ملدبس
· show around	يأخذ شخص فى جولة	• find out	يكتشف

نقاط هامة علي نصوص الاستماع و القراءة Main points on listening and reading texts

- · Jens is visiting Alexandria from Germany,
 - يزور چينز مدينة الدسكندرية وهو من ألمانيا.
- · Jens loves sitting in the roof garden of the hotel.
 - يحب جينز الجلوس في حديقة سطح الفندق.
- · Hanan owns a restaurant in Alexandria.
 - تمتلك حنان مطعم في الدسكندرية.
- The restaurant serves traditional Egyptian food.
 - يقدم المطعم أطعمة مصرية تقليدية.
- · Kira and Lena love shopping in Alexandria.
 - تحب كيرا ولينا التسوق في الدسكندرية.
- · Karim is originally from Cairo. - كريم من القاهرة في الأصل.
- · Paulo likes Alexandria because it reminds him of home.
 - يحب باولو الدسكندرية لدُّنها تذكره بوطنه.



Pop Quiz on Vocabulary

يقوه التلميذ بأداء تدريب تلقائي على الكلمات السابقة بعد قراءتها

d. salt

choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d.

- 1. I like to drink tea with a. stone b. rock c. mint
- 2. We had lunch at an Italian yesterday.
 - a. museum b. store c. market d. restaurant
- 3. I usually go to to read my favorite books.
- a. hospital b. library c. bank d. market

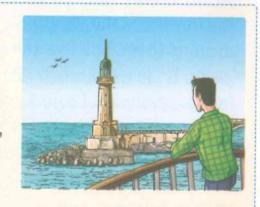


took and read.

انظر واقرأ.

Why we love Alexandria!

Alexandria is a really exciting place to visit. There's a lot to see and do here! It's a big city with lots of amazing restaurants, stores, markets. and museums. There's even a beach! We asked some people who live there and tourists what they think ...



- الإسكندرية مكان مثير حقًّا للزيارة. هناك الكثير لرؤيته والقيام به هنا! إنها مدينة كبيرة بها الكثير من المطاعم والمتاجر والأسواق والمتاحف الرائعة. حتى أن هناك شاطئًا! سألنا بعض السكان يعيشون هناك والسياح عن رأيهم.

Jens: I'm visiting Alexandria from Germany. I think it's really cool here. I think there are some good museums, but I haven't been to any yet. I love just sitting in the roof garden of my hotel, drinking sweet Egyptian mint tea and chatting to other people. It's very relaxing.

- چينس : أزور الإسكندرية من ألمانيا. أعتقد أن المكان رائع حقًا هنا. أعتقد أن هناك بعض المتاحف الجيدة، لكنني لم أزور أي منهم بعد. أحب مجرد الجلوس في حديقة سطح الفندق الذي أقيم فيه، وشرب شاى النعناع المصرى الحلو والدردشة مع الآخرين. هذا مريح للغاية.

[·] Ask your child choose the correct answer.

[·] Help your child look at the picture and read the text.

⁻ اطلب من طفلك أن يختار الإجابة الصحيحة. - ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصورة ويقرأ النص.

Hanan: I've lived in Alexandria all my life. I own a restaurant here so I have to say that you must visit my restaurant to try some of the local cuisine. We serve traditional Egyptian food using lovely fresh local ingredients. We have excellent supermarkets, but I prefer to buy my ingredients at the market in the old town.

- حنان : عشت فى الإسكندرية طوال حياتى. أنا أملك مطعمًا هنا، لذا يجب أن أقول إنه يجب عليك زيارة مطعمى لتجربة بعض المأكولات المحلية. نحن نقدم طعام مصرى تقليدى باستخدام المكونات المحلية الطازجة الجميلة. لدينا محلات سوبر ماركت ممتازة، لكننى أفضل. شراء المكونات الخاصة بى من السوق فى البلدة القديمة.

Kira and Lena: We're from a small town in England. The stores aren't very good there. That's what we love most about Alexandria – the shopping malls! We spend ages walking around them. We like the people. They are so friendly!

- كيرا ولينا : نحن من بلدة صغيرة في إنجلترا. المتاجر ليست جيدة هناك. هذا أكثر ما نحبه في الإسكندرية - مراكز التسوق! نقضي وقت طويلا في التجول فيهم. نحن نحب الناس. هم ودودون جدًا!

Karim: I'm Egyptian, originally from Cairo. I moved to Alexandria last year and I love it here. I work in a bank. My favorite place is the beach — there isn't one in Cairo! It can get very hot here in summer, so it's great to go there and swim.

- كريم : أنا مصرى من القاهرة. انتقلت إلى الإسكندرية العام الماضى واحب المكان. هنا. أنا أعمل فى بنك. المكان المفضل لدى هو الشاطئ - لا يوجد شاطئ فى القاهرة ! يمكن أن يكون الجو حارًا جدًا هنا فى الصيف، لذلك من الرائع الذهاب إلى شاطئ والسباحة.

Paulo: I'm on vacation here from Barcelona. I like Alexandria because it reminds me of home — a big, modern city near the sea. I love the mix of modern and old buildings. Also, I like to find out about the culture and traditions. The library is amazing!

باولو: أنا في إجازة هنا من برشلونة. أحب الإسكندرية لأنها تذكرني بالمنزل - مدينة كبيرة وحديثة بالقرب من البحر. أنا أحب مزيج المباني الحديثة والقديمة. كما أحب التعرف على الثقافة والتقاليد. المكتبة رائعة !

General Exercises

on Lesson

نصوص الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

	• create
.6	Listen and write T (True) or F (False). 1. Omar is from Cairo. 2. Omar moved to Alexandria last month. 3. Omar works in a hospital. 4. It's great to go to the beach and swim there.
.6	Read and match (A) with (B).
	 1. Why do you 2. I moved to 3. She buys fruits 4. I prefer to 5. The restaurant serves a. chatting with her. b. go to the beach. c. traditional Egyptian food. d. love Alexandria? e. at the market. f. Cairo last week.
•6	Read the text and answer the questions.
	Alexandria is a really exciting place to visit. There's a lot to see and do here! It's a big city with lots of amazing restaurants, stores, markets and museums. There's even a beach! My friend is visiting Alexandria from Germany. He thinks it's really cool here. He thinks there are some good museums. He loves just sitting in the roof garden of his hotel, drinking sweet Egyptian mint tea and chatting to other people. It's very relaxing.
	A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d. 1. My friend likes drinking mint tea in the garden. a. museum b. roof c. park d. market
	2. The underlined word "exciting" means

- 3. Summarize the first paragraph in one sentence.
- 4. Give one reason why the writer's friend likes to visit Alexandria.
- Reorder the words to make correct sentences.
 - 1. in Egypt town Fayoum is the oldest.
 - 2. from My Barcelona is friend.
 - 3. a big There's in station my town.
 - 4. your is place favorite What?
- Punctuate the following.
 - 1. i want to borrow some books
 - 2. Who is from alexandria
- 6 Write a paragraph of FORTY (40) words using the following guiding elements.

A visit to Alexandria

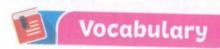
Guiding questions:

- When did you go to Alexandria?
- What are the most exciting places in Alexandria?

Lesson

2

Let's find out!



mand repeat. استمع وردد.

Key vocabulary

evidence	دليل	monuments	آثار
paintings	رسومات / لوحات	hieroglyphics	اللغة الهيروغليفية
tomb		artifacts	قطع أثرية – مصنوعات يدوية
pharaoh	فرعون	true	حقیقی - صحیح

Extra vocabulary

facts	حقائق	water carriers	حاملات المياه (اواني)
clearly	بوضوح	The state of the s	علامات
structure	بنية / ميكل	buildings	مبانی
scene	مشمد	walls	جدران
symbols	رموز	daily life	الحياة اليومية
statue	تمثال	information	معلومات
papyrus	ورق البردي	occasion	مناسبة
pictures	صور	event	حدث

Conjugation of verbs

Past

تصريف الدفعال

Regular

Present

في نهاية

exist يوجد existed bury يدفن buried celebrate يحتفل celebrated die يموت died

Irregular

Present Past

يظهر/يبين	showed
يتعلم	learnt
يبنت	built
يعلم / يدرس	taught
	یتعلم یبنی

ساعد طفلك أن يستمع إلى الكلمات وبرددهم.

Help your child listen to the words and repeat them.

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

· tell ... about

learn about • ا تخبر ... عن

يتعلم عن



ادرس هذه الكلمات. . Study these words

الكلمة Word	Meaning visal	
monument	a building or statue	مبنی أو تمثال
evidence	facts that show something is true الحقائق التى تظهر أن شىء ما صحيحًا	
hieroglyphics	a kind of writing using pictures and symbols وع من الكتابة باستخدام الصور والرموز	
tomb	people were buried here when they died	
artifact	objects like vases and pots which were made in the past	
painting	a picture	أشياء مثل الزهريات والأوانى التى د صورة



took and read. انظر واقرأ.

How do we know so much about life in Ancient Egypt?

There is lots of evidence that tells us about life in Ancient Egypt. Evidence is facts or signs that show clearly that something exists or is true. و من الأدلة التي تخبرنا عن الحياة في مصر القديمة. الدليل هو حقائق أو علامات تثبت بوضوح وجود شئ أو صحته.

We can learn about buildings from ancient monuments. These are structures that were built to celebrate important people.

يمكننا التعرف على المباني من الآثار القديمة. الآثار هي مباني تم بناؤها للاحتفال بالأشخاص المهمين.



Notes for parents

- · Help your child read and study the given definitions.
- . Help your child look at the pictures and read the text.

- ساعد طفلك أن يقرأ ويدرس التعريفات المعطاة - ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصور ويقرأ النص.



Artifacts are things from daily life like vases and water carriers that tell us how people lived.

المصنوعات اليدوية هي أشياء من الحياة اليومية مثل الزهريات وحاملات المياه التي تخبرنا كيف عاش الناس.

Paintings are on walls or on papyrus. They show scenes of daily life, such as farmers working in the fields, or special occasions, such as feasts and special events

توجد الرسومات على الجدران أو على ورق البردي. تعرض الرسومات مشاهد من الحياة اليومية، مثل مزارعين يعملون في الحقول، أو المناسبات الخاصة، مثل الأعياد والأحداث الخاصة.





Hieroglyphics are Ancient Egyptian writing symbols and pictures. From hieroglyphics we can get evidence about life in Ancient Egypt.

الهيروغليفية هي رموز وصور الكتابة المصرية القديمة. من الهيروغليفية يمكننا الحصول على أدلة عن الحياة في مصر القديمة.

 Pharaohs and other important people were buried in beautiful tombs. These also had other things people thought they might need and information about their life.

تم دفن الفراعنة وغيرهم من الشخصيات المهمة في مقابر حميلة كان في المقابر أشياء أخرى أعتقد الناس أنهم قد يحتجونها ومعلومات عن حياتهم.



General Exercises

on Lesson 2

الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

۰	۰		۰		•	۰	۰	٠	•	٦		

1. Egyptians used to b	uild the	eir homes	with bric	k.		
 Egyptians used to build their homes with brick. The brick was made with cotton. 						
3. These homes were built in different shapes.						
4. Their homes were v	ery clos	e to each	other.			
Listen and complete	э.	r stricter		TOWN / TOWNS		
1. There is lots of Egypt.	th	hat tells u	s about li	ife in Ancien		
2. Evidence is	or sig	gns that	show som	ething is tru		
3are thing	s from o	daily life.				
3 are thing 4. Artifacts tell us how		_				
4. Artifacts tell us hov	V	lived				
	V	lived	В			
Artifacts tell us how Read and match (A)	V	lived	В	vases and		
4. Artifacts tell us hov	V	B).	В	vases and		
Artifacts tell us how Read and match (A)	V	B).	B jects like			
Artifacts tell us how Read and match (A) A Levidence is facts	V	a. ob	jects like its. kind of w			
Artifacts tell us how Read and match (A) 1. Evidence is facts 2. Monuments are	V	b. a c. th tru d. we	jects like its. kind of w at show s ie.	riting. comething is I in tombs.		
Read and match (A) 1. Evidence is facts 2. Monuments are 3. Artifacts are	V	a. ob po b. a c. th tru d. we e. bu	jects like its. kind of w at show s	riting. comething is d in tombs. r statues.		

2. tombs - buried - were - Pharaohs - in. 3. Hieroglyphics — symbols — are — pictures — and. 4. show — Paintings — life — scenes — daily — of. Punctuate the following. 1. monuments were built to celebrate important people 2. how was life in Ancient Egypt Write a paragraph of FORTY (40) words using the following guiding elements. Life in Ancient Egypt Guiding elements: evidence • paintings

- - 1. buildings Monuments us teach about.

3

Don't run in the library!

Language focus



Vocabulary

Key vocabulary	A List	en and	repeat.	استمع وردد.
----------------	--------	--------	---------	-------------

Mea Angerman			
Alexandria Library	مكتبة الإسكندرية	outside	بالخارج
quietly	بصدوء	trash can	سلة مهملات
near	قريب	environment	بيئة
Excuse me!	معذرة!	button	נעונ - נע
avenue	طريق	elevator	סממב בייים און און
main street = high street	شارع رئیسی et		

اتجاهات Directions

Annual relation in the Control of th			
Go straight!	سر بشكل مستقيم!	on the right	على اليمين
Cross the road!	اعبر الطريق!	Turn right!	اتجه یمینًا!
across from	الجهة المقابلة	Turn left!	اتجه يسارُا!
at the end of	في نهاية	go upstairs	يذهب لأعلى
on the left	على اليسار	nampa e	HARSEN S. H.

Conjugation of verbs

تصريف الأفعال

Regular

Pres	sent	Past
close	يغلق	closed
walk	یمشی	walked
jump	يقفز	jumped
push	يدفع	pushed
talk	يتحدث	talked

Irregular

Pres	Present				
stand	يقف	stood			
run	يجرى	ran			
put	يضع	put			
read	يقرأ	read			
write	یکتب	wrote			

Notes for parents

· Help your child listen to the words and repeat them.

- ساعد طفلك أن يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددهم.

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

· pick up o go first بذهب الأول · It's amazing · on the shelf هذا مذها ، على الرف · let's go in · make sure هيا ندخل ىتأكد · we are right · go up على حق د لفظ على ... نظيف keep ... clean دحافظ على ... نظيف · wait for ينتظر



· get to

Pop Quiz on Vocabulary

يقوم التلميذ بأداء تدريب تلقائي على الكلمات السابقة بعد قراءتها

choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d:

- a. packet b. can c. slice d. bar

يصل إلى

- 3. Don't up flowers.
- a. pick b. plant c. help d. eat

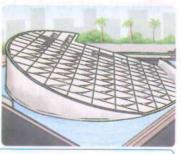
 4. We should each other to clean the park.
 - a. kill b. help c. hit d. beat
- 5. Maps help us to know the
 - a. homework b. directions c food

Listening and Reading

tisten, read and role play.



Teacher: Ok, children. We're here now. This is The Alexandria Library. المعلم: حسنًا يا أطفال. نحن هنا الدّن. إنها مكتبة الدسكندرية.



d. elevators



Reem : Wow! It's amazing. Can we go inside?

ريم: واو! إنها رائعة. هل يمكننا الدخول؟

Ask your child to choose the correct answer.

- اطلب من طفلك أن يختار الإجابة الصحيحة.
- Help your child listen to the dialog and let him/her say what he/she listens correctly, then ask him/her to role-play it with his/her colleagues.
 - ساعد طفلك أن الاستماع إلى المحادثة ودعه يقول ما يسمعه بطريقة صحيحة، ثم اطلب منه أن يتبادل الأدوار مع زملائه



Teacher: Wait a moment. Is everybody here? Yes, Ok. المعلم : انتظرى دقيقة. هل الجميع هنا ؟ نعم، حسنًا. هيا ندخل. Let's go in.



Ali : I'm going first!

على: سأدخل أولَّد!



Teacher: Don't run, Ali. Walk guietly. This is a very المعلم : لد تجرى ياعلى. سر بهدوء. انه مكان هام جدًا. .important place



Ali: I'm sorry.

على : آسف . و حدة و دو المسال المسا



Noha : Can we go upstairs to the Children's Library? نهى: هل يمكننا الصعود لمكتبة الأطفال؟



Teacher: Yes, Go into the elevator, Good, Stand back, The doors are closing. Don't jump up and down, Ali! Push the number one button, Tarek. Great, thank you. We're going up!

المعلم: نعم. أدخلوا إلى المصعد. حسنًا. قفوا في الخلف. الأبواب تغلق. لد تقفز لدُّعلى وأسفل يا على! اضغط على الزررقم (1) ياطارق. رائع، شكرًا لك. نحن نصعدا

Library Rules

قواعد المكتبة

· Don't eat in the library.

- لا تأكل بالمكتبة.

- · Bring your book back in two weeks.
- أعد كتابك خلال أسبوعين.

· Drink your water outside.

- اشرب بالخارج.

- · Don't use your mobile phone.
- لد تستخدم تليفونك المحمول.

· Don't lose your book.

- لد تضيع كتابك.

Language Focus

صيغة الأمر Imperative

التكوين Formation

- Imperatives don't usually begin with a subject like (you / she or they). Imperatives usually start with a verb.
 - عادة لد تبدأ صيغة الأمر بفاعل مثل (she , you أو they). تبدأ عادة صيغة الأمر بفعل.
- Affirmative imperatives : use the infinitive without "to".
 - نستخدم في الجملة الأمرية المثبتة مصدر الفعل بدون "to".





- ex. Run! Take, Go, Change, Sit down, Open, ... etc.
 - Have fun!
- Negative imperatives use "Don't" + infinitive without to.
- نستخدم في الجملة الأمرية المنفية " Don't " ويأتي بعدها الفعل في المصدر بدون "to"



مصدر الفعل (.fnf.)

ex. - Don't add too much salt.

- Don't run in the classroom.

Usage

We use the imperative to tell someone to do or not to do something.

- نستخدم صيغة الأمر عندما نخبر شخص بفعل أو بعدم فعل شىء ما.
- ex. Chop the tomatoes.

- Don't run waste your time.

Asking for directions.

السؤال عن الدتجاهات.

A. Excuse me, how do I get to (place)?

• معذرة، كيف أصل إلى (مكان)؟

B. Is there (a/an place) near here?

• هل هناك (مكان) بالقرب من هنا ؟

C. Where is the , please ?

• أين يوجد، من فضلك ؟

^{1.} Help your child use the imperative.

^{2.} Help your child learn how to ask for and give directions.

⁻ ساعد طفلك أن يستخدم صيغة الأمر. ساعد طفلك أن يتعلم كيف يسأل ويعطى اتجاهات.

Notice:

We use the imperative to give instructions.

نستخدم صيغة الأمر لإعطاء التعليمات.

Giving directions إعطاء الدتجاهات

يمكنك التحدث عن الاتجاهات باستخدام الصيغ التالية:

- 1. Go straight on
- 3. Turn right / left at the end of the road and the is on your right / left.
 - اتحه يمينًا / تسارًا في نهاية الطريق و.......يكون على يمينك / يسارك. ٠
- 4. Go over مُر على.....م
- ex. Go straight on. Turn left at the end of the road and the museum is on your right.



Pop Quiz on Language

يقوم التلميذ بأداء تدريب تلقائي لإتقان القواعد اللغوية

Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

- 1. vegetables into small pieces.
 - a. Chopping b. To chop c. Chops
- d. Chop
- 2. Go on, the school is on your left.
- a. right b. straight c. between
- d. under
- 3. Don't noise in the library.
 - a. making b. makes
- c. make
- d. made
- 4. Turn and go over the hospital.
 - a. straight b. road
- c. right
- d. inside

Notes for parents

- Ask your child to choose the correct answer.

- اطلب من طفلك أن يختار الإجابة الصحيحة.

General Exercises

on Lesson

الاستماع

Understand
Listen and write T (True) or F (False). 1. Adam wants to have a nice home. 2. A home is a place filled with joy, love and happiness. 3. Adam wants his home in the city. 4. The house doesn't have any windows.
Read and match (A) with (B). A 1. In Alexandria Library, 2. We use the elevator 3. Don't eat in 4. Can you 6. to go up. 5. Excuse me, how 6. help me, please?
Once upon a time, there were four gazelles in the forest. Every day they used to eat grass together. They were all friends. One day, a lion saw the gazelles eating grass together.

The lion wanted to eat them so it went to catch them. When the gazelles saw the lion, all of them ran away.

A few days passed and the gazelles had a fight between themselves and started eating the grass, but not together. The lion ate the four gazelles.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

- 1. The four gazelles were in the
 - a. zoo
- b. park c. forest
- d. safari
- 2. The underlined phrase "ran away" means to
 - a. stop
- b. hold
- c. escape
- d. come

- 3. What were the gazelles doing when the lion saw them?
- 4. How many gazelles did the lion eat?
- Reorder the words to make correct sentences.
 - 1. left the on restaurant is The.
 - 2. here library a there Is near?
 - 3. the library in talk Don't loudly.
 - 4. road get to the museum Cross the to
- Punctuate the following.
 - 1. excuse me, can you help me
 - 2. return the book to its place
- Write a paragraph of FORTY (40) words using the following guiding elements.

Library rules

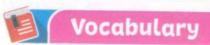
فی نهایة

Guiding elements:

- quiet
 - · mobile phone

Lesson

Part 1 Gabi learns a lesson



🎓 Listen and repeat. استمع وردد.

Key vocabulary

strange - looking	غريب المظهر	villager	قروی
foolish	أحمق / غبي	ibis	طائر أبو منجل
jerboa	حيوان اليربوع	creature	مخلوق
lost	تائه / ضائع		,

Extra vocabulary

way	طريق - طريقة	crowd	حشد - جمهور
enormous	ضخم	rude	وقح / فظ
sacks	أكياس	land	أرض
sounds	أصوات	traders	تجار
angry	بضاف	clever	ذکی
unkindly	بقسوة	snake	ثعبان 👞

Conjugation of verbs

Past

recognized

pretended

decided

offered

behaved

entertained

apologized

تصريف الأفعال

Regular

Present

recognize يتعرف pretend يتظاهر decide يقرر offer يعرض behave يتصرف entertain يسلى - يرفه apologize يعتذر

Irregular

Present

fly بطير begin ببدأ understand معف sell

flew began understood sold

Past

- ساعد طفلك أن يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددهم.

Help your child listen to the words and repeat them.

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

· along the road

· over land

فوق الأرض

• funny-looking creature على طول الطريق

مخلوق مرح المظهر

· reply rudely يرد بوقاحة

· in front of أمام · tell the truth يقول الحقيقة

نقاط هامة علي نصوص اللستماع و القراءة Main points on listening and reading texts

· At the start, Gabi offered to help the villager.

- في البداية، عرض جابي مساعدة القروي.

· The ibis could help because he could fly over the land.

- كان يمكن أن يساعد طائر أبو منجل لدُّنه يستطيع أن يطير فوق الدُّرض.

· The snake could help because he went to the market every day.

- كان يستطيع الثعبان المساعدة لدُّنه كان يذهب للسوق كل يوم.

· The jerboa could help because he could hear very well.

- كان يمكن أن يساعد اليربوع لأنه يسمع جيدًا.



Pop Quiz on Vocabulary

يقوم التلميذ بأداء تدريب تلقائي على الكلمات السابقة بعد قراءتها

choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

1. He is a foolish boy. He speaks a. nicely

b. politely

c. rudelu

d. quietly

2. Be honest and the truth.

a. play b. tell

c. drink

d. watch

3. I saw a strange It has three eyes.

a. bike

b. car

c. table

d creature

4. I should because I made a mistake.

a. recognize b. apologize

c. pretend

d. offer

Notes for parents

· Ask your child to choose the correct answer.

· اطلب من طفلك أن يختار الإجابة الصحيحة.

took, listen and read.

انظر، استمع واقرأ.

تدرب على ١٨ من قطع الفهم ونصوص اللستماع

Gabi learns a lesson جابی یتعلم درس

One day, a villager wanted to sell his beans in the market, but he couldn't walk far. His camel, Gabi, said, "Give me the sacks of beans - I will take them to the market for you". Gabi walked along the road. He turned left and then right and then left again.

Soon, Gabi didn't recognize the road.



فى أحدى الدّيام، أراد أحد القرويين بيع حبوب الفول فى السوق. لكنه لم يستطيع المشى بعيدًا. قال جابى الجمل الخاص به "أعطني أكياس الفول، وسأخذها إلى السوق من أجلك. سار جابي على الطريق. استدار يسارًا ثم يمينًا ثم يسارًا مرة أخرى. وسرعان ما لم يتعرف جابى على الطريق.

"Are you lost ?" called an ibis. Gabi had never seen such a strange-looking bird.

"No, I'm not lost," pretended Gabi. Gabi didn't know that the ibis could fly high above the land and tell him the way.

"هل أنت تائه ؟ قال أبو منجل. لم يرى جابى مثل هذا الطائر الغريب من قبل. تظاهر جابى قال: "لد، أنا لست تائه"، لم يكن جاس يعلم أن أبو منجل يمكن أن يطير عاليًا فوق الدُرض ويخبره بالطريق.

Gabi saw a snake, watching him from the branches of a tree. "You look lost," said the snake.

"No, I'm not," said Gabi-again he wasn't telling the truth. "Anyway, even if I was, you can't help - you haven't even got legs," he said unkindly. Gabi didn't know that the snake went to the market every day to entertain the crowds.

رأى جابى ثعبانًا يراقبه من أغصان شجرة. قال الثعبان "تبدو ضائعًا". قال جابى : "لا، لست كذلك" -مرة أخرى لم يكن يقول جابى الحقيقة. "على أى حال، حتى لو كنت كذلك، لد يمكنك المساعدة - ليس لديك حتى أرجل،" قال بقسوة. لم يعرف جابى أن الثعبان يذهب إلى السوق كل يوم للترفيه

عن الحشود.

Help your child to look at the picture, listen and read the text.

- ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصورة، يستمع ويقرأ النص.

It began to get dark. Gabi saw a little animal on the road in front of him. "What a funny-looking creature. Look at those enormous ears," he thought to himself.

"Hello," said the jerboa. "Do you need any help?"

"No, I don't!" replied Gabi rudely. Gabi didn't know that the jerboa could hear the sounds of the market traders.

"OK, good night then," called the jerboa.

· Asking for help is good.

Soon, it was completely dark and Gabi understood he needed the animals' help. He knew he was foolish and he was sorry. He decided to go to sleep, and to apologize and ask for their help the next day.

بدأ الظلام. رأى جابى حيوانًا صغيرًا على الطريق أمامه قال لنفسه : "ياله من مخلوق مضحك. انظر إلى تلك الدُّذنيـن الهائليـن". قال اليربوع" مرحبًا، هل تحتاج أن مساعدة ؟" " لد أنا لد! رد جابي بوقاحة. لم يعرف جابى أن اليربوع يستطيع. سماع أصوات تجار السوق. "حسنًا تصبح على خير إذن" قال اليربوع. سرعان ما حل الظلام تمامًا وأدرك جابى أنه كان بحاجة إلى مساعدة الحيوانات. عرف أنه كان أحمق وكان أسفًا. قرر جابي الذهاب للنوم والدعتذار وطلب مساعدتهم في اليوم التالي.

-	Determi	ne the meaning of	wordsتكلمات.	وضح معانی ا		
	LEARN	The underlined wo a. kill	rd " <u>recognize</u> " med b. say	c, know	d. play	
	PRACTICE	2. The underlined wo	rd "enormous" me b. big	c. clean	d. sad	
t is	The mo	ral of the stor	ي من القصة	jėoli		

Lesson

Part 2 Pronunciation



ארב. Listen and repeat.

Learn

The same sound is sometimes spelled in different ways.

نفس الصوت أحيانًا بكتب بطرق مختلفة

	(/ ۵ 0/) یذهب 90		(/dI/) bite يعض		(/۵۱/) ولد boy		(۱۲ع e یصنع
show	يوضح	right	صحيح	toy	لعبة	play	يلعب
below	أسفل	bike	دراجة	coin	عمله معدنية	ache	ألم
grow	يزرع	write	یکتب	enjoy	يستمتع	bake	يخبز
wrote	كتب	time	وقت	point	يشير	eight	رقم ۸



- طلب المساعدة شيء حيد.

Pop Quiz on Phonics

choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d.

- 1. I want to go to the dentist. I've a/an
 - a. ache b. lake
- c. cake
- d. sack
- 2. The word "....." has the same sound as point.
 - a. bake
- b. wrote
- c. show
- d. coin
- 3. The word "bite" has the same sound as
 - a. show
- b. take
- c. tou
- d. bike

[·] Help your child listen and repeat the words

Ask your child to choose the correct answer

⁻ ساعد طفلك أن يستمع ويردد الكلمات. - اطلب من طفلك أن يختار الإجابة الصحيحة

General Exercises



نصوص الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

•	1. A
2	Read and match (A) with (B). 1. The ibis could 2. A farmer can 3. You should tell 4. He turned left 5. When we get lost, 1. The ibis could 2. a and right. 5. When we get lost, 1. The ibis could 5. We was sorry. 6. We should ask for help. 7. C. we should ask for help. 8. The truth. 9. The ibis could 9. The ibis cou
3	Reorder the words to make correct sentences. 1. market – They – to – will – the – go.
	2. has — The snake — legs — no.
	3. any — Do — help — you — ,Sarah — need ?
	4. his — asked — He — friend — for help.
4	Read the text and answer the questions.
	One day, a villager wanted to sell his beans in the market, but he couldn't walk far. His camel, Gabi, said, "Give me the sacks of beans- I will take them to the market for you". Gabi walked along the road. He turned left and then right and then

left again. Soon, Gabi didn't <u>recognize</u> the road. Gabi saw a strange looking bird. It's an ibis. But Gabi didn't ask for help. Gabi didn't know that the ibis could fly high above the land and tell him the way. Gabi saw a snake, but didn't ask the

snake for help. Gabi didn't know that the snake went to the market every day and could tell him the way. A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d. 1. The main idea of the text is about "Gabi who a. got lost b. ate grass c. flew away d. felt hungry 2. The underlined word "recognize" means a. know b. read c. run B. Answer the following questions. 3. What did the villager want to sell? 4. How many animals did Gabi see? Punctuate the following. 1. a farmer wanted to help his village 2. what do you need Write a paragraph of FORTY (40) words using the following guiding elements. A lesson you learned **Guiding questions:** · What situation did you have? · Who could help you?

Lessons 5&6

▶ Writing

▶ Project

Read and learn. اقرأ وتعلم.

An estimated answer isn't the actual answer - it's a good guess. For example, if you add 12 and 17, you know the answer is "close to" 30. You know it isn't close to 60. You can say :

It's around ... / It's about

إنه حوالى ... إنه حوالى

إنه قريب من ... إنه قريب إلى | It's close to ... | الله قريب إلى

الدجابة التقديرية ليست الدجابة الفعلية - إنها تخمين حيد. على سبيل المثال، إذا أضفت 12, 17، فأنت تعلم أن الإجابة قريبة من عدد 30. أنت تعلم أنها ليست قريبة إلى عدد 60 يمكنك أن تقول:



How much will ten lemons and a kilo of grapes be, please?

كم سوف يقدر ثمـن 10 ثمـار ليمـون و1كيلو عنب، من



They will be around 50 Egyptian pounds.

سوف يقدر ثمنهم حوالی 50 جنية مصری.





Pop Quiz on Math

took guickly and circle the correct estimated answer.

1. 448 + 351 =	(800)	900	120)
2. 18 + 45 + 20 =	(8)	18	80)
3. 101 + 90 + 88 =	(350	280	400)
4. 74 + 33 =	(110	50	10)
5. 77 + 120 =	(80	130	200)

Notes for parents

- . Help your child read and learn about estimated answer.
- ساعد طفلك أن يقرأ ويتعلم عن الإجابة التقديرية.
- Ask your child look quickly and circle the correct estimated answer.
 - اطلب من طفلك أن ينظر بسرعة ويضع دائرة حول الإجابة التقديرية الصحيحة.



Vocabulary

main Listen and repeat. استمع وردد.

Key vocabulary

location	موقع	history	تاريخ
tourist attractions	عوامل جذب سياحية	waterpark	ملاهي مائية
culture	ثقافة	delicious	لذيذ

Extra vocabulary

The state of the s				
theater	مسرح	رحلة بالقارب boat trip	perfect	مثالي
the British Museum	المتحف البريطاني	bridge کوبری	kinds	أنواع
the River Thames	نهر التايمز	the International Park	shade	ظل
shopping malls	مراكز تسوق	الحديقة الدولية	free	مجاني
picnic	نزهة خلوية	مبھر / ساحر fascinating	wonderful	رائع
Buckingham Palace	قصر باكنجهام	archaeological أثرى	treasure	کنز

Conjugation of verbs

تصريف الأفعال

Regular

Prese	Past	
rain	تمطر	rained
worry	يقلق	worried
describe	يصف	described
encourage	يشجع	encouraged
miss	يغوت	missed

Irregular

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

- · take a relaxing boat trip يقوم برحلة مريحة بالقارب
- · plenty of
- كثير من (وفرة من)

- ساعد طغلك أن يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددهم.

[·] Help your child listen to the words and repeat them.

Look, read and learn.انظر، اقرأ وتعلم.

choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d.

1. We had a in a large park last weekend .
a. lesson b. exam c. picnic d. exercise

2. I like to buyvegetables and fruits.

a. old b. dirty c. ugly d. fresh

3. There are _____ in the museum.

a. treasures b. traffic c. bridges d. rivers

make Look, listen and read.

انظر، استمع واقرأ.

This is one of the most exciting cities in the world. It often rains here, but it doesn't matter because there are lots of fun things to do. You can go on a big red bus and visit amazing tourist attractions. You will see famous places like Buckingham Palace, theaters, and the British Museum.



هذه واحدة من أكثر المدن إثارة فى العالم. غالبًا ما تمطر هنا. لكن هذا لد يهم لأن هناك الكثير من الأشياء الممتعة التى يمكنك القيام بها. يمكنك الذهاب فى حافلة حمراء كبيرة وزيارة مناطق الجذب السياحى المذهلة. سترى أماكن شهيرة مثل قصر باكنجهام والمسارح والمتحف البريطانى.

You can take a relaxing boat trip on the River Thames and go under the famous bridges. All the walking around will make you hungry! But don't worry, there are plenty of different restaurants to choose from. You can find delicious food from all over the world here!

يمكنك القيام برحلة استرخاء بالقارب على نهر التايميز والذهاب تحت الجسور الشهيرة. كل هذا سيجعلك التجول تشعر بالجوع! لكن لد تقلق، فهناك الكثير من المطاعم المختلفة للدختيار من بينهما. يمكنك أن تجد هنا طعامًا لذيذًا من جميع أنحاء العالم!

Notes for parents

. Help your child look at the picture, listen and read the text.

- ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصورة، يستمع ويقرأ النص.

NEW ALAMEIN

There are many exciting things to do in New Alamein. The city is on the beach so you can visit the cool sea when it's hot. This beautiful beach is 14 kms long! There is also a large, green lake right in the middle of the city! You can also



visit the beautiful International Park. If you want to learn about the fascinating history of the area, then visit the Archaeological Center. There are some amazing treasures there. I can't wait to see you in New Alamein.

هناك الكثير من الأشياء الرائعة التى يمكنك القيام بها فى مدينة العلمين الجديدة تقع مدينة العلمين الجديدة تقع مدينة العلمين على الساحل لذلك يمكنك زيارة البحر المنعش عندما يكون الجوحار هذا الساحل يبلغ طوله ١٤ كم. يوجد أيضًا بحيرة كبيرة نظيفة فى منتصف المدينة. يمكنك أيضًا زيارة الحديقة الدولية الجميلة إذا كنت تريد أن تعرف عن تاريخ المنطقة الرائع، فقم بزيارة المركز الأثرى حيث يوجد به بعض الكنوز الرائعة أود أن أراك سريعًا فى مدينة العلمين.

Determi	ne the meaning	ني الكلمات of words	حددمعا		
LEARN		d adjective <u>"exciting"</u> me	ans		
	a. ugly	b. boring	c. amazing	d. dirty	
PRACTICE	2. The underlined	adjective <u>"large"</u> means			
	a. Siridii	o. dily	c. big	d. clean	

Help your child look, read and learn.

- ساعد طفلك أن ينظر، يقرأ ويتعلم.

Our perfect town

Check Vocabulary

مدينة (صغيرة) (2)

مثالي (1)

سوق (3)

ظل (5)

In our perfect(1) town(2), there is a big zoo right next to the school. We can go there every afternoon after classes. We can help to feed the animals

It is really hot in our town, so there is a waterpark that is always open. It's free to go in!

There is a wonderful market(3) that sells all kinds of delicious food, like fresh bread and fresh (4) fruit and vegetables. There is a big park with lots of (4) all trees so we can go for family picnics in the shade (5). This is our perfect town!





مدينتا المثالية:

في بلدتنا المثالية، توجد حديقة حيوانات كبيرة بجوار المدرسة مباشرةً. يمكننا الذهاب إلى هناك بعد ظهر كل يوم بعد انتهاء الدروس. يمكننا المساعدة فى إطعام الحيوانات. الجو حارحقًا فى مدينتنا، لذلك توجد حديقة مائية مفتوحة دائمًا. والدخول مجانى!

يوجد سوق رائع يبيع جميع أنواع التُطعمة الشهية، مثل الخبز الطازج والفواكه والخضروات

- توجد حديقة كبيرة بها الكثير من الدُشجار حتى نتمكن من الذهاب إلى نزهات عائلية في الظل. هذه مدينتنا المثالية!

After Reading, note the following

رعد القراءة للحظ الأتي

- · When you are trying to encourage people to go to a place, think about: • عندما تحاول أن تشجع الناس أن يزوروا مكان فكر في الدّتي:
- Positive adjectives like (amazing fascinating) to describe the place.
 - صفات إيجابية (رائع مدهش ...) لوصف المكان
- · famous attractions

عوامل الجذب المشعورة بالمكان

location

· history / culture / arts

تاريخ المكان / ثقافته / الفنون التي توجد به.

Notes for parents

· Help your child look at the pictures, listen and read the text.

-ساعد ظفلك أن ينظر إلى الصور، يستمع ويقرأ النص.

General Exercises

on Lessons 5&6

نصوص الاستماع في نعابة الكتاب

1. My friends and I were in 2. We ate Italian 3. We took lots of 4. We arrived at our	t a restaurant.
2. We had a boat trip 3. This market sells 4. We had a delicious meal in 5. When I go to the beach,	a. all kinds of food. b. to do. c. on the river. d. I go swimming. e. the restaurant. f. can visit the Egyptian Museum.

London is one of the most exciting cities in the world. It often rains here, but it doesn't matter because there are lots of fun things to do. You can go on a big red bus and visit amazing tourist attractions. You will see famous places like Buckingham Palace, theaters, and the British Museum. You can take a relaxing boat trip on the River Thames and go under the famous bridges. All the walking around will make you hungry! But don't worry, there are plenty of different restaurants to choose from. You can find delicious food from all over the world here!

A. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d.

1.	The	weather	is	often	in	London.
				1 .		

a. rainu

b. hot

c. sunny

d. dru

2. The phrase "plenty of" means..... a. little

b. manu

c. few

d. small

B. Answer the following questions.

- 3. What things can you do when you go to London?
- 4. Where can you take a relaxing boat trip in London?

A Reorder the words to make correct sentences.

- 1. Alamein in good The food New is.
- miss the Park Don't International.
- 3. perfect town a you Do have ?
- 4. our town It is really hot in.

Punctuate the following.

- 1. my favorite food is fresh fish
- 2. Are there great artifacts in New alamein

Write a paragraph of FORTY (40) words using the following guiding elements.

Our perfect town



Guiding words:

Waterpark

shopping mall

SKILLS





If you got wou need to revise the unit again on the next page.
قم بتقييم نفسك بالعلامات الموضحة وإذا حصلت على غير جيد قم بمراجعة الوحدة مرة أخرى في الصفحة التالية.

My Dictation

قياس مدس إتقان المفردات اللغوية

Read and write the meaning.

اقرأ واكتب المعنى.

- A. tomb

 mint
 bank
 cuisine
 station
- مریح اتجاه سر بشکل مستقیم استدر یمینًا مخلوق

My Reading

2 Look, read and complete.

انظر، اقرأ وأكمل.

fruit - picnic - hot - sells

There's a wonderful market that
all kinds of food like,
fresh bread and fresh
and vegetables. There's a big park
with lots of trees, so we can go
for family

My Language

- 3 Rewrite the sentences using the imperative :
- 1. You shouldn't drink cola.
- 2. It's good to do your homework.
- 3. Please, can you open the window?
- 4. You should turn left by the school.

My Writing

4 Write a paragraph from (4 - 6) sentences about

"Your perfect town"

My Project

Make a leaflet about your town or city.

قم بتلوين الدائرة باللون المناسب لمستواك.



Review on unit 10

factory library station

monument















/2U/

go

يذهب

show

يوضح below

أسفل

grow

يزرع

/ai/

bite

يعض

write

لكتاب

time

وقت

bike

دراجة

/DI/

boy

ولد

coin

غملة معدلية

point

يشاور

enjoy

يستمتع

museum







Imperative

Positive form: Inf. +

Open the window.

Negative form : Don't + inf.

Don't throw trash in the street

An estimated answer isn't the actual answer - it's a good guess.

· When you add 12 to 17, you know the answer is close to (30).



/61/

make

يصنع

play

ache

take

بأخذ

- ساعد طفلك في مراجعة الوحدة العاشرة.

Skills



هذا الجزء يمكنك من ربط الكلمات التي درستها بجمل ليساعدك على التمكن من مهارة القراءة والكتابة

Reading & writing skills :

Topic	Guiding words	Sentences
	exciting	This is one of the most exciting cities in the world.
Your perfect city	rains	It often rains here,
perfe	fun	There are lots of fun things to do.
Your	tourist attractions	You can go on a bus and visit amazing tourist attractions
	delicious	You can find delicious food from all over the world here.
	Alexandria	I'm visiting Alexandria from Germany.
Alexandria	cool	I think it's really cool here.
Alexa	museums	I think there are some good museums here.
	roof garden	I love just sitting in the roof garden of my hotel.
	evidence	There is lots of evidence that tells us about Ancient Egypt
ypt	monuments	We can learn about building from ancient monuments.
nt Eg	celebrate	Monuments were built to celebrate important people.
Life in Ancient Egypt	artifacts	Artifacts are things from daily life.
fe in	paintings	Paintings are on walls or on papyrus.
3	Hieroglyphics	Hieroglyphics are Ancient Egyptian writing.
	tombs	Pharaohs were buried in beautiful tombs.
u u	exciting	There are many exciting things to do in New Alamein.
Mame	beach	The city is on the beach,
New Alamein	International Park	You can visit the International Park there.
	treasures	In the Archaeological Center there are a lot of treasures.

Sentence Building

تدرب على كيفية تكوين جملة



2. How to make a sentence :

٢. تعلم كيف تكون جملة

1. $am - vacation - \underline{I} - on - a$.

الجمل الخبرية

2. live - a small - in - We - town.

	فاعل	فعل	. باقى الجملة
1	planting units pro		AND THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY
2	HARLINGUE	promunes, assets ma	Sept. System south

1. some – <u>Drink</u> – water.

٢ الجمل الأمرية

2. the grass — walk — Don't — on.

	Don't	مصدر الفعل	. باقى الجملة
1	A Average of the state of	ste gerriet green in	mines fair
2	Don't	Marin Salah Sa	2011 - BRIGOR S

الجمل الاستفهامية

(أ) السؤال بـ (كلمة استفهام .. ؟)

1. Alexandria - Who - from - is?

2. get - do - I - How - the station - to?

	كلمة الاستفهام	فعل مساعد	فاعل	فعل أساسي	? باقى السؤال
1	HINE WILL			San San Salaraha	
2					

(ب) السؤال بـ (هل .. ؟)

1. you - Pyramids - Have - the - visited?

2. any - <u>Do</u> - need - you - help?

	فعل مساعد	فاعل .	فعل أساسي	? باقى السؤال
1				
2				

🚷 Writing skills :

 تعتبر مهارة الكتابة من المهارات الأساسية للتعبير عن فكرة أو موضوع لذا يجب استخدام جمل وأفكار مترابطة. قم بقراءة هذه الجمل لتساعدك على التعامل مع مهارة الكتابة (٢٤ جملة).

1 Our perfect town

In our perfect town, there is a big zoo right next to the school⁽¹⁾. We can go there every afternoon after classes⁽²⁾. We can help to feed the animals⁽³⁾. There is a waterpark that is always open⁽⁴⁾. There is a wonderful market that sells all kinds of food⁽⁵⁾. There is a big park with lots of trees⁽⁶⁾.

2 Alexandria

Alexandria is a really exciting place to visit⁽⁷⁾. There's a lot to see and do here⁽⁸⁾! It's a big city with lots of amazing restaurants, stores, and markets⁽⁹⁾. There's even a beach⁽¹⁰⁾. It can get very hot in summer but we can go to swim⁽¹¹⁾. The people are so friendly⁽¹²⁾. There are some amazing museums in Alexandria⁽¹³⁾. You can visit them all⁽¹⁴⁾. You can try the traditional Egyptian food in many restaurants there⁽¹⁵⁾. There are a lot of shopping malls there⁽¹⁶⁾. You can spend ages walking around them⁽¹⁷⁾. Alexandria has a beautiful mix of old and modern things⁽¹⁸⁾.

3 Life in Ancient Egypt

We can learn about buildings from ancient monuments⁽¹⁹⁾. These are structures that were built to celebrate important people⁽²⁰⁾. Hieroglyphics are Ancient Egyptian writing symbols and pictures⁽²¹⁾. From hieroglyphics we can get evidence about life in Ancient Egypt⁽²²⁾. Pharaohs and other important people were buried in beautiful tombs⁽²³⁾. These also had other things people thought they might need and information about their life⁽²⁴⁾.

نموومن Test on Unit 10 Murialz في نعاية الكتاب Listen and write T (True) or F (False). 1. Carl lives in Paris now. 2. Carl's dad got a new job in London. 3. Carl doesn't have any friends in London. 4. In winter, Carl went to the beach before school. Listen and complete: 1. Mr Ali is tall and 2. He works at 3. Mr Ali teaches 4. He his car to school at half past seven. Read and match (A) with (B). a. the Archaeological 1. Fayoum is the Center. 2. Can you b. are a kind of writing 3. We can learn about using pictures. ancient monuments c. oldest town in Egypt. 4. Hieroglyphics d. hot in our town. 5. There're a lot of e. help me, please? treasures in f. in history. Read the text and answer the questions. I live in a nice town in England. It isn't a big town. There are shops, banks, cafés, a post office, and two supermarkets. There's a swimming pool in the town, too! There isn't a shopping centre in my town, but there are some great shops on a road. My favorite place in the town is the town square. There aren't lots of cafés on it, but there's a big market to buy nice things there. A. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d. 1. The underlined word"great" means..... b. bad d. hot a. nice c. boring

2. The main idea of the text is about "
3. What places are there in the writer's town?
4. Why do you think the writer liked the town square ?
• Reorder the words to make correct sentences.
1. beans — A villager — sell — to — wanted — his.
2. a train —catch — can — You — a station — at.
3. wonderful — places — town — My — has — many.
4. beach — your — <u>Is</u> — near — town — the ?
Punctuate the following.
1. don't waste your time
2. Excuse me where's the shopping mall
Write a paragraph of FORTY (40) words using the following guiding elements.
مجاب عنه في نهاية الكتاب
 What are the famous attractions in your town? Where can you spend nice time in your town?

TINO

Getting out in the fresh air

الخروج في الهواء النقي



، التقييمات الشهرية في كراسة **المعاصر** التفاعلية.

، Test your skills في نهاية الوحدة. ، Reading and Writing Skill في نهاية الوحدة. تدريبات للأزهر الشريف في نهاية الكتاب.

لاتقان الوحدة

Aims of unit eleven:

In this unit I will

- · listen, read, research, and write about nature
 - أستمع، أقرأ، أبحث وأكتب عن دروب المشى الطبيعية.
- · recognize adjectives and adverbs.
 - أتعرف على الصفات والظروف.
- learn words about nature. - أتعلم كلمات عن الطبيعة.
- listen to a conversation about hiking.

- استمع إلى محادثة عن التنزه.

الأهداف العامة للوحدة الحادية عشر :

في هذه الوحدة سوف.....

- · read about hiking the Red Sea Mountain Trail. - أقرأ عن التنزه في درب جبال البحر الأحمر.
- read and say words with /n/ and /ŋ/ sounds.
 - أقرأ وأقول كلمات بأصوات / ١٦/ و / [١/٠
- write text messages.
- أكتب رسائل نصية.
- design a nature trail.
- أصمم أحد الدروب الطبيعية.

Lesson

Getting out in nature



Key vocabulary



took, listen and repeat.





tree orani



ورقة شجر leaf



rock صخرة



grass winc



hill 15



قرية village



مدينة (كبيرة) city





stream جدول (نھر صغیر)

town بلدة/مدينة (صغيرة)

Extra vocabulary

building	مبنی	stone	לכו	background	خلفية
weather	طقس	high	عالی / مرتفع		حسیت جذع شجرة
nature	طبيعة	hard		branch	بدے سبرہ فرع / غصن
wooden	خشبی	Alexandria	مدينة الإسكندرية	Cairo	مدينة القاهرة
famous		river		tomatoes	طماطم
Hurghada	مدينة الغردقة	difficult		flowers	زهور

Help your child look, listen to the words and repeat them.

- ساعد طفلك أن ينظر، يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددهم.

A fantastic hiking trail in Egypt is the Nuweiba Trail in Sinai. You can see the famous Colored Canyon there. يعد متنزه نويبع في سيناء أحد أروع متنزهات المشي في مصر. يمكنك رؤية الوادي الملون الشهير هناك.

Conjugation of verbs

تصريف الأفعال

Regular

Irregular

Present

Past climbed

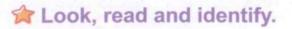
PresentPastfeelيشعرfeltgrowيزرعgrew

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

getting out

من الصعب إلى حدما أن ... It's quite difficult to الخروج



انظر، اقرأ وتعرف.

A stream is like a river, but smaller.

الجدول يشبه النهر، لكنه أصغر.



2 I love the feeling of green grass. أحب ملمس العشب الأخضر.



A tree is a very tall plant with branches and wooden trunk.



A village is much smaller than a town or city.

القرية أصغر بكثير من البلدة أو المدينة.



It's quite difficult to climb that hill because it's very high.



Some famous cities in Egypt are Cairo, Alexandria, and Hurghada. بعض أشهر المدن المصرية القاهرة، الدسكندرية والغردقة.



Notes for parents

Help your child look at the pictures, read and identify words about nature.

- ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصور، يقرأ ويتعرف على كلمات عن الطبيعة.

A rock is hard. It is a large stone.

الصخرة صلبة. فهم عبارة عن حجر كبير.

I like growing tomato plants because I like eating tomatoes. الما الطماطم لدُنني أحب تناول الطماطم.



That plant has flowers and lots of green leaves. بحتوى هذا النبات على أزهار والكثير من الأوراق الخضراء.



Language Focus

Plural nouns الأسماء الجمع

To make plurals we usually add an (-s)

للتحويل لصيغة الجمع فإننا غالبًا نضيف (s-) للدسم المفرد.

ex. house -> houses

 If the word ends in (-y) (after a consonant), then we take off the (-y) and add (-ies)

إذا كانت الكلمة تنتهي بـ(y-) (بعد حرف ساكن) نحذف حرف (y-) ونضيف (ies-) للدسم المفرد.

ex. city -> cities

If the word ends in (-f), then we take off the (-f) and add (-ves)
 إذا كانت الكلمة تنتهى ب(f-) نحذف حرف ال(f-) ونضيف (-ves)

ex. leaf -> leaves



Pop Quiz on Language

يقوو التلميذ بأداء تدريب تلقائي للتقان القواعد اللغوية

Read and change into plural.

اسم مفرد singular	apple	shelf	party	strawberry
plural اسم جمع		******************	***************************************	

· Help your child know how to make nouns plural.

- ساعد طفلك أن يعرف كيف يكون أسماء الجمع.

• Ask your child to read and change the singular nouns into plural. - اطلب من طفلك أن يقرأ وبحول الأسماء المعردة إلى الجمع

General Exercises

on Lesson

نصوص الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

Understand

Apply

Create

7 The roots grow underground	
2. The roots grow underground.	
3. The leaves make food for the plants.	Tack enough (
4. The roots make seeds for the plant.	
Listen and complete.	,
1. My favorite hobby is	
2. I love books with	
3. The best books are about	
4. I read at home with my	
2. Trees have 3. Plants have lots d. famo	B all village. y people. the river. us city. een leaves.
	en trunks.

2. a tall – is – A tree – plant – branches – with.

3. I — trees — <u>In the</u> — see — background — co	an.	
4. stone – is – large – <u>A rock</u> – a.	unctuate the following. it's quite difficult to climb the hill i like growing tomato plants (rite a paragraph of FORTY (40) words using the following elements. Nature widing questions: What can you see in the nature?	
Punctuate the following.	- 71	
1. it's quite difficult to climb the hill		
2. i like growing tomato plants	r	i da
	,	می نهایهٔ
		الكناب
What can you see in the nature? What do you like in the nature?		

	•••••	
	•••••	

Nature trail weekend



😭 Listen and repeat. استمع وردد.

Key vocabulary

nature trail	درب (متنزه) طبیعی	diver	غواص
dates	تواريخ	weekend	عطلة نهاية الأسبوع

Extra vocabulary

brave	شجاع	friend	صديق
invitation	دعوة	everything	کل شئ
views	مناظر طبيعية	trailing	تتبع
alone	بمفرده	life	حياة
swimmer	سباح	boring	ممل
hike	نزهة سيرًا على الأقدام	Blue Lagoon	
Wadi Degla	وادی دجلة	مدينة دهب)	بلو للجون (منتجع في

Conjugation of verbs

Past

تصريف الأفعال

Regular

Prese	ent	
ntact	1 - "	,

contacted contact بتصل decided decide يقرر يفحص - يراجع check checked accepted accept ىقىل remembered remember يتذكر quessed quess يخمن

Irregular

Pres	ent	Past
swim	یسبح	swam
know	یعرف	knew
leave	یترك	left

Notes for parents

· Help your child to listen to the words and repeat them.

- ساعد طفلك أن يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددهم.

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

· good for me · sounds like fun

تبدو ممتعة

ogo on a trail جيد لي

· How's life?

الذهاب في نزعة كيف حالك/ما الحال؟

· go for a hike

ا يذهب للتنزه like best of

يفضل من



Pop Quiz on Vocabulary

يقوم التلميذ بأداء تدريب تلقائي على الكلمات السابقة بعد قراءتها

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

1. What's the today ? - It's 22nd January.

a. weekend b. date c. hike

d. time

2. He is a great He swims really fast.

a. footballer b. runner c. climber

d. swimmer

3. There're a lot of amazing in nature.

a. views

b. interviews c. reviews

d interviewers

4. Hatem is a boy. He isn't afraid of the dogs.

a. busy

b. brave c. bored

d. quick

نقاط هامة علي نصوص اللستماع و القراءة Main points on listening and reading texts

Dina wrote an email to Reem.

كتبت دينا رسالة بريد إلكترونى لريم.

- Dina wants to go on a trail with Reem. - Reem is a good swimmer.

دينا تريد أن تذهب للتنزه مع ريم. ريم سيًّاحة ماهرة.

- Reem thinks that the nature trail trip could be interesting.

ريم تعتقد أن رحلة التنزه الطبيعى ستكون ممتعة.

- Dina is a brave diver.

دينا غواصة شجاعة.

Study this definition.

ادرس هذا التعريف.

MAY X	
الكلمة Word	التعريف Definition
nature trail	A place you go for a hike in nature to see all the plants and animals.
	مكان تذهب فيه للتنزه في الطبيعة لرؤية كل النباتات والحيوانات.

Ask your child to choose the correct answer.

- اطلب من طفلك أن يختار الإجابة الصحيحة.

Help your child read and identify the definition of the given word.
 ساعد طفلك أن يقرأ ويتعرف على تعريف الكلمة المعطاة له.

From:

Dina

To:

Reem

Subject: Nature trail weekend

Hi Reem.

How's life?

Guess what ? My family and I want to go on a trail to Wadi Degla or the Blue Lagoon at Dahab. Mom said I can take a friend, and I want to take you! Can you come? Mom said you and I can decide which we like best of the two places. Wadi Degla is cool because you can see lots of animals, but you can swim at the Blue Lagoon! I know you walk quickly and swim well, so which nature trail do you like? Also, what dates do you prefer, 13-14 July or 20-21 July?

Bye for now!

Dina

أهلًا ريم، كيف الحال؟

خمني ماذا ؟ أريد أنا وعائلتي الذهاب في نزهة إلى وادى دجلة أو بلو لاجون في دهب. قالت أمي أنه يمكنني أن اصطحب صديق، وأنا أريد اصطحابك أنتِ! هل تستطيعين أن تأتى ؟ قالت أمي : أنك وأنا يمكننا أن نقرر أيهما أفضل من المكانين. وادى دجلة رائع لأنه يمكنك رؤية الكثير من الحيوانات به، ولكن يمكنك السباحة في البلو لاجون! أعلم أنك تمشين بسرعة وتسبحين جيدًا، فما هو المتنزه الطبيعي الذي تفضلينه ؟ أيضًا ما هي التواريخ التي تفضليها، ١٣-١٤ بوليو أم ٢٠-٢١ يوليو؟

إلى اللقاء الآن!

From: Reem

To: Dina

Subject: Re: Nature trail weekend

Hi Dina.

Life's great! How are you?

The nature trail trip sounds like fun, and I really want to come! I think the Blue Lagoon is fine because we can swim and dive!

Yes, I can swim quickly, but you're very brave! Remember

when you dived from that rock? I just talked to my mom and the weekend 20-21 July is good for me. She's going to call your mom to check everything. Can't wait to see you!

Reem

مرحتًا دينا، الحياة رائعة! كيف حالك؟

تبدو رحلة المتنزه الطبيعي ممنعة، وأريد حقًا المجئ! أعتقد أن البلو لاجون جيدة لأننا نستطيع السباحة والغوص! نعم، يمكنني السباحة بسرعة، لكنك شجاعة جدًا! هل تتذكري عندما قمتِ بالغوص من عند تلك الصخرة ؟ لقد تحدثت للتو مع والدتي وعطلة نهاية الأسبوع ٢١-٢٠ يوليو جيدة بالنسبة لي. ستتصل والدتي بوالدتك لتأكيد كل شئ. لا أستطيع الانتظار لرؤيتك!

Language Focus

الصفات Adjectives

- · We use adjectives to give more information about nouns :
 - نستخدم الصفات لإعطاء معلومات أكثر عن الأسماء.
- · An adjective precedes a noun or it follows verb to be.
 - الصفة تسبق الدسم أو تاتي بعد (verb to be).



ex. - It is a small cat.

- This bag is big.

Notes for parents

· Help your child look, read the text and learn.

- ساعد طفلك أن ينظر، يقرأ النص ويتعلم.

Help your child recognize adjectives and adverbs.

- ساعد طفلك في التعرف على الصفات وظروف الحال.

ظروف الحال Adverbs

- We use adverbs to give more information about verbs. - تستخدم ظروف الحال لإعطاء معلومات أكثر عن الأفعال.
- ex. She walks slowly.

التكوين Formation

★ To make adverbs, we usually add (-ly) or (-ily) to an adjective.
إلى الصفة المنتظمة. والظروف غير المنتظمة تدفظ كما هي.

adj. منتظمة + (الا) , (الله)

ex.	adjective	الصفة
	They are quiet per	ople.
	Our team is bad.	

	adverb	الظرف
These p	eople spe	eak quietly.
Our tea	m is playi	ng badly.

	Regular	المنتظم	
Adje	ctive	Adverl)
polite	مهذب	هذبة politely	بطريقة م
quiet	ھادئ	quietly	بهدوء
bright	للمع	brightly	بلمعان
quick	سريع	quickly	بسرعة
slow	بطىء	slowly	ببطء
happy	سعتد	happily	بسعادة
nervous	عصبي	nervously	بعصبية
heavy	غزير / كثيف	heavily	بغزارة
active		actively	بنشاط

Adjective		Adverb	
good	جيد	well	جيدًا
fast	سريع	fast	بسرعة
hard	صعب	hard	بصعوبة
right	صحيح	right	بطريقة صحيحة
wrong	خطأ	wrong	بطريقة خاطئة
late	متأخر	late	متأخرًا
early	مبكر	early	مبكرا

وتُضاف (اy) حتى وان كانت الصفة منتهية بحرف (ا)

· careful - carefully

. beautiful - beautifully

• الصفة المنتهية بـ (y) مسبوق بحرف ساكن يحذف حرف (y–) ونضيف (ily)

easy - easily

. happy - happily

· lazy - lazily

• hungry - hungrily

05

Pop Quiz on Language Focus

يقوم التلميذ بأداء تدريب تلقائي لإتقان القواعد اللغوية

choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

1. My friend is a	pers	on.	
		c. nicer	d. nicest
2. My sister says			
	_	c. badly	d. bad
		fter moving to a ne	
a. happilu	b. sad	c. happy	d nervous
4. The tortoise is		walks slowly.	
a. quickly	b. quick	c. slow	d. fast
5. My cousin is v	ery	at playing tennis.	
a. best	b. better	c. good	d. well
6. She ran	, so she w	on the race.	
		c. slow	
		. I didn't want to	
a. badly	b. loud	c. bad	d. carefully
8. Noha speaks p	politely. She is a	speak	er.
		c. loudly	
		e designs	
		c. well	
		hey won the first p	
		c. bad	
		ker. He works qui	
		c. brightly	
		swimmer.	
a. nicely	b. happily	c. good	d. heavily

اطلب من طفلك أن يختار الإجابة الصحيحة.

[.] Ask your child to choose the correct answer

General Exercises on Lesson 2

نصوص الاستماع

	و نهاية الكتاب
• Understand • Apply • Create	
 Listen and write T (True) or F (False). 1. I like nature trail trips. 2. I like to go to the Blue Lagoon. 3. Blue Lagoon is at Hurghada. 4. Blue Lagoon is a nice place for reading. 	T F
Read and match (A) with (B).	
1. Where did they 2. He did his 3. Wadi Degla is a nice 4. The weather was cold and it 5. We can swim a. rained heavily. b. in the Red Sea. c. decide to go? d. very brave. e. place to visit. f. work happily.	
Reorder the words to make correct sentences.	
1. wants - a trail - <u>She</u> - on - go - to.	
2. nature – do – like – Which – you – trail ?	
3. politely — She — usually — speaks — parents — to her.	
4. can — well — My — swim — father.	
• A Read the text and answer the questions.	
Hi Reem,	
How's life ?	
Guess what? My family and I want to go on a trail to Degla or the Blue Lagoon at Dahab. Mom said I can tal friend, and I want to take you! Can you come? Mom sand I can decide which we like best of the two places.	ke a

Wadi Degla is cool because you can see lots of a you can swim at the Blue Lagoon! I know you wal and swim well, so which nature trail do you like? Adates do you prefer, 13 — 14 July or 20 — 21 July?	k auicklu
Bye for now!	
Dina	
A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d. 1. This text is about " "	 d. sadly
4. Who does Dina want to take with her?	
• 6 Punctuate the following.	1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
1. when do they decide to go home	
2. my friend is an active person	1-171 1 1100
• 6 Write a paragraph of FORTY (40) words using following guiding elements.	the
Nature trails	مجاب عنه في نهاية
Guiding words :	الكتاب
Blue Lagoon swim	

	xercise
	D

▶ The Red Sea Mountain Trail



Vocabulary

Key vocabulary

😭 Look, listen and repeat. انظر، استمع وردد.









وشاح scarf

hat قيعة

وحيات خفيفة snacks

ضريطة map



tent

خيمة









hiking shoes أحذية التنزه

blanket بطانية

sunalasses نظارة شمسية

water bottle

Extra vocabulary

trading	التحلية	tourism project	مشروع سياحي
hunting	الصيد	local	محلی
community	مجتمع - مجتمعي	centuries	قرون
routes	طرق	hikers	متجولون
guides	مرشدین العاملات	culture	ثقافة
geography	جغرافيا	history	تاريخ
heat	حرارة	fascinating	خلاب / جمیل
Maaza people	قبيلة المعازة	hiking trail	مسار التنزه
prepared	جاهز / مستعد	long-distance	مسافة طويلة
the Red Sea Mour	ntain Trail متنزه جبال البحر الأحمر (م	warm sweater	سترة دافئة

Notes for parents

. Help your child to look at the pictures, listen to the words and repeat them.

- ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصور، يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددها.

Conjugation of verbs

تصريف الدفعال

Regular

Present

preserve يحافظ follow يتبع seem يبدو preserved followed seemed

Past

Irregular

Present

Past

یجری/یمتد run fall سيقط ran fell

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

- on the walk
- سأممال على الممشى الممشى

بعتنی د يسقط أرضًا

- ran for around يمتد لمسافة حوالي fall over · in case

 - get thirsty
- يشعر بالعطش



Pop Quiz on Vocabulary

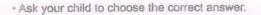
يقوم التلميذ بأداء تدريب تلقائي على الكلمات السابقة بعد قراءتها

choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

- 1. The help tourists know more information about Egypt.
 - a. doctors
- b. quides
- c. teachers
- d. hikers
- 2. It's so hot today, so I have my water
 - a. cycle
- b. bar
- c. bottle
- d. packet
- 3. My are very useful. They protect my eyes.
 - a. sunglasses b. shorts
- c. shoes
- d. necklaces

نقاط هامة علي نصوص الاستماع و القراءة Main points on listening and reading texts

- The Red Sea Mountain Trail was the first long-distance hiking trail. كان متنزه جبل البحر الأحمر أول متنزه للمشى لمسافات طويلة.
- It is a community tourism project.
- إنه مشروع سياحی مجتمعی.
- It helps the local Maaza people preserve their culture and history.
 - يساعد المتنزه قبيلة المعازة المحلية في الحفاظ على ثقافتهم وتاريخهم.
- The Maaza people look after the trail carefully and work as guides.
 - تعتنى قبيلة المعازة بالمتنزه بحرص ويعملون كمرشدين فيه.



· اطلب من طفلك أن يختار الإجابة الصحيحة.

hiking (n): a long walk in the countryside.

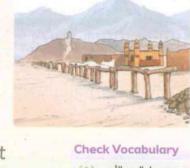
• المتنزه هو : المشم لمسافات طويلة في المناطق الريفية.



took, listen and read. انظر، استمع واقرأ.

تدرب على ١٨ من قطع الفهم ونصوص الاستماع

The Red Sea Mountain Trail(1) was the first long-distance hiking trail to open in Egypt. It runs for around 170 kms through the wonderful mountains near Hurghada. It is a community (2) tourism project. It helps the local Maaza people preserve(3) their culture and history. The trail follows ancient trading and hunting routes (4) in the Eastern Desert. The Maaza people used these routes for centuries. They look after the trail carefully and work as guides (5). They tell the hikers about the geography and history of this wonderful place. They also tell the hikers about their fascinating (6) culture. It



- متنزه جبل البحر الأحمر (1)
- محتمعی (2)
- يحافظ على (3)
- طرق (4)
- مرشدین (5)
- (6) عدا،

takes around ten days to complete the trail. كان متنزه حيل البحر الأحمر (درب البحر الأحمر) أول متنزه للمشي لمسافات طويلة تم افتتاحه في مصر.

بمتد لمسافة حوالي ١٧٠ كم عبر الجبال الرائعة بالقرب من الغردقة. إنه مشروع سياحي مجتمعي أنه يساعد قبائل المعازة المحليين في الحفاظ على ثقافتهم وتاريخهم. يتبع المتنزه طرق التجارة والصيد القديمة في الصحراء الشرقية. استخدمت قبائل المعازة هذه الطرق لقرون. تعتني قبائل المعازة بالمتنزه بحرص وتعمل كمرشدين. يقومون بإخبار المتنزهين عن جغرافية هذا المكان الرائع وتاريخه، ويخبرون المتنزهين عن ثقافتهم الرائعة. أيضًا يستغرق الأمر حوالي عشرة أيام لإكمال المتنزه.

وضح العلاقة بين الأفكار. .Describe the relationship between ideas

LEARN

1. Who looks after the trail?

- The Maaza people look after the trail carefully and work as guides.

2. How long is the Red Sea Mountain Trail?

Notes for parents

· Help your child look at the picture, listen and read the text.

ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصورة، يستمع ويقرأ النص.



tisten, read and role-play.

استمع، اقرأ وتبادل الأدوار.

تدرب على ١١ من قطع الفهم ونصوص الاستماع



Hi Sherif, what are you taking on the Red Sea Mountain Trail? مرحبًا شريف، ماذا ستأخذ في متنزه جبل البحر الدُحمر ؟



Hi! Well, I want to protect my feet so I'm taking some hiking shoes. I know there are a lot of hills and rocks so I don't want to fall over! I'm also going to take some snacks from home so I don't get hungry.

آهلًا! حسنًا، أريد حماية قدمي لذا فأنا سأخذ بعض أحذية التنزه، أنا أعلم أن هناك الكثير من التلال والصخور لذا لا أريد السقوط. سوف أقوم أيضًا بأخذ بعض الوجبات الخفيفة من المنزل حتى لا أشعر بالجوع.



Hi Ramy, what are you taking on the Red Sea Mountain مرحبًا رامى، ماذا سوف تأذذ إلى متنزه جبل البحر الأحمر ؟ Trail?



My friend said it gets very hot on the trail in the places where there are no streams, so I'm taking a hat for my head. I'm also going to take a blanket in case I get cold at night.

قال صديقي إن الجو سيصبح حارًا جدًا في المتنزه في الدَّماكن التي لد توجد بها جداول مياه، لذلك سأخذ قبعة لحماية رأسي. سأقوم أيضًا بإحضار بطانية في حال شعرت بالبرد في الليل.



Hi Lama, what are you taking on the Red Sea Mountain مرحبًا لدما، ما الذي ستأخذينه في متنزه جبل البحر الأحمر ؟

· ساعد طفلك في الاستماع إلى المحادثة ودعه يقول ما يسمعه بطريقة صحيحة، ثم اطلب منه أن يتبادل الأدوار مع زملائه

Help your child listen to the dialog and let him/her say what he/she listens to correctly, then ask him/her to role-play it with his/her colleagues.



Someone told me you can sometimes get sand in your eyes on the Red Sea Mountain Trail, so I'm taking a scarf to protect my head and eyes. The other important thing for me is to take lots of water bottles — I seem to drink more than other people so I want to be prepared.

أخبرنى أحدهم أنه من الممكن أن تدخل الرمال بعينيك فى متنزه جبل البحر الأحمر، لذلك سأخذ وشاحًا لحماية رأسى وعينى. الشئ الآخر المهم بالنسبة لى هو أن أخذ الكثير من زجاجات المياه، يبدو أننى أشرب أكثر من الناس الآخرين. لذلك أريد أن أكون مستعدة.



Hi Nesma, what are you taking on the Red Sea Mountain Trail?

مرحبًا نسمة، ما الذي ستأخذينه على درب جبل البحر الأحمر الجبلي ؟



I love checking the route so I'm taking a map. And I'm going to take my cool sunglasses too to protect my eyes. It's going to be such fun!

أنا أحب التحقق من الطريق لذلك أنا سأخذ خريطة، وسوف أخذ نظارتى الشمسية الرائعة أيضًا لحماية عينى. سيكون ذلك ممتعًا!

-	Determin	ne the meaning	في الكلماتof words	وضح معا		
	LEARN	1. The underlined	word "prepared" means	S		
		a. lazy	b. ugly	c. ready	d. bad	
	PRACTICE	2. The underlined	word "protect" means .			
		a. waste	b. play	c. save	d. talk	

General Exercises

on Lesson 3



• Understand • Apply • Create	
• 1 Listen and write T (True) or 1. Sarah is going on the Recommendation 2. She is taking some hikin 3. There aren't any rocks the She is going to take some	d Sea Mountain Trail. g shoes. nere.
• Read and match (A) with A 1. My hiking shoes 2. You can take a scarf 3. Who looks 4. She is good 5. How long is the	a. Red Sea Mountain Trail? b. at reading maps. c. the heat? d. after the trail? e. protect my feet. f. to protect your head.
• S Reorder the words to ma 1. going – I'm – a blanket – 2. eyes – to – sunglasses – I 3. fascinating – Our Egyptic 4. worried – the – about – is	take — to. ake — your — protect. an — is — culture.

Read the text and answer the questions.

Next week, I'm going to climb Sinai Mountain with my friends. I think this will be dangerous but interesting. Sara, Noha, and Hala are getting ready for this adventure. Sara is going to take her scarf to protect her eyes and head. Hala loves checking the routes so she is taking a map. Noha is taking her sunglasses to protect her eyes. I'm going to take my hiking shoes to protect my feet.

Lesson 4

Part 1 Word building

Language Focus

The parts of speech أجزاء الكلام

How do you differentiate between nouns, adverbs, and adjectives?

كيف تفرق بين الدُّسماء، الظروف والصفات؟

1. Nouns (n):

names for people, places, or things.

هو اسم أشخاص، أماكن أو أشياء.

ex. - I need some help.

2. Adjectives (adj):

Adjectives describe the noun.

الصفات تقوم بوصف الدسم.

ex. - He is a fast driver.

- We add "-ful" to the noun to make an adjective.

• يمكن إضافة (ful -) إلى الدسم لتحويله إلى صفة :

• joy فرح joyful مفرح

• stressful متوتر stressful

3. Adverbs (adv):

Adverbs describe the verb.

ظروف الحال نقوم بوصف الفعل.

- We can add (-fully) to the noun to make an adverb.

• يمكن إضافة المقطع (fully -) إلى الدسم لتحويله إلى ظرف.

• care ____ carefully

hope _____ hopefully

- ساعد طفلك أن يغرق بين اسم وظرف وصفة

Help your child learn how to differentiate between a noun, an adverb or an adjective.

Read and learn.

اقرأ وتعلم.

Noun		Adjective (- ful)		Adverb (- fully)	
wonder	عجيبة	wonderful	رائع	wonderfully	بشكل رائع
beauty	جمال	beautiful	جميل	beautifully	بشكل جميل
hope	أمل	hopeful	متفائل	hopefully	على أمل
pain	ألم	painful	مؤلم	painfully	بألم
thought	فكرة	thoughtful	مدروس	thoughtfully	بعناية / بتأمل
meaning	معنى	meaningful	مفید/هادف	meaningfully	بشكل هادف
stress	توتر	stressful	مُجهد	stressfully	بشكل مرهق
care	عناية	careful	حذر	carefully	بحذر



Pop Quiz on Language Focus

يقوم التلميذ بأداء تدريب تلقائى لإتقان القواعد اللغوية

choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

- 1. It was the most bird I saw on the tree.
 - a. wonder b. wonderfully c. wonderful d. wonders

- 2. There is too much natural in the Red Sea.
 - a. beauty
- b. beautifully c. beautiful
- d. beauties
- 3. The cat ate from the bowl.

 - a. hunger b. hungry
- c. hungrily
- d. hungriest
- 4. We all love our teachers, they are very
 - a. helping b. helpful
- c. help
- d. helpfully
- 5. I have a new for our project.
- a. think
- b. thoughtful
- c. thought
- d. thoughtfully

Notes for parents

- Help your child read and learn.
- Ask your child to choose the correct answer.

- ساعد طفلك أن يقرأ ويتعلم.
- اطلب من طفلك أن يختار الإجابة الصحيحة.

Lesson

Part 2 Pronunciation



A Listen and repeat.

استمع وردد.

The sounds (/n/) and (/ŋ/) sound similar but are pronounced الصوت / n / والصوت / ŋ / يبدوا متشابهين لكنهم ينطقوا بطريقة مختلفة.



- Help your child listen to the words and repeat them.
- · Help your child learn how to pronounce /n/ and /ŋ/ sounds correctly.

يمكنك نطق الصوت /n/ بسد الهواء فَى

فمك بمقدمة لسانك.

- ساعد طفلك أن يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددهم.

الخلفي من لسانك.

· ساعد طفلك أن يتعلم نطق أصوات /n/ و /ŋ/ بشكل صحيح

يمكنك نطق الصوت /م/ بسد الهواء بالجزء



Pop Quiz on Phonics

- Look, read and complete.
 - 1. I can see a ki .
 - 2. He's wearing a big ri _ _.
 - 3. He's not looking at the su _.
 - 4. He thinks it weighs a to _.
 - 5. Then the phone ra _ _.
 - 6. And he heard a big ba ___.



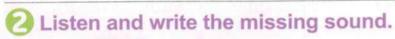














ose



to _ _ ue







Read and circle the odd one out.

1. nose

king

sun

2. know

ring

sing

3. rang

bang

run

Notes for parents

- 1. Ask your child to look at the pictures, read and complete the missing letters in each sentence.
 - اطلب من طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصور، يقرأ ويكمل الحروف الناقصة في كل كلمة.
- 2. Ask your child to listen and write the missing sound in each word.
- 3. Ask your child to read and circle the odd sound out. اطلب من طفلك أن يستمع ويضع دائرة حول الكلمة التي بها صوت مختلف

Lesson

Part 3

CLIL: Math Adding mixed numbers

🎓 Read and learn. اقرأ وتعلم.

Mixed numbers are numbers which are whole numbers and fractions:

- الأعداد المختلطة عبارة عن أعداد صحيحة وكسور:
- We use mixed numbers in our lives all the time. For example: - نستخدم الأعداد المختلطة في حياتنا اليومية طوال الوقت. على سبيل المثال :
- One nature trail is $2\frac{1}{2}$ kilometers long and another nature trail is $3\frac{1}{2}$ kilometers long.
 - أحد طرق التنزه الطبيعية يبلغ طوله $\frac{1}{2}$ ٢ كم، ويبلغ طول آخر $\frac{1}{2}$ ٣ كم.
- How long are the nature trails in total ? $2\frac{1}{2} + 3\frac{1}{2} = ?$ - كم يبلغ طول طرق التنزه الطبيعية في الإجمالي؟
- To add these together, add the whole numbers first: 2 + 3 = 5- لجمع الرقمين المختلطين معًا، نجمع الدَّرقام الصحيحة أولِّد.
- Next, add the fractions together: $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$ - ثم، نجمع الكسور العشرية معًا.
- · Add this to the whole number 5 and the total is 6.
 - أضف مجموع الكسور العشرية إلى الرقم الصحيح (٥) فيكون المجموع (٦).



Pop Quiz on Math

Circle the correct answer.

1.
$$2\frac{1}{5} + 3\frac{3}{5} = 5\frac{4}{5}$$
 or $5\frac{3}{5}$

2.
$$3\frac{4}{6} + 5\frac{1}{6} = 8\frac{5}{6}$$
 or $8\frac{7}{8}$

Add the mixed numbers.

1.
$$2\frac{1}{5} + 1\frac{3}{5} = \cdots$$

2.
$$2\frac{1}{9} + 3\frac{3}{9} = \cdots$$

- Help your child read and learn about the mixed numbers.
- 1. Ask your child to circle the correct answer.
- 2. Ask your child to add the mixed numbers.

- ساعد طفلك أن يقرأ ويتعلم عن الأعداد المختلطة - اطلب من طفلك أن يضع دائرة حول الإجابة الصحيحة - اطلب من طفلك أن يضيف الأعداد الكسرية.



Vocabulary

Key vocabulary

Look, listen and repeat.

انظر، استمع وردد.



cactus الم



tamarisk plant نبات الطرفاء (شجرة نحيلة الدعصان)



palm tree شجرة النخيل



desert snail حلزون الصحراء



ierboa حيوان اليربوع

Extra vocabulary

weekend	عطلة نهاية الأسبوع	desert	صحراء
sweater	سترة	great	عظيم المالية المالية
milkshake	مخفوق الحليب	awesome	رائع / مدهش
free	متفرغ	emojis	رموز تعبيرية
conversation	محادثة	value	قيمة

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

on the weekend في عطلة نهاية الأسبوع Good idea! That sounds like fun! هذا يبدو ممتع! at the corner café في المقهى الجانبي pick up

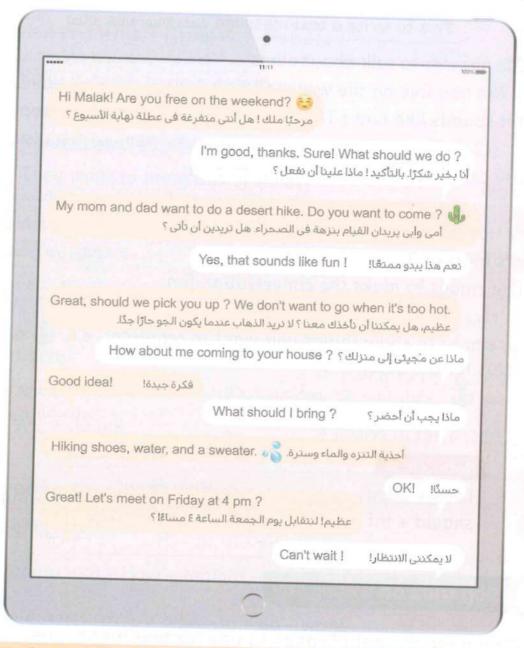
فكرة عظيمة أراك لدحقًا! see you later! يصطحب (شخص) بالسيارة

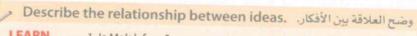
Notes for parents

Help your child look, listen to the words and repeat them.

- ساعد طفلك أن ينظر، يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددهم.

True على ١٨ من قطع الفهم ونصوص اللستماع الستمع واقرأ.





LEARN

1. Is Malak free ?

- Yes, she is.

PRACTICE 2. Where are they going?

Help your child listen and read the text message conversation.

- ساعد طفلك أن يستمع ويقرأ محادثة رسالة نصية.

نصائح كتابة رسالة نصية Tips to write a text message

- Use phrases to talk about plans استخدم العبارات للتحدث عن الخطط
- ex. Are you free on the weekend ? ? عطلة نهاية الدّسبوع هل أنت متفرغ في عطلة نهاية الدّسبوع ؟ That sounds like fun! / That sounds great! / Cool! / Awesome!
 - هذا يبدو ممتعًا! / يبدو رائعًا! / رائع! / عظيم !
- Use set phrases for making suggestions
 - استخدم عبارات محددة لتقديم الدقتراحات.
- ex. How about / What about meeting up? - ما رأيك أن نتقابل ؟ - هيا نتقابل في الساعة ٣. Let's meet at 3.
- Use emoiis to make the conversation fun
 - استخدم الرموز التعبيرية لجعل المحادثة ممتعة.

Use emojis to show things you want to represent, e.g. a cactus for the desert.

- استخدم الرموز التعبيرية لإظهار الأشياء التي تريد عرضها، على سبيل المثال : 🐠 صبار لتدل على الصحراء.

لاحظ أن Note

Let's + inf. should + inf.

میا بنا يجبأن

How about + inf. + ing? What about

ماذا عن / ما رأيك

Pop Quiz on Writing Skill

Complete the set phrases to use for text messages.

- 1. How about (go) to the club tonight?
- 2. Let's (watching) a match tomorrow.
- 3. (Where) about meeting up?

Notes for parents

- Help your child know the tips to write a text message.
 Ask your child to complete the set phrases to use for text messages. - ساعد طفلك أن يعرف نصائح الكتابة رسالة نصية.
- - . اطلب من طفلك أن يكمل العبارات المحددة لاستخدامها في الرسائل النصية

General Exercises on Lessons 5&6

Huiala في نهاية الكتاب

Understand

Apply

· Create

 Listen and write T (True) 	or F	(False):	F
 Sally is going to do a Sally is going to hike Rana doesn't like the They want to bring hi 	alone desert	t	
Read and match (A) w 1. Let's meet at 2. How about 3. Cactus 4. Jerboa 5. What should	vith (E	a. see you later. b. is a desert animal. c. I bring? d. going to the park? e. the club. f. grows in the desert.	

Reorder the words to make correct sentences.

- 1. weekend free you on Are the?
- 2. about to How tonight the cinema going?
- 3. a desert They hike to do want.
- 4. should a sweater You and bring water.

Punctuate the following. what should we do before traveling

TEST YOUR SKILLS

Getting out in the fresh air



If you got o you need to revise the unit again on the next page.

غير جيد قم بمراجعة الوحدة مرة أخرى في الصفحة التالية.	م بتقييم نفسك بالعلامات الموضحة وإذا حصلت على 🧶
---	---

	_			
My	m 1 F		77.3	_
	271-00	2061	81 8 1	
			1	_

قياس مدى إتقان المفردات اللغوية

Read and write the meaning.

اقرأ واكتب المعنى.

لسان

A. leaf
community
blanket
ring
sunny

My Reading

2 Read and complete the sentences using the words from the box.

اقرأ وأكمل الجمل باستخدام كلمات من المربع.

trail - free - grass - stream

1. A _____ is like a river, but smaller.

 My family and I want to go on a ______ to Wadi Degla.

3. Are you ____ on the weekend?

My Language

3 Read and tick (✔) the correct answer.

اقرأ وضع علامة (✔) أمام الإجابة الصحيحة.

1. My friend is a person.

∩ nice ∩ nicely

2. He played the drums

○ good

O well

3. The cat ate _____ from the bowl.

hunger

hungrily

My Writing

Write a paragraph from (4 - 6) sentences about :

"Nature trail"

اکتب فقرة إنشائية من (٤-٦) جمل عن متنزه طبيعى.

My Project

5 Design a perfect nature trail.

قم بتلوين الدائرة باللون المناسب لمستواك.



Review on unit 11



Adverbs

- They speak quietly.
- Our team are playing well.
- She eats hungrily.
- I drive the car quietly.

 Adjectives
- They are quiet speakers.
- Our team is a good team.
- She is hungry.

A text message

- Use phrases to talk about plans
- ex. Are you free on the weekend?
- Use set phrases to make suggestions
- ex. How about / What about meeting up?
- Use emojis to make the conversation fun!

- ساعد طفلك في مراجعة الوحدة الحادية عشر.

[·] Help your child review unit 11.





هذا الجزء يمكنك من ربط الكلمات التي درستها بجمل ليساعدك على التمكن من مهارة القراءة والكتابة

Topic	Guiding words	Sentences
	stream - river	A stream is like a river, but smaller.
m)	green - grass	I love the feeling of green grass.
Nature	tree - branches	A tree is a very tall plant with branches and wooden trunk.
	rock - hard	A rock is hard. It is a large stone.
	plant - leaves	That plant has flowers and lots of green leaves.
=	distance - trail	The Red Sea Mountain Trail was the first long-distance hiking trail
ain Tra	Egypt	The Red Sea Mountain Trail is in Egypt.
The Red Sea Mountain Trail	community	It is a community tourism project.
Sea	preserve - culture	It helps the local Maaza people preserve their culture.
ne Red	trading - routes	The trail follows ancient trading and hunting routes.
F	look after	The Maaza people look after the trail carefully.
	thirsty	You can get thirsty when you hike.
Hiking	hiking - shoes	I'm taking some hiking shoes for the trip.
¥	map – route	I'm taking a map to check the route.
	blanket - cold	I'm going to take a blanket in case I get cold at night.
	place - nature	Natural trail is a place you go for a hike in nature.
rail	trail - fun	The nature trail trip sounds like fun.
Nature trail	go on	I want to go on a trail to the Blue Lagoon at Dahab.
Nai	swim	We can swim at the Blue Lagoon.
	cool - animals	Wadi Degla is cool because you can see lots of animals there.

Sentence Building

100

تدرب على كيفية تكوين جملة

2. How to make a sentence:

۲. تعلم کیف تکون جملة

الجمل الخبرية

1. was - sunny - It - day - a.

2. want - do - hike - I - a desert - to.

فاعل	فعل	. باقى الجملة
1		7,100
2		7

الجمل الأمرية

1. polite - Be - parents - with - your.

2. with - cactus - Don't - play.

Don't	مصدر الفعل	. باقى الجملة
1 distante la ciol		
2		

الجمل الاستفهامية

(أ) السؤال بـ (كلمة استفهام .. ؟)

1. dates - prefer - What - you - do?

2. are - How - you ?

	كلمة الاستفهام	فعل مساعد	فاعل	فعل أساسي	? باقى السؤال
1					3 6 1
2		-1	75.5-5	at 200 mar 11 To	

(ب) السؤال بـ (هل .. ؟)

1. you - get - Do - a milkshake - want to?

2. you - Can - the - party - come - to?

فعل مساعد	فاعل	فعل أساسي	? باقى السؤال
1			3
2			

Writing skills:

٣. تعتبر مهارة الكتابة من المهارات الأساسية للتعبير عن فكرة أو موضوع لذا يجب استخدام جمل وأفكار مترابطة. قم بقراءة هذه الجمل لتساعدك على التعامل مع مهارة الكتابة (٢٤ جملة).

The Red Sea Mountain Trail

The Red Sea Mountain Trail was the first long-distance hiking trail in Egypt (1). It runs for around 170 kms through the wonderful mountains (2). It is a community tourism project (3). The trail follows ancient trading and hunting routes in the Eastern Desert (4). The Maaza people look after the trail carefully and work as guides (5). They tell the hikers about the geography and history of this wonderful place (6).

2 Getting out in the fresh air

I love the feeling of green grass (7). I like growing tomato plant because I like eating tomatoes (8). Most plants have flowers and lots of green leaves (9). A tree is a very tall plant (10). It has lots of branches and a wooden trunk (11). I love the nature (12).

Nature trail

The nature trail trip sounds like fun (13). My family and I want to go on a trail to Wadi Degla or the Blue Lagoon at Dahab (14). Mom said I can take a friend, and I want to take you (15). Wadi Degla is cool because we can see lots of animals (16). We also can swim at the Blue Lagoon (17). I love the nature (18).

What you need to pack on the Red Sea Mountain Trail

While being on the Red Sea Mountain Trail, we need some hiking shoes to protect our feet (19). There are a lot of hills and rock so we don't want to fall over (20). We need to take a hat for our head (21). We also need to take a blanket in case we get cold at night (22). We need to take sunglasses to protect our eyes (23). We need lots of water bottles (24).

Test on Unit 11

Illura 12 في نهاية الكتابي

•	Listen and write T (True) or F (False). 1. Manar is in primary two. 2. She is excited to start the second term at school. 3. She doesn't like her school. 4. She prepares her backpack for school.	T F
6	Listen and complete.	
	 Earth is on April 22nd. Earth Day is celebrated in about 200 in many countries. We should keep the healthy. 	
3	Read and match (A) with (B).	
	 1. Talia is wearing 2. It's difficult to 3. Nour accepted 4. The plant has lots 5. The tree has a wooden a. of green leaves. b. at the sky. c. trunk. d. climb that hill. e. a big ring. f. the invitation. 	

Read the text and answer the questions.

The Red Sea Mountain Trail was the first long-distance hiking trail to open in Egypt. It is a community tourism project that helps the local Maaza people preserve their culture and history. The trail follows ancient trading and hunting routes in the Eastern Desert that the Maaza people used for centuries so the Maaza people look after the trail carefully and work as guides. It takes around ten days to complete the trail.

	A. choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d.
	1. The general idea of the text is about the ""
	a. Eastern Desert b. History of Egypt
	c. Red Sea Mountain Trail d. Mountains in Egypt
	2. The underlined word "preserve" means to
	a. close b. open c. protect d. talk
	B. Answer the following questions. 3. Why do the Maaza people look after the trail?
	3. Wity do the Pidaza people look after the trail?
	4. How long does it take to complete the trail?
•€	Reorder the words to make correct sentences.
	1. too - She - fast - drove - the car.
	2. people — look — The — the trail — Maaza — after.
	3. The beauty — is — the sun — of — incredible.
	4. looking — the — What — king — at — is ?
• 6	Punctuate the following.
	1. she packed her bag for the trip
	2. do you want to get a milkshake
.6	Write a paragraph of FORTY (40) words using the following
	guiding elements.
	عجاب عنه
	فَى نُهَايِةً Your next holiday
	Guiding questions :
	 Where are you going? What are you going to do?
**	1
**	
U	

12

Vacations

العط للت



Aims of unit twelve:

In this unit I will

- listen, read, research, and write about vacations.
 استمع، أقرأ، أبحث وأكتب عن العطلات.
- think about environmental responsibility.
 - أفكر في المسئولية البيثية . – أ
- learn about natural and man-made resources.
 - أتملم عن الموارد الطبيعية والموارد التي من صنع الإنسان.
- practice using prepositions of time.
 - أتدرب على استخدام حروف الجر الخاصة بالوقت.

• listen to a conversation. - أستمع إلى محادثة. -

الأهداف العامة للوحدة الثانية عشر :

في هذه الوحدة سوف....

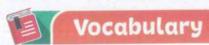
الوحدة

learn about different types of triangles.

تدريبات للأزهر الشريف في نهاية الكتاب.

- أتعلم عن أنواع مختلفة من المثلثات.
 read and say words with the th sound.
 - أقرأ وأقول كلمات بصوت th .
- think about my perfect vacation. أفكر في عطلتي المثالية.
- write a diary entry for my best day on vacation.
- اكتب يومياتي لأفضل يوم لى في العطلة. • write an (ad) for a vacation destination.
 - أكتب إعلانًا عن وجهة العطلة.

A world trip



Key vocabulary 🎓 Look and listen. انظر واستمع.



تذكرة ticket



tourist سائح



حقيبة سفر suitcase



passport جواز سفر

swimming pool حمام سباحة

فندق hotel

Extra vocabulary

husband	زوج	hotel room	غرفة فندقية
Singapore	مدينة سنغافورة	business trip	رحلة عمل
flight	رحلة طيران	daughter	ابنة
degree	درجة (مئوية)	footprints	آثار أقدام
luckily	لحسن الحظ	floor	طابق
both	كلاهما	airport	مطار
high-rise	متعدد الطوابق / ارتفاع عالي	island	جزيرة
theme park	متنزه / مدينة ترفيهية	aloud	بصوت عالِ
vacation	غطلة	museum of ice cream	متحف الآيس كريم
destination	وجهة السفر	India	دولة الهند
Japan	دولة اليابان	huge	ضخم

Notes for parents

Help your child look at the pictures and listen to the words.

- ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصور ويستمع إلى الكلمات.

Egypt is one of the most popular vacation destinations in the world. Millions of people visit Egypt every year. مصر هي واحدة من أكثر الوجهات شعبية لقضاء العطلات في العالم. ملايين من الأشخاص يزورون مصر كل عام·

Conjugation of verbs

تصريف الأفعال

Regular

Present

receive يستقبل يصدق/يعتقد believe يحزم أمتعة pack

received believed packed

Past

Irregular Present Past

forget ىنسى send يرسل

forgot sent

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

· on the roof

ا على السطح

· get through

تمر من خلال

· travel around

يسافر حول

· on vacation

في العطلة

• The Gardens by the Bay حدائق الخليج

🚖 Study these definitions. ادرس هذه التعريفات.

الكلمة Word	Definition التعريف
passport	You need this to travel to a different country. نُت بحاجة إلى هذا للسفر.
beach	You can make sandcastles and swim in the sea here. يمكنك هنا إنشاء القلاع الرملية والسباحة فى البحر.
hotel	This is somewhere to stay when you are on vacation. هذا مكان للإقامة عندما تكون في إجازة.
theme park	You can have fun here and go on different rides. بمكنك الدستمتاع هنا والذهاب في جولات مختلفة.
suitcase	You put your clothes and other things in this when you travel.
	نضع ملابسك وأشياء أخرى فى هذا عندما تسافر.

* Ask your child to read and identify the definitions.

- اطلب من طفلك أن يقرأ ويتعرف على التعريفات.

نقاط هامة على نصوص الاستماع و القراءة Main points on listening and reading texts

- · Nadia and her husband, Hany are on a business trip traveling around the world. نادية وزوجها، هاني في رحلة عمل يسافران حول العالم.
- It's hot in Singapore about 36 degrees.

الدو حارفي سنغافورة - حوالي ٣٦ درجة مئوية.

• Singapore is a wonderful city.

سنغافورة مدينة رائعة.

· Singapore is a busy city.

سنغافورة مدينة مزدحمة.

اقرأ وتعرف. .Read and identify

Things you take on vacation		Places you go on vacation	
أشياء يمكن أن تأخذها في العطلة		ماكن يمكن الذهاب إليها في العطلة	
- camera	- ticket	- beach	- theme park
- passport	- phone	- city	- swimming pool
- suitcase	- sunglasses	- hotel	- museum



🎓 Look and read. انظر واقرأ.

تدرب على ١٨ من قطع الفهم ونصوص الاستماع

Today Mom received an email from her sister Nadia, and her husband Hany. They are on a business trip traveling around the world. Nadia and Hany were in India last week, and this week they are in Singapore. Mom is reading the email aloud to her daughter Rana and her son Ali.



تلقت الأم اليوم رسالة بريد إلكتروني من أختها نادية وزوج أختها هاني. إنهما في رحلة عمل يسافران حول العالم، وكانت نادية وهاني في الهند الأسبوع الماضي، وهما في سنغافورة هذا الأسبوع. تقرأ الأم البريد الإلكتروني بصوت عال لابنتها رنا وابنها على.

Notes for parents

. Help your child look at the picture and read the email.

- ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصورة ويقرأ البريد الإلكتروني.

To: Samiax@mail.com

Subject : My trip

Dear Samia.

Hello to you all from Singapore! It's hot here - about 36 degrees. Luckily, we've got a lovely hotel room. We're on the 42nd floor. The view is beautiful and we can see the beach. There's a huge swimming pool on the roof of the hotel! Can you believe it? The flight from India took about six hours, but it was comfortable and we both slept. It didn't take long to get through the airport when we arrived - we got our suitcases straight away.

Singapore is a wonderful city. There are lots of high-rise buildings, but there are also many parks, gardens, and trees to sit under and relax. The Gardens by the Bay is a really special place where there are flowers and plants from all around the world. We spent a lot of time there. You really forget that you're in the middle of a busy city.

Yesterday, we went on a boat trip with some other tourists to an island. There is a theme park. It was so much fun! After that, we visited the museum of ice cream ! I had a "Queen Bee" ice cream which is vanilla and honey with chocolate. It was great!

I hope you are all well. We will fly to Japan tomorrow and I'll send you another email when we arrive. Now I have to find our tickets and passports and pack our suitcases again!

Love. Nadia

عزيزتي سامية مرحبًا بكم جميعًا من سنغافورة ! الجو حار هنا - حوالي ٣٦ درجة مئوية. لحسن الحظ، لدينا غرفة فندقية جميلة. نحن في الطابق ٤٢. المنظر جميلٌ ويمكننا رؤية الشاطئ. يوجد حمام سباحة ضخم على سطح الفندق! هل يمكنك تصديق ذلك ؟ استغرقت الرحلة من الهند حوالي ست ساعات، لكنها كانت مريحة كلانا كان نائم. لم يستغرق عبور المطار وقتًا طويلًا عندماً وصلنا - لقد حصلنا على حقائبنا على الفور. سنغافُورة مُدينة رائعةً. هناكُ الكثير من المباني الشاهقة، ولكن هناكٍ أيضًا العديد من المتنزهات والحدائق والأشجار للجلوس تحتها والاسترخاءً. تعد حدائق الخليج مكانًا خِاصًا حقًّا حيث توجد الزهور والنباتات من جميع أنحاء العالم. لقد أمضينا الكثير من الوقت. هناك. لقد نسيت حقًّا أنك في وسط مدينة مزدَّحمة. بالأمس، ذهبنا في رحلة بالقارب مع بعض السياح الآخرين إلى إحدى الجزر وكان بها مدينة ترفيهية. لقد كان الأمر ممتعًا للغاية ! بعد ذلك لقد قمناً بزيارة متحف الآيس كريم ! تناولت آيس كريم 'Queen Bee' وهو من الفائيليا والعسل مع الشوكولاتة. كان رائعًا! أتمني أن يكونٍ كل شيء على ما يرام. سنسافر إلى اليابان غدًا وسأرسل إليك بريدًا إلكترونيًا آخر عندما نصل. الآن يجب على أن أحضر تذاكر وجوازات السفر الخاصة بنا وأن أحزم حقائبنا مرة أخرى!

1	Demon	strate understand	ing of details.	فهمك للتفاصيل.	حدد
	LEARN	They can see the a. airport	b, museum	n the hotel room. c. beach	d. park
	PRACTICE	2. "Queen Bee" is a ki a. animals	nd ofb. fruits	c. ice cream	d. vegetable

Lesson 1

نصوص الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

General Exercises on
• Understand • Apply • Create
1 Listen and write T (True) or F (False).
1. Yasser has three people in his family.
2. His father is called Ali.
3. His mother is a teacher.
4. Yasser has two sisters.
Read the text and answer the question
Last week, we went on a school trip to our school bus. When we got to the zoo, We walked all around the zoo. There we We saw two giraffes. They were yellow owere tall. The giraffes were from Africa. leaves. We saw four bears. They were brijump and hide near the tree. We saw a to

1. Yasser has three people in his family. 2. His father is called Ali. 3. His mother is a teacher.
4. Yasser has two sisters.
Read the text and answer the questions. Last week, we went on a school trip to the zoo. We got on our school bus. When we got to the zoo, we got into groups. We walked all around the zoo. There were so many animals. We saw two giraffes. They were yellow and black. They were tall. The giraffes were from Africa. They eat grass and leaves. We saw four bears. They were brown. They could run, jump and hide near the tree. We saw a tiger. It was black and orange. It was from India. It likes to eat meat. It was a wonderful trip. We had a nice time there.
A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d. 1. The main idea of the text is about "

Reorder the v		
1. a – they – w	ent — to — <u>Yesterday</u> ,— museum.	
2. the weekend	l – suitcases – packed – <u>We</u> – our –	for.
3. vacation – o	n — take — do — you — <u>What</u> ?	
4. Japan – <u>We</u>	– fly – tomorrow – to – will.	
and the state of		
Punctuate the	following.	
1. where are Ho	any and Nadia now	
2. Today Mom	received an email from nadia	

Write a parag	raph of FORTY (40) words usi ding elements.	
Write a parag following gui	raph of FORTY (40) words usi ding elements. A trip	ng the مجاب عنه في نهاية
following gui	A trip	مجاب عنه
Write a parag following guid Guiding words suitcase	A trip	مجاب عنه
following guid	A trip	مجاب عنه
following guid	A trip	مجاب عنه
following guid	A trip lovely	مجاب عنه
following guid	A trip lovely	صحاب عنه فی نهایهٔ الکتاب
following guid	A trip lovely	صحاب عنه فی نهایهٔ الکتاب
following guid	A trip lovely	صحاب عنه فی نهایهٔ الکتاب
following guid	A trip lovely	صحاب عنه فی نهایهٔ الکتاب
following guid	A trip lovely	صحاب عنه فی نهایهٔ الکتاب

CLIL: Science



Vocabulary

Key vocabulary 🎓 Look and listen. انظر واستمع.





grain حبوب

gold ups

bicycle دراجة

galabeya جلابية







sand llo

plastic plates أطباق بلاستيكية

reeds (جرید)

Extra vocabulary

natural resources	موارد طبيعية	lucky	محظوظ
man-made resources	موارد من صنع الإنسار	nature	قديبك
materials	مواد خام	human	بشر / إنسان
stone	בבּת	farmer	فلاح / مزازع
leather	جلد	sunlight	ضوء الشمس
fertile banks	ضفاف خصبة	lucky	محظوظ
tea	شای	crops	محاصيل
bread	خبز	baskets	سلال
umbrella	شمسية / مظلة	market	سوق
cotton	قطني	shine	تشرق

Conjugation of verbs

تصريف الأفعال

Regular

Irregular

Present

boil ىغلى harvest لحصد

Past

boiled harvested

Present

make يصنع wake ستبقظ

Past

made woke

Notes for parents

· Help your child look at the pictures and listen to the words.

- ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصور ويستمع إلى الكلمات.

ask سال asked want wanted חוד rain rained بمطر

sold sell يبيع be was / were فعل يكون

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

· find in · examples of بحد في أمثلة لـ · put on · live on ں تدی ىعىش على · put into · use (...) for يضع فى ىستخدم (...) ل

بالطائرة

- نقاط هامة علي نصوص الاستماع و القراءة Main points on listening and reading texts
- · Natural resources are materials we can find in nature.

الموارد الطبيعية هي مواد نجدها في الطبيعة.

- Trees and stones are natural resources. تعتبر الأشجار والأحجار موارد طبيعية.
- Man-made resources are materials or things that humans have made. الموارد البشرية هن مواد أو أشياء من صنع الدنسان.
- Plastic bottles and cotton clothes are man-made resources.

الزجاجات البلدستيكية والملابس القطنية هي موارد من صنع الدنسان.



· by plane

Pop Quiz on Vocabulary

يقوم التلميذ بأداء تدريب تلقائي على الكلمات السابقة بعد قراءتها

choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d.

- 1. Cotton, grain and reeds are a. stones c. lessons
 - b. crops
- d. classes
- 2. We went to the to buy some vegetables. a. school b. hospital c. market d. cinema
- 3. My shoes are made of
 - a. gold b. iron
- c. cotton
- d. leather
- 4. I like to wear It's comfortable.
 - a. galabeya b. umbrella
- c. stones
- d. plastic

Ask your child to choose the correct answer.

- اطلب من طفلك أن يختار الإجابة الصحيحة.

Resources الموارد

Natural resources are materials or things we can find in nature. Trees and stone, are examples of natural resources.

> الموارد الطبيعية هي مواد أو أشياء يمكن أن نجدها في الطبيعة. الأشجار والأحجار أمثلة للموارد الطبيعية





Man-made resources are materials or things that humans have made. Plastic bottles and cotton clothes are examples of man-made resources.

الموارد البشرية هي موارد أو أشياء صنعها الإنسان. الزجاجات البلاستيكية والملابس القطنية هي أمثلة على الموارد البشرية.







Pop تدرب على ١٨ من قطع الفهم ونصوص الاستماع

Farouk is a farmer(1) in Aswan. Every morning, he wakes up and puts on his galabeya(2) and leather(3) shoes. He boils some water for tea and eats some bread and fruit.

Because Farouk lives in Aswan, he knows that the sun will shine (4) most days. He is lucky that he lives on the fertile banks (5) of the Nile so that he can use the water for his crops. Today, Farouk is harvesting the grain, putting it into baskets made from reeds, and taking it to sell at the market.



Check Vocabulary

- فلاح / مزارع (1)
- حلابية (2)
- (3) ala
- تشرق (4)
- ضفاف (5)

وضح العلاقة بين الأفكار. . Describe the relationship between ideas.

LEARN

- 1. Where does Farouk live?
- He lives in Aswan.

PRACTICE 2. Where does Farouk sell the grain?

- Help your child look at the pictures, read and learn about resources.
- Help your child look and read the story.

- ساعد طفلك أن ينظر ويقرأ القصة

فاروق مزارع في أسوان. كل صباح. يستيقظ ويرتدي الجلابية والحذاء الجلدي. يغلي بعض الماء للشاي ويأكل بعض الخبز والفاكهة. لأنه يعيش في أسوان، يعلم فاروق أن الشمس ستشرق في معظم الأيام. إنه محظوظ لأنه يعيش على ضفاف النيل الخصبة حتى يتمكن من استخدام الماء لمحاصيله. واليوم يحصد فاروق الحبوب ويضعها في سلال مصنوعة من الجريد ويأخذها للبيع في السوق.



🎓 Look and read. انظر واقرأ.

تدرب على ١٨ من قطع الفهم ونصوص اللستماع

Check Vocabulary

عطلة (1)

مظلة (3)

حقيبة سفر (2)



Reem is going on vacation(1). She is traveling to Canada by plane. Today, she is

packing her suitcase(2). She knows that there is often rain in Canada, so she is taking her umbrella(3). It can also

be cold there, so she is packing a sweater. Reem loves swimming and asked her friend in Canada if there was a place she could swim. Her friend said she didn't live near the sea, but she could swim in a river or a lake if she wanted to.

ستذهب ريم في إجازة. إنها تسافر إلى كندا بالطائرة. اليوم، هي تحزم حقيبتها. إنها تعلم أنه غالبًا ما تمطر في كندا، لذا فهي تأخذ مظلتها. يمكن أن يكون الجو باردًا أيضًا، لذا فهي تحزم سترة. تحب ريم السباحة وسألت صديقتها في كندا عما إذا كان هناك مكان يمكنها السباحة فيه. قالت صديقتها إنها لا تعيش بالقرب من البحر، لكنها تستطيع السياحة في نهر أو بحيرة إذا أرادت ذلك.

Demon	strate understand	ling of specific de	tails فهمك للتفاصيل	وضح
LEARN	Reem is traveling a. train	to Canada byb. car	c. plane	d. bus
PRACTICE	2. Reem loves	b. jumping	c. running	d. sleeping

Read and identify.

اقرأ وتعرف.

Natural r	esources	Man-made	resources
The Nile sunlight river crops grain	water lake sea reeds	galabeya leather shoes bread	bicycle plastic baskets clothes

. Help your child look at the picture and read the text.

- ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصورة ويقرأ النص.

· Help your child read and identify nature and man-made resources.

· ساعد طفلك أن يقرأ ويتعرف على الموارد الطبيعية والموارد التي من صنع الإنسان.

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General Exercises

on Lesson 2

نصوص الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

 Jack was a	ne found Jack.
2. Read and match (A) with (B) 1. Natural resources are materials 2. Man-made resources are materials 3. My father put on 4. Reem is traveling 5. My mother boils	a. that humans have made b. ask questions. c. we can find in nature. d. some water for tea. e. his galabeya last Friday. f. to Canada by plane.
and puts on his galabeya and water for tea and eats some b	e. Every morning he wakes up leather shoes. He boils some read and fruit. on the fertile banks of the Nile.

water for his crops. Today, Farouk is harvesting the grain,

putting it into baskets made from reeds, and taking it to sell

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d. 1. Farouk's shoes are made of a. feather b. cotton c. plastic d leather 2. The underlined phrase "puts on" means to a. clean b. hear c. wear d. learn B. Answer the following questions. 3. Summarize the second paragraph in one sentence. 4. Where does Farouk sell his crops? Reorder the words to make correct sentences. 1. rain - Canada - in - is - often - There. 2. their crops - farmers - can - What - use - for ? 3. resources — of — Sunlight — is — an example — natural. 4. suitcase — today — Is — she — packing — her ? • 6 Write a paragraph of FORTY (40) words using the following guiding elements. Man-made resources **Guiding elements:** humans plastic bottles

at the market.



Vocabulary

😭 Listen and repeat. استمع وردد.

Key vocabulary

traditional	تقلیدی	day trip	رحلة نهارية
stalls	أكشاك	handicrafts	حرف يدوية
diary	يوميات / مفكرة يومية	bus ride	جولة (رحلة) بالحافلة

Extra vocabulary

complete	مكتمل	Jordanian	أردني الجنسية
crafts	حرف	desert tours	جولات صحراوية
trading center	مرکز تجاری	quite	إلى حد ما / تمامًا
destination	وجهة / المكان المقصود	chance	فرصة
tour guide	مرشد سیاحی	colorful	ملون

Famous countries and places | 5100 100 15 10 100

the same of the last section in the last secti	The Parties of the Pa	دول والعاكل مستعنورت	
Memphis restaurant	مطعم ممفیس	Roman Amphitheater	المدرج الروماني
Amman Citadel	قلعة عمان	Abu Jaber Museum	متحف أبو جابر
Archaeological Museum	المتحف الأثرى	As-Salt (السلط (مدينة في الأردر
Jordan	دولة الأردن	the Dead Sea	البحر الميت
Zambia	دولة زامبيا		

Conjugation of verbs

تصريف الدفعال

Regular

Pre	esent	Past
enjoy	يستمتع	enjoyed
explore	يستكشف	explored
head	يصدر/يتجه	headed
reach	یمتد / یصل	reached
carry	يحمل	carried
land	يهبط	landed
wander	يتجول	wandered

Irregular

Pres	sent	Past
meet	یقابل	met
drive	یقود	drove
ride	یرکب	rode
buy	یشتری	bought

Notes for parents

· Help your child listen to the words and repeat them.

- ساعد طفلك أن يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددهم.

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

· check in

- ينزل في (الفندق)
- · walk through
- ىمشى عبر
- about an hour away fromحوالي ساعة من
- · arrive at the airport
- يصل إلى المطار · on the way for على الطريق لأجل
- after a late lunch بعد الغداء المتأخر
- · head out of پخرج من
- float on the water تطفوعلى الماء
- write down یکتب / بدون / پسجل
- · was born

Study these definitions

ادرس هذه التعريفات

الكلمة Word	Definition التعريف
diary	is a book in which you write down things that happen to you each day. هو كتاب تدون فيه الأشياء التي تحدث لك كل يوم
diary entry	is a piece of writing in a diary. هى جزء من الكتابة فى يوميات.

🎓 Look, listen and read. انظر، استمع واقرأ.

Desert Tours Trip to Jordan October 4 - 8

Day 1: Arrive in Amman and check in to our hotel in the middle of the city. Enjoy some free time in the city before meeting at the Memphis restaurant for a traditional Jordanian dinner in the evening.



اليوم الأول: الوصول إلى عمان والتسجيل في فندقنا في وسط المدينة، استمتع بوقت الفراغ في المدينة قبل التجمع في مطعم ممفيس لتناول عشاء أردني تقليدي في المساء.

Day 2: Today we enjoy a tour of Amman. Visit the famous Amman Citadel before exploring the Roman Amphitheater

Help your child read and identify of the given words.

[.] Help your child look at the pictures, listen and read the text.

⁻ ساعد طفلك أن يقرأ ويتعرف على تعريف الكلمات المعطاة. - ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصورة، يستمع و يقرأ النص.

and the Archaeological Museum. After a late lunch in a local restaurant, spend the afternoon and evening walking through Amman's many colorful markets.

اليوم الثاني : نستمتع اليوم بجولة في عمان. قم بزيارة قلعة عمان الشهيرة قبل استكشاف المدرج الروماني والمتحف الأثرى. بعد تناول وجبة غداء في وقت متأخر في مطعم محلي، يمكنك قضاء فترة ما بعد الظهر والمساء في التجول في أسواق عمان العديدة الملونة.

Day 3: Today we head out of the city for a daytrip to As-Salt. About an hour away from Amman, in the ancient town of As-Salt you will find lots of local Jordanian culture. The markets are wonderful and there are many traditional arts and crafts to buy. We will visit the Abu Jaber Museum and discover the history of As-Salt as Jordan's important trading center.

اليوم الثالث: اليوم نخرج من المدينة في رحلة نهارية إلى مدينة السلط. على بعد حوالي ساعة من عمان، في بلدة السلط القديمة ستجد الكثير من الثقافة الأردنية المحلية. الأسواق رائعة وهناك العديد من الفنون والحرف التقليدية للشراء. سنزور متحف أبو جابر ونستكشف تاريخ السلط كمركز تجاري مهم في الأردن.

Day 4: No visit to Jordan is complete without a trip to the Dead Sea. There is so much salt in this sea that you are able to float on the water! You can also enjoy the Dead Sea mud, which is very good for your skin.

اليوم الرابع: لا تكتمل زيارة الأردن بدون رحلة إلى البحر الميت. يوجد الكثير من الملح في هذا البحر بحيث يمكنك أن تطفو على الماء! يمكنك أيضًا الاستمتاع بطين البحر الميت، وهو مفيد جدًا لبشرتك.

Day 5: After enjoying a relaxed breakfast, we leave at 11 am to drive three hours back to Amman. We will stop on the way for lunch before arriving at the airport at 5 pm.



اليوم الخامس: بعد الاستمتاع بوجبة إفطار ممتعة، نغادر الساعة ١١ صباحًا لنعود لمدة ثلاث ساعات إلى عمان. سنتوقف في الطريق لتناول طعام الغداء قبل الوصول إلى المطار في الساعة الخامسة مساءً.



tisten and read. استمع واقرأ.

تدرب على ١٨ من قطع الفهم ونصوص الاستماع

Nahla's diary entry

Thursday, October 6th

Dear Diary,

Today was the best day ever! I love anything to do with history - I always go to the museum at home, so today was a special day for me. The bus ride wasn't too bad. It only took an hour to reach our destination. I listened to music on the way and the time went quite quickly. When we arrived, we had the chance to wander through the streets and several people bought traditional Jordanian handicrafts from the stalls. I bought a lovely colorful rug. Saleh (our tour guide) was very kind and took it to the bus for me so that I didn't have to carry it around! That was lucky because I spent hours in the museum!

الخميس ٦ أكتوبر

مذكرتي العزيزة

كان اليوم أفضل يوم على الإطلاق! أحب أي شيء له علاقة بالتاريخ - سأذهب دائمًا إلى المتحف، لذلك كان اليوم يومًا مميزًا بالنسبة لي. لم تكن رحلة الحافلة سيئة للغاية. استغرق الأمر ساعة واحدة فقط للوصول إلى وجهتنا. استمعت إلى الموسيقي في الطريق ومر الوقت سريعًا. عندما وصلنا، أتيحت لنا الفرصة للتجول في الشوارع واشترى العديد من الأشخاص المشغولات اليدوية الأردنية التقليدية من الأكشاك. اشتريت بساط (سجادة) جميل ملون. كان صالح (مرشدنا السياحي) لطيفًا جدًا وحملها إلى الحافلة من أجلى حتى لا أضطر إلى التجول بها! كان ذلك محظوظًا لأننى قضيت ساعات في المتحف.

Demor	nstrate understar	ding of specific d	اetailsاletails	وضح فهمك للتن	
LEARN	Nahla bought a la a.toy	b.book	C-pen	d.rug	
PRACTICE	Nahla spent hour a.museum	s in theb.office	Chome	d.library	

- ساعد طفلك أن يستمع ويقرأ مذكرات نهلة اليومية

[·] Help your child listen and read Nahla's diary entry.

▶ Language Focus Part 2

😭 Listen and read. أستمع واقرأ.

Vocabulary

basketball	كرة السلة	flight	رحلة جوية
go swimming	يذهب للسباحة	ready	مستعد
go shopping	يذهب للتسوق	remind	يُذَكّر
dentist	طبیب أسنان	Shall we ?	هل يمكننا ؟
appointment	موعد المساورة	lunchtime	وقت الغداء

Audioscript

استمع، اقرأ وتبادل الأدوار. Listen, read and role-play.

Narrator 们



Hi Ayman, do you want to play basketball after school on Thursday?

مرحبًا أيمن، هل تريد أن تلعب كرة سلة بعد المدرسة يوم الخميس؟



On Thursday? I'm sorry, I can't, I go swimming on Thursdaus.

يوم الخميس ؟ آسف، لا أستطيع أنا أذهب للسباحة أيام الخميس.

Narrator 🙆



Hello Amira, shall we go shopping on the weekend? مرحبًا أميرة، هل يمكننا الذهاب للتسوق في عطلة نهاية الأسبوع ؟



Yes please, that sounds good! نعم من فضلك، تبدو فكرة جيدة!

Notes for parents

- . Help your child listen to the words and repeat them.
- ساعد طفلك أن يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددها.
- · Help your child listen to the mini dialogues and let him/her say what he/she listens to correctly, then ask him/her to

ساعد طفلك في الاستماع إلى المحادثات القصيرة، ودعه يقول ما يسمعه بطريقة صحيحة، ثم اطلب منه أن يتبادل الأدوار مع زملائه.

Narrator 6



Fareed, remember you have a dentist's appointment this afternoon. تذكر لديك موعد طبيب الأسنان يا فريد وقت الظهيرة.



Oh yes, it's at five o'clock, isn't it ? ؟ اليس كذلك؟



Yes, that's right.

حسنًا هذا صحيح.



Ok, thanks Dad.

حسنًا، شكاً لا أس.

Narrator 4



Talia, our flight leaves at 11 am.

ستغادر رحلتنا الجوية في الحادية عشرة صباحًا يا تاليا.



Ok Mom, I'll be ready.

حسنًا والدتى، سأكون مستعدة.

Narrator 6



Mom, remember I'm playing football with Ramy in the morning. تذكرس يا والدتى سألعب كرة القدم مع رامى فى الصباح.



Oh, yes, that's fine Sherif. Thanks for reminding me. حسنًا، هذا جيد يا شريف. شكرًا لك لتذكرتك لى.

Narrator (7)



Mom, when are we visiting Grandma and Grandpa? متی ستزورین جدتی وجدی یا والدتی ؟



We're going in July, Sara. Not long now. سنذهب في يوليو، يا سارة، ليس وقتًا طويلًد.

Language Focus

Prepositions of time حروف الجر الخاصة بالوقت

• To say when something happens, we use prepositions of time.

• لنخبر متى شيء ما يحدث، نستخدم حروف الجر الخاصة بالوقت.

on

Before days of the week

قبل أيام الدُسبوع

- ex. I'll see you on Tuesday.
- Before specific dates قبل التواريخ المحددة
 - The final exam is on June 29th.
- With special days or occasions مع أيام ومناسبات خاصة
- ex. I'll get many presents on my birthday.
- With these phrases

مع هذه العبارات

- on holiday في الوقت المحدد on time في الوقت المحدد
- on the weekend في عطلة نهاية الأسبوع

Specific time

قيل وقت محدد

ex. - The first lesson begins at 8 o'clock.

لىلاً

With these phrases

مع هذه العبارات

- at night

- at midnight في منتصف الليل

- at midday
- في وقت الغداء at lunchtime في منتصف النهار

Notes for parents

- Help your child know how to use prepositions of time.
- ساعد طفلك أن يعرف كيف يستخدم حروف الجر الخاصة بالوقت.



· With times of the day

مع أوقات اليوم

- in the morning
- in the afternoon
- in the evening
- ex. In the morning, I always run for 30 minutes.
- مع فصول السنة والشهور والسنوات With seasons, months and years
- spring summer winter autumn
- January March September
- 2012 1989 2000 2019
- ex. In summer I go to the beach.



Pop Quiz on Language Focus

يقوم التلميذ بأداء تدريب تلقائي لإتقان القواعد اللغوية

choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

- 1. We went back to our hotel about midnight.
 - a. on

- b. in
- d. next
- 2. The flight landed 4 o'clock.
 - a. in

- b. at
- d. under

- 3. It's warm October.
 - a. at
- b. next
- c. in
- d. on
- 4. We go to the club Saturdays.
 - a. at

- b. on
- c. in
- d. by
- 5. Reem's birthday is December 4th.
 - a. by

- b. on
- c. in
- d. at

Ask your child to choose the correct answer.

- اطلب من طفلك أن يختار الإجابة الصحيحة.

General Exercises

(Parts 1&2)

الاستماع في نعاية الكتابي

• Understand

Apply

· Create

- E B	Listen	and	come	1040
-	LISTEIL	anu	Comp	lete.

- 1. Camels are called "ships of the"
- 2. They can travel and in the desert.
- 3. They can also carry things over long distances.
- 4. They can easily in the desert .

Read and match (A) with (B).

- 1. The Dead Sea mud is .
- 2. A diary entry is a piece
- 3. We had dinner
- 4. We went to the hotel
- 5. My dad goes to his work in

a. the morning.

- b. at a nice restaurant.
- c. and checked in.
- d. good for your skin.
- e. of writing in a diary.
- f. for lunch.

Read the text and answer the questions.

On Monday, we arrived in Amman. The flight landed at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. It was about 26 degrees and I was surprised that it was so warm in October. We went to our hotel and checked in. Our room was very comfortable. Later that evening, we had dinner at the Memphis restaurant in the city center. Amman is a really busy city at night. We walked around the markets and bought some traditional handicrafts. We went back to our hotel at about midnight.

	a. relaxing		ortable means c. bad	
	 They bought a. cards 	ht some tradition b. souvenirs	onalfr c. handicrafts	om the marked
В	3. Summarize	the text in one		
	4. How is Am	man at night ?		
R	eorder the wo	rds to make o	correct sentence	es.
1.	the weekend –	we – on – go –	Shall – swimmin	g ?
2.	to visit – like –	would – What	– you – country i	?
77	the weekend –	park — I — the -	- on – go to.	
3.				***********************

- 1. our tour guide was very kind
- how many museums can you visit

Al-Azhar Park Part 1



Vocabulary

🎓 Listen and repeat. استمع وردد.

Key vocabulary

bench	مقعد	Al-Azhar Park	حديقة الأزهر
awesome	رائع / مدهش	away	بعيدًا

Extra vocabulary

summer	فصل الصيف	possible	ممكن
job	وظيفة	group	مجموعة
playground	بداه	meal	وجبة

Conjugation of verbs

Past

تصريف الأفعال

Regular

Present

stayed stay يقيم phoned phone يتصل agreed agree يوافق, seemed seem يبدو

Irregular

feel	يشعر
come .	یأتی
think	يفكر

Present

Past felt came thought

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

- · go on vacation
- يذهب في أحازة
- · at the end of the afternoon

· That wasn't possible

- فى نهاية فترة ما بعد الظهيرة
- · a bit low

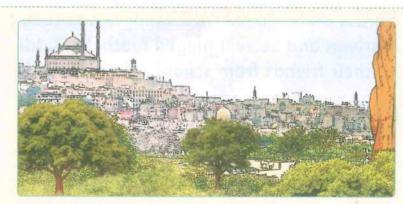
- متضايق قليلًا هذا مستحيلًا
- · want to be
- يريد أن يكون
- · feel better · run past
- يتحسن يجرى أمام
- · agree to
- يوافق على

Notes for parents

· Help your child listen to the words and repeat them.

· ساعد طفلك أن يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددهم.

took, listen and read. انظر، استمع واقرأ.



Seleem was feeling sad. It was a hot summer, school was over and he wanted to go on vacation. His cousin Sherif was away at the beach and Seleem wanted to be there too. His family usually went on vacation with Sherif's family, but this year that wasn't possible - Seleem's dad had a new job and they had to stay in Cairo.

كان سليم يشعر بالحزن، كان صبقًا حارًا، وانتهت المدرسة وأراد الذهاب في إجازة. كان ابن عمه شريف بعيدًا على الشاطئ وكان سليم يريد أن يكون هناك أيضًا. عادة ما كانت عائلته تقضى إجازة مع عائلة شريف، لكن هذا العام لم يكن ذلك ممكنًا، فقد حصل والدسليم على وظيفة جديدة وكان عليهما البقاء في القاهرة.

Marwan, his friend, phoned him, "Hey, how are you, Seleem?", "I'm feeling a bit low - I want to be at the beach," said Seleem.

"Well, this year you can't go, so let's find something else to do!" said Marwan. "I know, let's go to Al-Azhar Park".

"Hmm", said Seleem. "I don't know it, but it sounds interesting!"

اتصل به صديقه مروان قائلًا: "مرحيًا، كيف حالك يا سليم ؟" قال سليم: "أشعر بالضعف، أريد أن أكون على الشاطئ". "حسنًا، هذا العام لا يمكنك الذهاب إليه، هل يمكنك ذلك، لذلك دعونا نجد شيئًا آخر لنفعله؟" قال مروان : "أعلم، لنذهب إلى حديقة الأزهر". قال سليم: "هممم، لا أعرف، يبدو الأمر ممتعًا!"

. Help your child look at the picture, listen and read the story.

- ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصورة، يستمع ويقرأ القصة .

وافقت والدة سليم على اصطحابهم إلى الحديقة. قامت بنزهة، لذلك عندما وصلوا، جلسوا تحت شجرة كبيرة على العشب الأخضر البارد واستمتعوا بتناول طعامهم. كان يومًا حارًا جميلًا، وكان مروان وسليم يلعبان كرة القدم. وفجأة جاء رامي وماجد، صديقاهما من المدرسة، راكضين.

"Hi Ramy!" shouted Seleem. "Why are you in the city? I thought you were at the beach!".

"No", said Ramy. "My grandma's ill so Mom wanted to stay in Cairo. There's a whole group of us who stayed at home and didn't travel. Can you come to the playground with us?" Seleem asked his mom and they all went together to the playground. Mom sat on a bench and enjoyed all the beautiful plants and birds in the park.

"مرحبًا رامى!" صاح سليم. "لماذا أنت فى المدينة؟" ظننت أنك على الشاطئ"! قال رامى: "لا". "جدتى مريضة لذلك أرادت أمى البقاء فى القاهرة. هناك مجموعة كاملة منا بقيت فى المنزل ولم تسافر. هل يمكنك القدوم إلى الملعب معنًا؟" سأل سليم والدته وذهبا جميعًا معًا إلى الملعب. جلست أمى على مقعد واستمتعت بكل النباتات والطيور الجميلة فى الحديقة.

"I think this is a fantastic place", said Mom at the end of the afternoon. "I can see there's a show next week. Let's come back with Dad, see the show, and have a meal at the restaurant". Seleem felt very happy — now he knew his friends were in town and they had a wonderful park, it seemed that summer in the city would be awesome!

قالت أمى فى نهاية فترة ما بعد الظهيرة: "أعتقد أن هذا مكان رائع". " أستطيع أن أرى أن هناك عرضًا الأسبوع المقبل. دعنا نعود مع أبى، ونشاهد العرض ونتناول وجبة فى المطعم". شعر سليم بسعادة بالغة - الآن يعلم أن أصدقاءه فى المدينة ولديهم حديقة رائعة، بدا أن الصيف فى المدينة سيكون رائعًا!

Lesson 4

Part 2 > Pronunciation



🚖 Listen and repeat. استمع وردد.

- ساعد طفلك أن يميز بين أصوات / 9/ و / 5/. - ساعد طفلك أن يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددهم.

Help your child distinguish between /θ/ and /ð/ sound.

Help your child listen to the words and repeat them.

Language Focus

The suffix اللاحقة

The suffix: is a letter or group of letters added at the end of a word to make a new word:

اللاحقة: هم إضافة حرف أو مجموعة من الأحرف في نهاية الكلمة لتكوين كلمة جديدة.

base	suffix	adjective
danger	– ous	dangerous
act	- ive	active

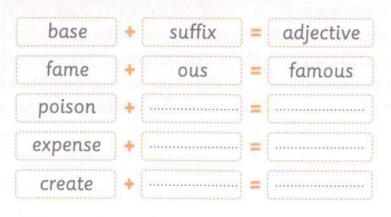
- ex. Ali swims and runs. He is very active.
 - Be careful! That snake is poisonous.
 - Everyone knows Soha. She is famous.



Pop Quiz on Language Focus

يقوم التلميذ بأداء تدريب تلقائي لإتقان القواعد اللغوية

Add the suffix (– ous or – ive) to make adjectives and write the new word.



Notes for parents

· Help your child identify the meaning of the suffix.

مرا الله والمرابع المرابع المرابع الله والمرابع المرابع المراب

Ask your child to add the suffix "_ous or _ive" to the base word and write the new word.

· اطلب من طفلك أن يضيف اللاحقة "ive_" أو "ous_" إلى الكلمة الأساسية ويكتب الكلمة الجديدة.

General Exercises

on Lesson 4 (Parts 1&2)

نصوص الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب

• Understand	Apply	Create	في نهاية الكتاب
• 1 Listen ar	nd write T	(True) or F (False).	
1. Tarek i	s so excit	ed about his next vacatior	ı.
2. He wil	l go to th	e beach with his friends.	
3. Tarek	will build	a sandcastle.	
4. His ted	acher will	help him to swim in the se	ea.
· Read the	text and	answer the questions.	The county is
Al-Azho We can sp more plan	ar Park is pend a lo nts. It als	the <u>largest</u> and most beau t of time there. There are to o has a lake and cafes, too to have a big picnic.	all trees and it has
Mom ag	greed to t	ake us to Al-Azhar Park ye.	sterday. She made

Mom agreed to take us to Al-Azhar Park yesterday. She made a picnic, so when we arrived, we sat under a big tree on the cool grass and enjoyed our food. I met my friends there. It was such a beautiful day, and we played football together. Mom sat on a bench and enjoyed all the beautiful plants and birds in the park. We had a nice time there.

A. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d.

2. The underlined word "largest" means

a. tallest b. hottest c. shortest

B. Answer the following questions.

3. Summarize the first paragraph in one sentence.

4. Who met the writer at the park?

d. biggest

2. dad - new - had - Seleem's - a - job.

3. in Cairo – a fantastic – Al-Azhar – is – Park – place.

4. did – eat – the park – What – you – in ?

Punctuate the following.

1. many tourists come to visit egypt.

2. what did you eat in the park

Write a paragraph of Forty (40) words using the following guiding elements.

Al-Azhar Park

مجاب عنه في نهاية الكتاب

Guiding questions:

• What things did you do in Al-Azhar Park?

· Who did you go with?

Lesson

4

Part 3 CLIL: Math



🎓 Listen and repeat. استمع وردد.

Key vocabulary

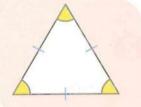
The state of the s	The state of the s		
triangle	مثلث	side	جانب
shape	شكل	equilateral triangle	مثلث متساوى الأضلاع
right angle	زاوية قائمة	isosceles triangle	مثلث متساوى الساقين
length	.طول	scalene triangle	مثلث مختلف الأضلاع

😭 Look, read and learn. انظر، اقرأ وتعلم.

A triangle is a 2D shape with three sides. المثلث هو شكل ثنائى الأبعاد بثلاث أضلاع.

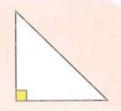
An equilateral triangle has 3 equal sides.

المثلث متساوى الأضلاع له 3 أضلاع متساوية.



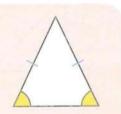
A right angle triangle has 1 angle that measures 90°.

المثلث قائم الزاوية لديه زاوية واحدة قائمة قياسها ٩٠ درجة.



An isosceles triangle has 2 sides of equal length.

المثلث المتساوى الساقين لديه ضلعين متساويين في الطول.



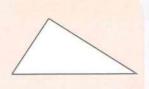
[.] Help your child listen to the words and repeat them.

⁻ ساعد طفلك أن يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددهم.

Help your child look at the pictures, read and learn about types of triangle.

[·] ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصور، يقرأ ويتعلم عن الأنواع المختلفة من المثلث.

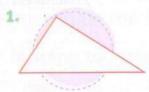
المثلث مختلف الأضلاع لديه 3 أضلاع مختلفة الطول.



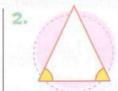


Pop Quiz on Math

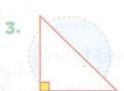
Look and circle the correct triangle type.



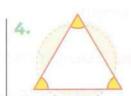
right angle / scalene



isosceles / equilateral



right angle / isosceles



equilateral / scalene

Read and complete.

- 1. An triangle has three equal sides.
- 2. A triangle has one angle that measures 90°.
- 3. An triangle has two sides of equal length.
- 4. A triangle has three sides of different length.

Look and write.

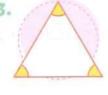












Notes for parents

- 1. Ask your child to look at the pictures and circle the correct triangle type.
 - اطلب من طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصور ويضع دائرة حول نوع المثلث الصحيح.
- · اطلب من طفلك أن يقرأ ويكمل الجمل بالكلمة الصحيحة. 2. Ask your child to read and complete the sentences with the correct word. 3. Ask your child to look at the shapes and write the correct triangle type.

Lessons

▶ Writing

▶ Project

Vocabulary

😭 Listen and repeat. استمع وردد.

Veu vocabulary

Statement of the Statem			
sights	مشاهد	snorkeling	رياضة الغطس
beach buggies	عربات الشاطئ	race	ğlım

Extra vocabulary

special	خاص	busy	مزدحم / مشغول
perfect	مثالي	brightly - colored	دُو اُلوان زاهية
sand dunes	كثبان رملية	local dishes	أطباق محلية
chef	طاه / طباخ	French	فرنسي
meal	وجبة	formal language	لغة رسمية

Famous places and Countries

			91	-0.12	. 5
0	amu	100	MIO	16	اما
-	4			-	

Ali Ben Youssef Madrasa		Jardin Majorelle	
مر مدارس المغرب)	مدرسة على بن يوسف (من أشم	ة مراكش)	حديقة ماجوريل (مدينا
Marrakech	مدينة مراكش	The Eiffel Tower	برج إيفل
Morocco	دولة المغرب	the Louvre	متحف اللوڤر
France	دولة فرنسا	Paris	باريس
Jemaa el-Fnaa (ساحة جامع الفتا (سوق في مراكش		

Conjugation of verbs

تصريف الأفعال

Regular

Present

try يحاول wait ينتظر

Past tried waited

Irregular

Present

speak ىتحدث understand يفهم

spoke understood

Past

ساعد طفلك أن يستمع إلى الكلمات ويرددهم.

[.] Help your child listen to the words and repeat them.

Important expressions and prepositions

تعبيرات وحروف جرهامة

· made of

فى نهاية ال... ... At the end of ... مصنوع من

· keep up

· go back

Look and read. انظر واقرأ Pop تدرب على ١٨ من قطع الفهم ونصوص الاستماع

Reem

Dear Diary,

I had such a cool day today. I went on the river. We saw some famous sights from the boat, like the Louvre, a beautiful museum with fantastic paintings, and the Eiffel Tower. The Eiffel Tower is really tall and made of metal. I tried to speak French, but I couldn't really say anything. But the French people were very kind and when I



Eiffel Tower, Paris, France

spoke English, they understood me! At the end of the day we went to a French restaurant and had a wonderful meal with potatoes. It was a special day.

مذكرتي العزيزة،

لقد حظيت بيوم رائع. اليوم ذهبت إلى النهر. شاهدنا بعض المعالم السياحية الشهيرة من القارب، مثل متحف اللوفر، إنه متحف جميل ذو لوحات رائعة، وبرج إيفل. فهو مرتفع حقًّا ومصنوع من المعدن. حاولت التحدث بالفرنسية، لكنني لم أستطع قول أي شيء حقًا. لكن الفرنسيين كانوا طيبين جدًا وعندما كنت أتحدث الإنجليزية. لقد فهموني! في نهاية اليوم ذهبنا إلى مطعم فرنسي وتناولنا وجبة رائعة مع البطاطس. لقد كان يومًا خاصًا.

Dei	nonstrate under	standing of details,	تفاصيل.	وضح فهمك لل	
LEARN	Reem went on the a. river	b, office	c. hospital	d. library	
PRACTICE	2. The Louvre is a b	eautifulb. museum	c. street	d. bank	

Notes for parents

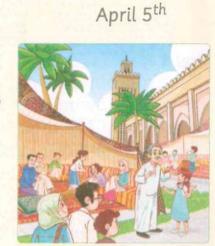
. Help your child look at the picture and read the text

· ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصورة ويقرأ النص.

Amira

Dear Diary,

I love this city! There's so much to do. Today we went to Ali Ben Youssef Madrasa. a beautiful museum that is 800 years old! We went early in the morning, but it was still very busy with people. We also visited Jardin Majorelle, a lovely graden where we had a picnic. I like it there because it reminds me a bit of Al-Azhar Park at home. But my favorite place is Jemaa el-Fnaa, the



market place. The smells coming from the market stalls make me hungry! I had a sandwich yesterday. I can't wait to go back there tomorrow!

مذكرتي العزيزة،

أنا أحب هذه المدينة! هناك الكثير لفعله. ذهبنا اليوم إلى مدرسة على بن يوسف، متحف جميل عمره ٨٠٠ عام! ذهبنا في الصباح الباكر لكنه كان لا يزال مشغولًا للغاية بالناس. زرنا أيضًا حديقة ماجوريل، وهي حديقة جميلة حيث كان لدينا نزهة. يعجبني هناك لأنه يذكرني قليلًا بحديقة الأزهر في المنزل. لكن مكاني المفضل هو جامع الفنا، مكان السوق. الروائح القادمة من أكشاك السوق تجعلني أشعر بالجوع! تناولت سندوتش أمس. لا أطيق الانتظار للعودة إلى هناك غدًا!

Descri	be the relations	nip between two idea	ن فكرتين. ١٥٠	وضح العلاقة بير	
LEARN	1. Amira a. played	Jardin Majorelle.	c. came	d, made	
PRACTICE	2. Jemaa el-Fnaa is a. place	Amira's favorite	c. food	d, happy	

· Help your child listen and read the text.

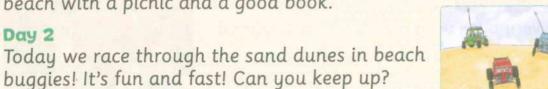
- ساعد طفلك أن يستمع ويقرأ النص.

Pop تدرب على ١٨ من قطع الفهم ونصوص اللستماع

My perfect vacation

Day 1

In the morning, we go to the beach to go snorkeling. Swim with the turtles and brightlycolored fish! The afternoon can be spent on the beach with a picnic and a good book.



Day 3

Spend a relaxed day shopping and wandering through the markets. Perhaps buy some traditional handicrafts to take home.

Day 4

Learn about the city's cultural past with a trip to the museum today. In the evening, we go to a traditional restaurant where you can see the chef making the local dishes.







عطلتي المثالية :

اليوم الأول: في الصباح نذهب إلى الشاطئ لنذهب للغطس. السباحة مع السلاحف والأسماك ذات الألوان الزاهية! يمكن قضاء فترة ما بعد الظهيرة على الشاطئ مع نزهة وكتاب جيد.

اليوم الثاني : اليوم نتسابق عبر الكثبان الرملية في عربات الشاطئ! إنه ممتع وسريع! هل بمكنك متابعة؟ اليوم الثالث: اقض يومًا مريحًا في النسوق والتجول في الأسواق. ربما تشتري بعض الحرف اليدوية التقليدية لأخذها إلى المنزل.

البوم الرابع : تعرف على الماضي الثقافي للمدينة برحلة إلى المتحف اليوم. في المساء، نذهب إلى مطعم تقليدي حيث يمكنك رؤية الشيف وهو يعد الأطباق المحلية.

Describe the relationship between ideas.

وضح العلاقة بين الأفكار.

LEARN

- 1. What did they do on the second day on their vacation?
- They race through the sand dunes in beach buggies.

PRACTICE 2. How can we learn about the city's cultural past?

Notes for parents

. Help your child look at the pictures, listen and read the text.

- ساعد طفلك أن ينظر إلى الصور، يستمع ويقرأ النص.

Writing skill

Tips for writing a diary نصائح کتابه یومیات

1 write the date.

start with "Dear Diaru".

When writing a diary, you should .

write about how you felt. include personal pronouns like "I" and "me".

describe places and events.





Pop Quiz on Writing Skill

Write a diary about something special you did.	(COO)
	A STATE OF THE STA
,	

- . Help your child know how to write a diary.
- Ask your child to write a diary about something special he/she does.
- ساعد طفلك أن يعرف كيف يكتب يوميات.

- اطلب من طفلك أن يكتب مذكرة عن شيء مميز فعله / فعلته.

General Exercises

on Lessons 5&6

نصوص Murala في نهاية الكتاب

-	 	~~~	91.00	PR 200

Apply

· Create

. 6	L	ist	en	an	d	CO	m	pl	et	e.
	_	-			1		-			-

- 1. There are five people in my
- 2. I don't have any or sisters.
- 3. My mom is a
- 4. My grandparents are staying in the first

Reorder the words to make correct sentences.

- 1. vacation on want to you Do go?
- 2. tall Eiffel The Tower is really.
- 3. museum fantastic The Louvre is a.
- 4. Morocco so to do in There's much.

Punctuate the following.

- 1. who went on a boat trip
- 2. my favorite place is Al-azhar Park.

Write a paragraph of FORTY (40) words using the following guiding elements.

Your perfect vacation

فی نهایة

Guiding elements:

- · go snorkeling
- · sand dunes

TEST YOUR SKILLS



Vacations



If you got on you need to revise the unit again on the next page. قم بتقييم نفسك بالعلامات الموضحة وإذا حصلت على 🌑 غير جيد قم بمراجعة الوحدة مرة أخرى في الصفحة التالية.

My Dictation

قياس مدى إتقان المفردات اللغوية

1 Read and write the meaning.

اقرأ واكتب المعنى.

رحلة طيران

- suitcase sunlight diary daytrip author
- إجازة موارد طبيعية thlun جواز سفر

My Reading

- 2 Read and circle the correct answer. اقرأ وضع دائرة حول الإجابة الصحيحة.
- 1. We use a (hotel passport) to travel to a different country.
- 2. Trees and stone are (man made - natural) resources.
- 3. A (diary story) is a book in which you write down things that happen to you.

My Language

3 Read and correct the underlined words.

اقرأ وصحح الكلمات التى تحتها خط.

- 1. I get up in nine o'clock every day.
- 2. At Saturdays, I like to stay at home.
- 3. His car is very expense.

My Writing

4 Write an email of 30 - 40 words to your friend Ali to tell him about your perfect vacation. Your email address is omar@gmail.com. Your friend's email address is ali@gmail.com

To:	
Subject :	

قم بتلوين الدائرة باللون المناسب لمستواك.

Review on unit 12



Prepositions of time

- I go swimming on Mondays.
- I am having a party on my birthday.
- We play tennis at lunchtime.
- We visit our cousins in June.
- I was born in 2000.
- They arrived in the morning.

- An equilateral triangle
- A right angle triangle
- An isosceles triangle
- A scalene triangle



- ساعد طفلك في مراجعة الوحدة الثانية عشر.

Notes for parents

Help your child review unit 12.

Skills



هذا الجزء يمكنك من ربط الكلمات التى درستها بجمل ليساعدك على التمكن من مهارة القراءة والكتابة

lo Reading & writing skills :

Topic	Guiding words	Sentences			
Natural resources	nature	Natural resources are things we can find in nature.			
	trees-stone	Trees and stone are examples of natural resources.			
	sun	The sun is a natural resource.			
Vatur	The Nile	The Nile is a natural resource.			
_	get-water	We can get water from the Nile.			
de	man-made	Man-made resources are things that humans have made.			
Man - made resources	plastic bottles	Plastic bottles and cotton clothes are examples of man-made resources.			
Σ -	galabeya	Galabeya is a man-made resource.			
	travel	We will travel to Singapore.			
	business-trip	We are on a business trip.			
A trip	high-rise	There are lots of high-rise buildings.			
A	parks-relax	There are many parks, gardens, and trees to sit under and relax.			
	boat-trip	We went on a boat trip with some other tourists to an island.			
	places	We can go to many places on vacation.			
no	take-things	We can take a lot of things on vacation.			
Vacation	phones - photos	We always take our phones, so we can take photos.			
>	huge - pool	There's a huge swimming pool.			
Fel J	travel	We travel by plane or by train.			
	farmer	He is a farmer.			
A farmer's diary	wakes - puts	He wakes up and puts on his galabeya.			
mer's	lives on	He lives on the fertile banks of the Nile.			
A far	crops	He uses the Nile water for his crops.			
	harvests - grain	He harvests the grain and puts it into baskets.			

Sentence Building

تدرب على كيفية تكوين جملة



How to make a sentence :

٢. تعلم كيف تكون جملة

1. went - a boat - We - trip - on.

الجمل الخبرية

2. had - a - day - I - cool - such.

	فاعل	فعل	. باقى الجملة
1			
2			

1. formal – use – language – Don't.

الجمل الأمرية

2. the - on - diary - Write - your - date.

	Don't	مصدر الفعل	. باقى الجملة
1	Don't		A STATE OF THE STA
2			PORCH TOTAL

الجمل الاستفهامية

(أ) السؤال بـ (كلمة استفهام .. ؟)

1. museums - you - How many - visit - can?

2. did - meet - Who - the park - they - at?

	كلمة الاستفهام	فعل مساعد	فاعل	فعل أساسي	? باقى السؤال
1	West Leading	ela mpako pa	reity me miniby	Seg (WT exembs	
2			an ion a see M.		

(ب) السؤال بـ (هل .. ؟)

1. want - on - Do - you - to go - vacation?

2. natural - Are - resources - clothes ?

مساعد	فعل ه	فاعل	فعل أساسي	? باقى السؤال
1		•		
2				

🚷 Writing skill :

 ٣. تعتبر مهارة الكتابة من المهارات الأساسية للتعبير عن فكرة أو موضوع لذا يجب استخدام جمل وأفكار مترابطة. قم بقراءة هذه الجمل لتساعدك على التعامل مع مهارة الكتابة (٢٤ جملة).

1 Resources

There are two types of resources, natural resources and man-made resources⁽¹⁾. Both of them are important⁽²⁾. Natural resources are materials that we can find in nature⁽³⁾. Trees and stone are examples of natural resources⁽⁴⁾. Man-made resources are materials or things that humans have made⁽⁵⁾. Plastic bottles and cotton clothes are examples of man-made resources⁽⁶⁾.

2 A special trip

On Monday, we arrived in Amman⁽⁷⁾. The flight landed at 4 o'clock in the afternoon⁽⁸⁾. It was about 26 degrees and I was surprised that it was so warm in October⁽⁹⁾. We went to our hotel and checked in⁽¹⁰⁾. Our room was very comfortable⁽¹¹⁾. Later that evening, we had dinner at the Memphis restaurant in the city center⁽¹²⁾.

3 My vacation

I am going on vacation next week⁽¹³⁾. I am traveling to Canada by plane⁽¹⁴⁾. Today, I am packing my suitcase⁽¹⁵⁾. I know that there is often rain in Canada, so I am taking my umbrella⁽¹⁶⁾. It can also be cold there, so I am packing a sweater⁽¹⁷⁾. I love swimming and asked my friend in Canada if there was a place I could swim⁽¹⁸⁾.

4 Al-Azhar Park

Last week, I went to Al-Azhar Park⁽¹⁹⁾. I went there with my family⁽²⁰⁾. My mom made a picnic⁽²¹⁾. We sat under a big tree on the grass and enjoyed the food⁽²²⁾. I played football with my brother⁽²³⁾. It was such a beautiful day⁽²⁴⁾.

	Test on Unit 12	الاستماع في نهاية الكتاب
• 1	 Listen and write T (True) or F (False). Seleem was feeling happy. Seleem wanted to go on vacation. Sherif is Seleem's cousin. Seleem's dad had a new job in Luxor. 	T F
• 2	Listen and complete. 1. Reem is going on	sweater.
• 3	Read and match (A) with (B). 1. You need a passport 2. I pack 3. I wake up at 4. Sunlight is 6. a my suitcase for v 6. to travel to a different 6. on the beach. 7. You can make sandcastles 8. a man-made reso	ce. t country.
•4	Read the text and answer the questions. I had such a cool day today. I went on the river. We saw som sights from the boat, like the Louvre, a beautiful museum with f paintings and the Eiffel Tower. The Eiffel Tower is really tall and metal. I tried to speak French, but I couldn't really say anything French people were very kind and when I spoke English, they ur me! At the end of the day we went to a French restaurant and h wonderful meal with potatoes. It was a special day.	antastic made of . But the .derstood
	A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d. 1. They saw some famous sights from the	oat

General Revision on Units 10,11812

التقييمات الشهرية في كراسة المعاصر التفاعلية

Review on Unit 10

Vocabulary



library



monument





factory



museum



shopping mall



station



pharaoh

pronunciation

(/20/)

go show below (/aI/)

bite kite bike (/DI/)

boy coin toy

(/eI/)

make play ache

Language

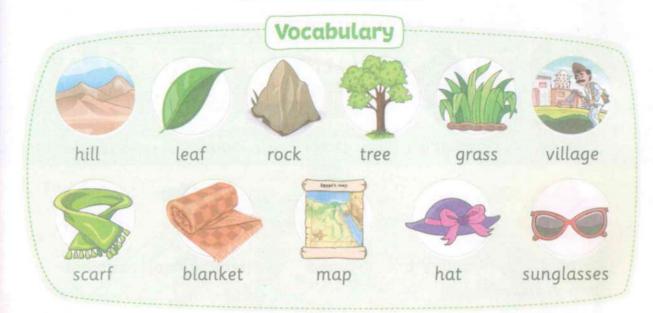
Imperatives

- Don't be late.
- Be quiet.
- Stand up. ·

Giving directions

- Turn right.
- Turn left.
- Cross the road.
- Go straight.

Review on Unit 11













Language

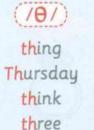
Past Simple Tense

- He did his homework happily.
- He worked hard.
- She drove the car too fast.
- The Red Sea Mountain trail is very beautiful.
- It was the most wonderful bird I saw on the trail.

Review on Unit 12



pronunciation



these this with mother

Language

Prepositions

- I go swimming on Mondays.
- I am having a party on my birthday.
- I was born in 2010.
- Our flight lands at 8 pm.

Suffixes

- Ali swims and runs. He is very active.
- His watch is very expensive.
- Be careful! That snake is poisonous.

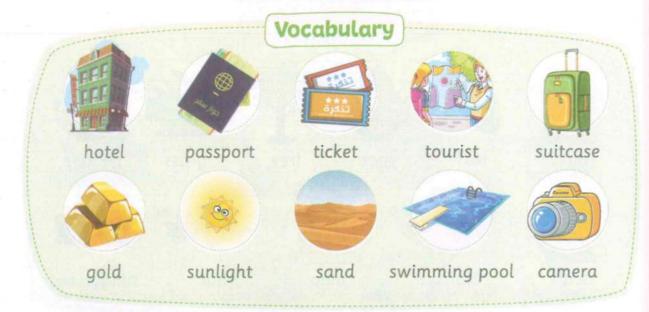
Fiction Reader A Fantastic Family Adventure

مغامرة عائلية رائعة



By Nicola Gardner

Review on Unit 12



pronunciation



thing Thursday think three (181)

these this with mother

Language

Prepositions

- I go swimming on Mondays.
- I am having a party on my birthday.
- I was born in 2010.
- Our flight lands at 8 pm.

Suffixes

- Ali swims and runs. He is very active.
- His watch is very expensive.
- Be careful! That snake is poisonous.

Fiction Reader A Fantastic Family Adventure

مغامرة عائلية رائعة



By Nicola Gardner

Picture Dictionary & & C.









dinosaur ديناصور

bones

skeleton میکل عظمی







archaeologist عالم آثار

dig يحفر

tracks (مسارات (آثار أقدام)





منظار binoculars

الوعل ibex

The main ideas of the story

- الدَّفكار الرئيسية في القصة
- · Uncle Youssef is working on the archaeological dig.
 - العم يوسف يعمل في موقع الحفر الأثرى.
- The family go on a nature trail.
- تذهب العائلة في درب الطبيعة.
- · It's very important to take time to notice things on the trail.
 - إنه من المهم جدًا أن تأخذ الوقت لتلاحظ الأشياء في الدرب.

ُ ساعد طفلك أن يتعرف على القاموس المصور والأفكار الرئيسية للقصة·

story map



Ramy undi







ملك Malak

الأب Dad

The characters الشخصيات







العم يوسف Uncle Youssef

الجد Grandpa

الجدة Grandma

المكان و الزمان. The setting

الدماكن Places

desert الصحراء grandparents' village قرية الجدوالجدة

Ramy's house منزل رامی Time الوقت

in the evening فبرالمساء

in the morning فى الصباح

حبكة القصة على القصة

Beginning بداية القصة

- A group of archaeologists found a skeleton of a dinosaur وجد مجموعة من علماء التثار هيكل عظمی لدیناصور.
- The job of archaeologists is very important.
- · وظيفة علماء الآثار مهمة جدًا - The family decided to go on an adventure in the desert. قررت العائلة الذهاب في مغامرة في الصحراء



The family are ready to walk the nature trail.

- العائلة مستعدة للسير فى درب الطبيعة. The family went near the place where they found the dinosaur skeleton.

· ذهبت العائلة بالقرب من مكان التى وجد فيه الهيكل العظمى للديناصور. - Uncle Youssef is very interested in the rocks Ramy found.

· العم يوسف مهتم بشدة بالصخور التى عثر عليها رامي



Ramy is disappointed.

- رامی محیط

Archaeologists found the skeleton because of climate change.

- وجد علماء الآثار الهيكل العظمى يسبب

Ramy learned that it's important to look around us carefully.

- تعلم رامى إنه من المهم النظر حولنا

- Help your child know the characters and the setting of the story. ساعد طفلك أن يتعرف على الشخصيات والمكان والزمان في القصة.
- . Help your child know what happened in the beginning, the middle and at the end of the story.

ساعد طفلك على معرفة ما حدث في بداية ومنتصف ونهاية القصة

Help your child identify the picture dictionary and the main ideas of the story.

1 The beginning

بداية القصة

🌟 Story in the newspaper

قصة في الجريدة



 Ramy and Malak are playing in the yard. Suddenly Dad calls them from the house.

"Hey kids, come and see this story in the newspaper!"

The children run inside to see. Dad says, "Look. They found something amazing near Grandma and Grandpa's village."

"What is it, Dad?" asks Ramy. "It looks scary!"

Dad says, "No Ramy, it's not scary at all. It's the skeleton of a dinosaur. A group of archaeologists found it. And your uncle Youssef is one of those archaeologists!".

- رامى وملك يلعبان في الساحة. فجأة ناداهم والدهم من المنزل.

- "يا أطفال، تعالوا وشاهدوا هذه القصة في الجريدة!"

- يركض الأطفال إلى الداخل ليروا. يقول الأب: "انظروا، لقد وجدوا شيئًا رائعًا بالقرب من قرية الجد والجدة".

يسأل رامى : "ما هذا، يا أبى؟ إنه يبدو مخيفًا!"

يقول الأب: "لديا رامى، إنه ليس مخيفًا على الإطلاق. إنه هيكل عظمى لديناصور، عثر عليه مجموعة من علماء الدّثار. وعمك يوسف أحد علماء الدّثار هؤلاء!"

suddenly	فجأة	newspaper	جريدة	skeleton	هیکل عظمی
dinosaur	ديناصور	archaeologists	علماء التثار	scary	مخيف

★ The importance of Uncle Youssef's job

أهمية وظيفة العم يوسف



 "That's awesome, Dad!" says Malak. "The dinosaur skeleton is really old, isn't it?"

"Yes, that's right, Malak." says Dad. "It's about 98 million years old!"
"Wow! Uncle Youssef has got a really interesting job, hasn't he?" says
Ramy.

"Yes, he has. And his work is important too. It helps us learn about the past." says Dad.

 تقول ملك: "هذا رائع يا أبى!" "الهيكل العظمى للديناصور قديم حقًا، أليس كذلك؟" يجيب الأب قائلًا: "نعم، هذا صحيح يا ملك". "عمره حوالى ٩٨ مليون سنة!"يقول رامى: "واو! لقد حصل العم يوسف على وظيفة ممتعة حقًا، أليس كذلك؟". يجيب الأب قائلًا: "نعم، إنه كذلك. وعمله مهم أيضًا. إنه يساعدنا في التعرف على الماضى".

مهم important شيق/ممتع interesting شيق/ممتع



Later that evening Ramy and his family are having dinner.
 Dad says, "Do you want to go there the next time we go to Grandma's house?"

Ramy says, "That's a great idea, Dad. It would be an adventure to go into the desert!"

Mom says, "There's a beautiful nature trail there. Why don't we walk that together?"

"Oh yes please, Mom! I love nature. "says Malak.

- في وقت لدحق من ذلك المساء، تناول رامي وعائلته العشاء.

- يسأل الدُّب: "هل تريدون الذهاب إلى هناك في المرة القادمة التي نذهب فيها إلى منزل الجدة؟"

- يجيب رامى قائلًا: "هذه فكرة رائعة يا أبى، الذهاب إلى الصحراء سيكون مغامرة!"

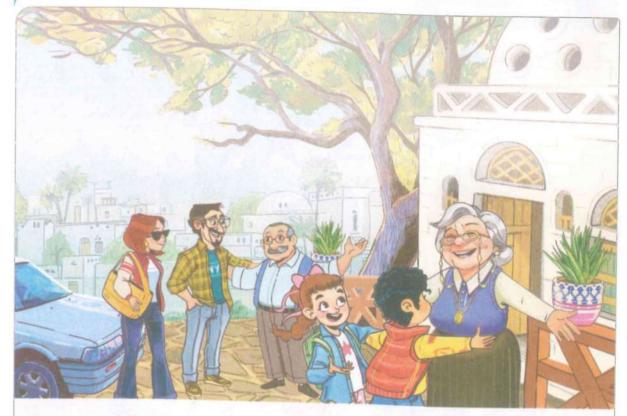
تقول الأم : "هناك درب طبيعى جميل هناك. لماذا لد نسير معًا؟"

تقول ملك: "أوه نعم من فضلك يا أمى أنا أحب الطبيعة!"

village	قرية	adventure	مغامرة
nature	طبيعة	desert	صحراء

***** Visiting grandparents

زيارة الجد والجدة



 "Ramy! Malak!" Grandma calls. She is so excited to see her grandchildren.

"I have prepared your favorite things - feteer and mint tea! Come inside and eat."

"Hello," says Grandpa to Mom and Dad. "It's so good to see you."
"It's lovely to be here," says Dad. "Tomorrow we want to take the children on a nature trail."

"Excellent," says Grandpa. "There's lots to see in our area. It's a beautiful place."

• الجدة تنادى : "رامى! ملك!" إنها متحمسة للغاية لرؤية أحفادها. "أعددت أشيائكم المفضلة -فطير وشاى بالنعناع! تعالوا وتناولوا الطعام."

يقول الجد لأمى وأبى : "مرحبًا"، "إنه من الجيد رؤيتكم." يقول الأب : "إنه من الرائع أن أكون هنا". "غدًا نريد أن نأخذ الأطفال فى درب الطبيعة."

يقول الجد: "ممتاز. هناك الكثير لتراه في منطقتنا. إنه مكان جميل".

grandchildren المعاد prepare يستعد/يجهز mint المغاد المعادة

* The nature trail

درب الطبيعة



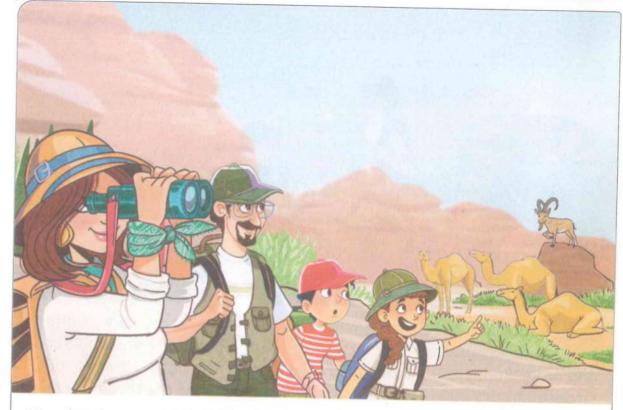
The next morning everyone is happy. They are ready to walk the nature trail. They are wearing hats, scarves, and sunglasses. They have snacks and water in their backpacks. Mom has some binoculars too. She wants to look at the amazing birds that live here. They are in a beautiful part of Egypt with many types of rare animals.

فى صباح اليوم التالى الجميع سعداء. إنهم مستعدون للسير فى درب الطبيعة. يرتدون القبعات والأوشحة والنظارات الشمسية. لديهم وجبات خفيفة ومياه فى حقائب الظهر الخاصة بهم. أمى لديها بعض المناظير أيضًا. إنها تريد أن تنظر إلى الطيور المذهلة التى تعيش هنا. هم فى جزء جميل من مصر مع العديد من أنواع الحيوانات النادرة.

binoculars مناظير rare نادر

A perfect day for walking

يوم مثالى للمشى



• It's a lovely warm day, not too hot. It's a perfect day for walking. There are cactus plants and palm trees and they see sheep and some camels. Malak is very pleased because she loves animals. "Please walk quietly and carefully everyone," she says. "If we are quiet, we could see a fennec fox, or a dorcas gazelle, or maybe a sand cat." The family continue along the trail. Ramy sees animals' tracks in the sand. Dad takes a photo of a fennec fox. Mom sees many beautiful birds. Everyone is enjoying the trail.

• إنه يوم جميل ودافئ، وليس حارًا جدًا. إنه يوم مثالى للمشى. هناك نباتات الصبار وأشجار النخيل وهم يرون الدُغنام وبعض الجمال.

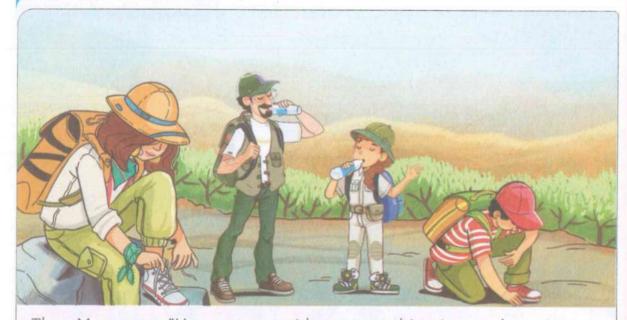
تشعر ملك بسعادة بالغة لأنها تحب الحيوانات. وتقول "أرجو المشى بهدوء وبعناية من الجميع. إذا كنا هادئين، يمكننا أن نرى ثعلب الفنك أو غزال دوركاس أو ربما قطة رملية".

تستمر العائلة فى السير على طول الطريق. يرى رامى آثار الحيوانات فى الرمال. يلتقط الأب صورة لثعلب الفنك. ترى الأم العديد من الطيور الجميلة. الجميع يستمتع بالدرب.

cactus	صبار	sheep	أغنام	quietly	بعدوء
dorcas gazelle	غزال دوركاس	continue	يستمر	track	مسار (أثر أقدام)

Ramy finds bones

رامی یجد عظام



• Then Mom says, "Hey everyone, I have something in my shoe. Can we stop for a minute?" She sits down. The others drink some water and wait. Ramy looks down at the rocks near the path. He sees some strange shapes inside them. "Look!" he says. "What are these things in the rocks, Dad?" "I don't know," says Dad. "They look like bones...."
"We are very near the place they found the dinosaur skeleton." says Mom. "Maybe they are dinosaur bones!"

Ramy is very excited. "Let's ask Uncle Youssef!" he says. "Dad, can we call him?" "Yes, of course." says Dad.

Uncle Youssef is very interested in the rocks Ramy found. He tells Dad to take some photographs of them and meet him at Grandma's house for dinner.

• ثم قالت الدّم : "مرحبًا بالجميع، لدى شئ فى حذائى. هل يمكننا التوقف لدقيقة ؟" هى تجلس. يشرب الآخرون بعض الماء وينتظرون. ينظر رامى إلى الصخور القريبة من الطريق. يرى بداخلها بعض الأشكال الغربية. هو يقول : "انظروا! ما هذه الأشياء فى الصخور يا أبى؟" يقول الدّب : "لد أعرف". "تبدو مثل العظام" تقول الأم : "نحن قريبون جدًا من المكان الذى عثروا فيه على الهيكل العظمى للديناصور" "ربما تكون عظام ديناصور"! رامى متحمس جدًا. هو يقول : "لنسأل العم يوسف!" "هل يمكننا الدتصال به يا أبى ؟" يقول الدّب : "نعم بالطبع".

 العم يوسف مهتم بالصخور التى عثر عليها رامى. ويطلب من الثب أن يلتقط بعض الصور الفوتوغرافية لها ويلتقى به فى منزل الجدة لتناول العشاء.

عظام bones غریب strange ممر

Some photographs

بعض الصور الفوتوغرافية



Later that evening Dad shows Uncle Youssef the photos and Ramy shows him the place on the map. Uncle Youssef asks the family to go back there with him the next day.

فى وقت لدحق من ذلك المساء، عرض الأب الصور على العم يوسف ورامى يطلعه على المكان على الخريطة. يطلب العم يوسف من العائلة العودة معه فى اليوم التالى.

interested in	مهتم ب	photographs	صور فوتوغرافية	meet	يقابل
map	خريطة	show	يظمر/يطلع على	go back	يعود

Ramy is disappointed.

أصيب رامى بخيبة الأمل.



The next day they go back along the trail. They find Ramy's rocks and Uncle Youssef looks at them carefully.

"They are not dinosaur bones in the rocks," says Uncle Youssef. "But they are certainly very old. They are probably from a type of ancient ibex that doesn't exist now."

Ramy is disappointed because the bones are not from a dinosaur. But Uncle Youssef says, "Well done Ramy for finding them! It is important to take time to look at the world around us and watch things - just like an archaeologist! Now, would you all like to come to the dig and see my dinosaur skeleton?"

"Yes please, Uncle Youssef!" say Ramy and Malak.

 فى اليوم التالى تعود الأسرة على امتداد الطريق. يجدون صخور رامى وينظر إليها العم يوسف بعناية. يقول العم يوسف: "إنها ليست عظام ديناصور فى الصخور". "لكنها بالتأكيد قديمة جدًا. ربما تكون من نوع من الوعل القديم غير موجود الآن".

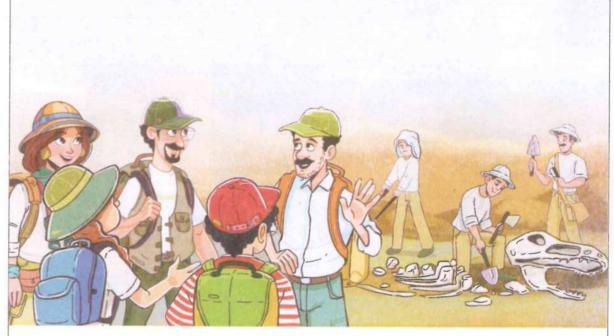
أصيب رامى بخيبة أمل لأن العظام ليست عظام ديناصور. لكن العم يوسف يقول : "أحسنت يا رامى للعثور عليهم! من المهم أن تأخذ وقتًا فى النظر إلى العالم من حولنا وملاحظة الأشياء تمامًا مثل عالم الآثار! الآن ، هل تودون جميعًا القدوم للتنقيب ورؤية هيكل عظمى لديناصور؟"

قال رامی وملك : "نعم من فضلك يا عم يوسف!".

probably	من المحتمل	type	نوع	ibex	حيوان الوعل
exist	يوجد	disappointed	محبط / خائب الأمل	notice	يلاحظ

🍵 Climate change

تغير المناخ



• "Here he is," says Uncle Youssef. "What do you think?"

"Wow!" says Ramy. "It's amazing to think it lived millions of years ago." "And that its bones were under the ground for such a long time." says Malak.

"In fact, we found the skeleton because of climate change." says Uncle Youssef.

"Now there is less rain and fewer plants. This means the ground is dry and the wind can blow away the sand. Things that were under the ground come to the surface. That's good for archaeologists but bad for the planet."

• يقول العم يوسف : "ها هو، ما رأيكم؟" يقول رامى "إنه لأمر مدهش أن نعتقد أنه عاش قبل ملديين السنين".

تقول ملك : "وعظامها كانت تحت الأرض لفترة طويلة". يقول العم يوسف : "فَى الواقع، وجدنا الهيكل العظمى بسبب تغير المناخ.

"الآن هناك أمطار أقل ونباتات أقل. هذا يعنى أن الأرض جافة ويمكن للرياح أن تحرك الرمال. تظهر الأشياء التى كانت تحت الأرض على السطح. هذا جيد لعلماء الآثار لكنه سيئ للكوكب".

ground	أرض	climate change	تغيير المناخ	wind	رياح
blow	تهب	surface	سطح	planet	كوكب

factting ready to go home

الدستعداد للعودة إلى المنزل



· Later everyone is getting ready to go home.

"Thanks for showing us the dinosaur, Uncle Youssef," says Ramy "It was so interesting. I would love to be an archaeologist. It's such a cool job!" "It's fascinating work, but it's hard," says Uncle Youssef, "Sometimes we look for years and don't find anything."

"We can help if you're looking for other dinosaurs!" says Malak.

"Thanks for all the delicious food." says Mom." It was lovely to see you both again."

"Thank you dear. Come back and see us soon." says Grandma.

• "فى وقت لاحق يستعد الجميع للعودة إلى منزلهم.

يقول رامى "شكرًا لعرضك لنا الديناصوريا عمى يوسف، لقد كان الدُّمر ممتعًا للغاية. أحب أن أكون عالم آثار. يا له من عمل رائع"!

يقول العم يوسف : "إنه عمل رائع ، لكنه صعب، أحيانًا نبحث لسنوات ولا نجد شيئًا."

تقول ملك : "يمكننا المساعدة إذا كنت تبحث عن ديناصورات أخرى!"

تقول الأم : "شكرًا على كل الطعام اللذيذ." "كان من الرائع رؤيتكم مرة أخرى".

تقول الجدة : "شكرًا لك يا عزيزتى. تعالى وقومى برؤيتنا قريبًا."

fascinating رائع hard صعب delicious

It's important to look around us carefully.

إنه من المهم أن ننظر حولنا بعناية.



• "So, did you enjoy our trip? "asks Mom in the car.

"Yes,I thought it was fantastic. "says Ramy. "Me too!" says Malak.

"What do you think you learned from it?" asks Dad.

Ramy says, "I learned it's important to look around us carefully and notice things in our environment."

"Yes, that is how you can discover interesting things." adds Malak.

"You 're right, kids" says Dad. "Well done!"

• تسأل الأم فى السيارة "إذًا، هل استمتعتم بالرحلة ؟" يقول رامى : "نعم، اعتقد أنها كانت رائعة. "تقول ملك : "وأنا أيضًا!" يسأل الأب : "ماذا تعتقدون أنكم تعلمتم من هذه الرحلة ؟" يقول رامى : "تعلمت أنه من المهم أن ننظر حولنا بعناية، ونلاحظ الأشياء فى بيئتنا." تقول ملك : "نعم، بهذه الطريقة يمكنك اكتشاف أشياء مثيرة."

يقول الأب: "أنتم على حق يا أطفال، أحسنتم!".

trip	رحلة	carefully	بعناية / بحرص	environment	بيئة
discover	يكتشف	kids	أطفال	well done	أحسنت

General Exercises

on story

	d write T (True)	or F (False):		TF
2. Ramy 3. Dad r 4. The v	Youssef is a farm finds fox bones reads a story about illage is far from wants to be an	i. out dinosaurs n the archaeo		
1. Dad r 2. The c grand 3. Ramy	eads a story hildren's lparents finds old bones Youssef invites	• a. live b. th • c. ab • ne	B e near the ar e family to out a dinos wspaper.	
3 Choose	wants to be	nswer from a	a, b, c or d.	near the trail.
	oup ofhitects b . archo			d. doctors
2. The a	rchaeologists' jo rn b. play hows the photos	b helps us	abo c. say	out the past. d. sell
J. Duu s	p b. food			
a. ma	The second secon			ent
4. The b	ones that Ramy b. tiger		. bear	d. ibex

General Exercises

on Units For Al-Azhar Students

تدريبات عامة على الوحدات خاصة بطلاب الأزهر



فى نماية الكتاب

- Listen and choose the correct answer.
 - 1. Amany's new apartment is in (Cairo Luxor Giza)
 - 2. There are three in Amany's new apartment. (kitchens - bedrooms - ovens)
- Read and complete the dialogue.

bigger - kitchen - like

Dina: Hi Lana, welcome to my new apartment.

Lana: Thanks! Do you (1)living here?

Dina: I love it! It's much (2) than our old apartment.

Lana: What's better about this new apartment?

Dina: The new (3) is bigger and the oven is more modern

Lana: It's lovely.



Read and choose the correct answer.

To stay healthy, it's very important to eat a variety of food. specially fruit and vegetables. It is very important to have good breakfast in the morning. You shouldn't have sweets every day.

Most of our body is water, so it is necessary to drink plenty of water every day. You shouldn't drink a lot of fizzy drinks because they aren't good for your health.

- 1. Most of our body is
- a. juice

a. cold

b. muscles

- c. water
- 2. We shouldn't drink drinks.
 - b. fizzy

c. hot

	and fruits to stay heal	thy.
a. vegetables	b. sweets	C. Canales
a. Dinner	ery important in the morning. b. Lunch	c. Breakfast
		c. Breakiase
a. Fruit	very bad for our health. b. Sweets	c. Vegetables
2 Write a short p	paragraph of FOUR (4) sent	tences about.
A COUNTY TO SELECT	Different illnesses	
	Silit - Melk III - Telli	
	(IInit (O)	
	Unit (9)	
Read and com	plete the dialogue.	
	wildlife – lions – Where	
Ramy: Hi! I had	a wonderful day out yesterday	j.
	did you go ?	
Ramy: I went to	the (2) park. It's av	wesome!
Omar : What did	you see ?	ne im dige all
Ramy: I saw the	kangaroos and (3)	with a second
	nderful.	
2 Choose the co	orrect answer.	
1. When I was 5,	Iswim.	
a. can	b. could	c. can't
2. The snail has o		
a. shell	b. leg	c. arm
	ike the bus, so I had to walk.	e could
a. can	b. couldn't	c. could

Read and complete the following dialogue.

should - free - about

Sara	: Are	you	(1)		on	Friday	?
------	-------	-----	-----	--	----	--------	---

Malak: Sure.

Sara : How (2)going to Dahab?

Malak: That's a good idea. What (3) I bring?

Sara : Your sweater.



الدستماء في نماية

Listen and choose the correct answer.

- 1. We went on a school trip last
 - a. week

b. month

c. year

- 2. We went to the zoo by
 - a. bus

b. car

c. train

Choose the correct answer.

- 1. We should have ______ to travel to London.
 - a. candies b. tickets c. ice cream
- 2. She packed a small for the weekend.
- a. suitcase b. roof c. floor

- 3. It's cold winter.

 - a. at b. next
- c. in
- 4. We go to the park Fridays.

 - a. at b. on
- c. in
- 5. Reem's birthday is December 4th.
 - a. by
- b. on

Listening Texts

Unit 7

General Exercises on Lesson 1

· Listen and write T (True) or F (False):

Hana's family moved to a new apartment in Giza. It's much bigger than their old apartment. The new apartment is near the Pyramids. There are three big bedrooms. Hana shares a room with her younger sister, Marwa. All the family like the new apartment.

· Listen and complete:

We live in a small apartment, but I like our apartment. It's comfortable and tidy. I have a small bedroom. There is one white bed in my bedroom. I have a wooden desk to study on it. There is a balcony in our apartment. You can see an amazing view from the balcony.

General Exercises on Lesson 2

· Listen and complete:

I love my apartment. I share my bedroom with my sister. In the middle of the room, there is an armchair. There are two cushions on the armchair. On the wall, there are lots of posters of animals.

General Exercises on Lesson 3

Listen and write T (True) or F (False):

Ancient Egyptians wanted to keep their homes cool. The mud bricks helped do this. Some people painted their homes white to make them cooler. Ancient Egyptian

homes all had flat roofs, which were the coolest part of the house. Families often slept on roofs on hot nights.

· Listen and complete:

In Ancient Egypt people in cities lived very close together, and so they built their houses taller, with two floors. City houses joined together, just like today. In the countryside, houses usually only had one floor, and they also had a garden. They grew vegetables and kept chickens there.

General Exercises on Lessons 5 & 6

· Listen and write T (True) or F (False):

All around the world, people live in different types of homes. Many people live in apartment buildings. In Spain, many people live in villas with big swimming pools. Eskimos live in igloos. Igloos are made of huge blocks of ice.

· Listen and complete:

Hi! My name's Dalida and I like blogging about different things. This week I'm writing about unusual homes. This topic is very interesting for me because my mom's an architect, so she sometimes takes me to see some brilliant places. It's really awesome!

Test on Unit (7)

• Listen and write T (True) or F (False):

In Ancient Egypt, many people made their homes near the Nile. They used its water for drinking,

cooking, and washing. They also used mud from the river to make bricks for their houses. The mud bricks made very strong walls. Ancient Egyptians built the walls of every house with mud bricks.

· Listen and complete:

The furniture in Ancient Egyptian homes was very different from today. There were reed mats to sit and sleep on. They used papyrus to cover the windows and doors. In every home, there were large pots and baskets for storing crops.



General Exercises on Lesson 1

· Listen and write T (True) or F (False):

Fares went to the club. He had a good day there, but three of his friends didn't come. They have problems. Nada has a sore throat. Adam has a cold. Amr has an earache from swimming. The coach told Fares to be careful. Fares hopes his friends will be better soon.

General Exercises on Lesson 2 Parts 1 & 2

· Listen and complete:

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A long time ago, there were six blind men who wanted to meet an elephant.

One day, a local farmer was walking along the road with an elephant that walked on his farm. The men wanted to touch the elephant. They would like to discover how it looks. The men were very excited and walked over to the enormous animal.

General Exercises on Lesson 3 Part 1

· Listen and write T (True) or F (False):

Hi, I'm Tom. Today I have to stay at home. I'm not feeling very well. I have a headache and a cough. I think I have a cold. I will go to the doctor tonight. Mom gives me fresh orange juice to get better.

General Exercises on Lesson 3 Part 2

· Listen and write T (True) or F (False):

Each afternoon, staff from a hospital in India turn the corridors into classrooms. The nurses become teachers and the family members become the students. This idea helps the families to care for their relatives when they go home. They can change a bandage or give an injection at home.

General Exercises on Lesson 4 Part 1

Listen and complete:

Bees have 5 eyes and 6 legs. They see all colors except the red color. Worker bees go from one flower to another. In one collection trip, a bee visits 50 to 100 flowers! It takes 21 days for an egg to develop into an adult bee.

General Exercises on Lessons 5 & 6

· Listen and write T (True) or F (False):

It's important to eat healthy foods like fruit and vegetables and to have a balanced diet. We can do lots of things to look after our health. You should do some exercise every day. It's very important to keep your body moving.

Listen and complete:

We get energy from the food that we eat. We grow, walk and play because of the energy that we get from food. There are four different types of food and we must have a balanced diet to keep healthy. Our body needs protein to grow and becomes stronger.

Test on Unit (8)

1. Listen and write T (True) or F (False):

I am Adam. I usually go camping with my friends. We go in the summer. Desert is hot so we need light clothes in the day. We need warm clothes at night because it is cold. We need a compass and a map if we go far into the desert so that we don't get lost.

2. Listen an complete:

You should do sports. It's very important to keep your body healthy. There are a lot of different sports you can practice. You can play football, basketball and tennis in the club!

Unit (9)

General Exercises on Lesson 1

• Listen and write T (True) or F (False):

Noha is interested in animals and birds. She likes kangaroos and penguins. The kangaroo lives in Australia. It jumps on two legs. The penguins live in cold places. They eat fish. Penguins can swim but they can't fly.

Listen and complete:

Yesterday, Ramez went to a wildlife park with his family.

He enjoyed it very much. They saw lots of different animals like lions and kangaroos. He saw his favorite birds, the parrots. He was a bit sad because he didn't see the bats and he's doing a project on them at school.

General Exercises on Lesson 2 parts 1 & 2

• Listen and write T (True) or F (False):

Trees are tall plants. They are very important for our Earth. Trees help clean the air. They give us a gas called oxugen. People and animals need oxugen to breathe. Many animals make their homes in trees. Some trees can also give us food.

General Exercises on Lesson 3 parts 1 & 2

• Listen and write T (True) or F (False):

Rain falls from clouds in the sky. Some rainwater goes straight into the ground. But a lot of rainwater goes into streams, rivers, lakes, and then the ocean. The sun warms some rainwater and it becomes water vapor.

Listen and complete:

Ahmed: What would you like to be, Ramy?

Ramy: I would like to be a trader.

Ahmed: Why?

Ramy: Because I like to buy and sell things. What about

uou?

Ahmed: I would like to be a soldier.

Ramy: Why?

Ahmed: To keep my country safe.

General Exercises on Lessons 5 & 6

Listen and write T (True) or F (False):

The dugong is a marine animal. It lives all his life in water. It eats grass from the sea bed. The dugong has got a lovely friendly face. It's cute. Its nickname is the sea cow.

Test on Unit (9)

• Listen and write T (True) or F (False):

We cannot see or smell the water vapor and it doesn't stay on the ground. It rises in the air. It forms clouds. As the clouds become bigger, the water in them gets heavier. When the water in the clouds gets heavier, it falls to the ground.

Listen and complete:

Artisans took the materials from the traders. Artisans made the materials into things for people to use. Farmers produced the food that was eaten by the pharaoh. Traders were the people who bought and sold everything in Ancient Egyptian society.

Unit 10

General Exercises on Lesson 1

• Listen and write T (True) or F (False):

I am Omar. I'm Egyptian. I'm from Cairo. I moved to Alexandria last year. I work in a bank. My favorite place is the beach. There isn't one in Cairo! It can get very hot here in summer, so it's great to go to the beach and swim there.

General Exercises on Lesson 2

• Listen and write T (True) or F (False):

Egyptians used to build their homes and tombs with brick. The brick was made with mud and then dried in the sun. These homes were built in different shapes. Their homes were very close to each other.

Listen and complete:

There is lots of evidence that tells us about life in Ancient Egypt. Evidence is facts or signs that show clearly that something exists or is true.

Artifacts are things from daily life like vases and water carriers. Artifacts tell us how people lived.

General Exercises on Lesson 3

Listen and write T (True) or F (False):

I'm Adam. I want to have a nice home. A home is a place filled with joy, love and happiness. I want that home in the countryside. It is away from the noisy city centre. It has very big windows and balconies on each side.

General Exercises on Lesson 4 parts 1 & 2

Listen and complete:

One day, a villager wanted to sell his beans in the market. He needed help because he couldn't walk far. His camel offered to help him. He took the sacks of beans to the market for his owner.

General Exercises on Lessons 5 & 6

Listen and complete:

Last week, my friends and I

were in Rome. It was an exciting visit! There were a lot of people but it was really cool! We went to a restaurant. We ate Italian pasta. It was delicious! We took lots of photos. Then we ate ice cream. We arrived at our hotel at night.

Test on Unit (10)

1. Listen and write T (True) or F (False):

My name is Carl. I live in London now, but I wasn't born in England. We moved to England two years ago. My dad got a new job in London. I have lots of friends in London. In summer, I went to the beach after school two or three times a week.

2. Listen and complete:

Mr Ali is a teacher. He is forty years old. He is thin and tall. He works at school. He teaches English. Every day, he gets up at six o'clock in the morning. He does exercises for thirty minutes. At half past seven, he drives his car to school.

Unit 1

General Exercises on Lesson 1

• Listen and write T (True) or F (False):

Plants have four main parts: the roots, the stem, the leaves and the flowers. Each part has a very important job. The roots grow underground and hold the plants in a place. The leaves make food for the plants. The flowers make seeds for the plants.

• Listen and complete:

My favorite hobby is reading.
I love to read books with pictures.
The best books are about nature. I like to look at the pictures and read the words. In school, I can read books with my friends and my teacher. At home, I read with my mom.

General Exercises on Lesson 2

• Listen and write T (True) or F (False):

I like nature trail trips. I think they are fun. I like to go to the Blue Lagoon at Dahab. The Blue lagoon is a nice place for swimming and diving. The water is very clean and clear. You will like the beautiful nature there.

General Exercises on Lesson 3

• Listen and write T (True) or F (False):

Sarah is going on the Red Sea Mountain Trail. She wants to protect her feet so she is taking some hiking shoes. There are a lot of rocks and hills so she doesn't want to fall over. She is also going to take some snacks from home.

General Exercises on Lessons 5 & 6

• Listen and write T (True) or F (False):

I'm Sally. I am going to do a desert hike with my mom and dad. I asked my friend, Rana to come with us. Rana likes the desert. We will pick her up at 6. We want to bring hiking shoes, water and sweaters.

Test on Unit (11)

Listen and write T (True) or F (False):

Manar is in primary five. She is excited to start the second term at school. She is excited to see her

friends again. She likes her school. She prepares her backpack for school.

Listen and complete:

Earth Day is always on April 22nd. It is celebrated in about 200 countries all around the world. Every year it is a big holiday in many countries. We should think about what we can do to keep the Earth healthy.

Unit 1

General Exercises on Lesson 1

Listen and write T (True) or F (False):

My name is Yasser. I'm ten years old. There are six people in my family. My father is an engineer. His name is Ali. My mother is a doctor. Her name is Mona. I have two sisters, Salma and Sama. They are twins and are seven years old.

General Exercises on Lesson 2

Listen and complete:

Tom has a dog named Jack. On Sunday, Tom left the gate open and Jack got out. Jack was lost. Tom looked for Jack at the park, but he was not there. Tom found Jack in the forest. Tom was happy when he found Jack.

General Exercises on Lesson 3 parts 1 & 2

• Listen and complete:

Camels are called "ships of the desert". They can travel and survive in the desert. Camels can also carry heavy things over long distances and can live in bad weather. Camels can walk easily in the desert.

General Exercises on Lesson 4 parts 1&2

• Listen and write T (True) or F (False):

Tarek is so excited about his next vacation! He will go to the beach with his family. Tarek will build a sandcastle. His dad will help him to swim in the sea.

General Exercises on Lessons 5 & 6

Listen and complete:

There are five people in my family. I don't have any brothers or sisters. My dad is 40 years old. He is a doctor. My mom is a dentist. My grandparents are staying with us in the first floor. I love my family.

Test on Unit (12)

1. Listen and write T (True) or F (False):

Seleem was feeling sad. It was a hot summer and he wanted to go on vacation. His cousin Sherif was away at the beach and Seleem wanted to be there, too. Seleem's family usually went on vacatoion with Sherif's family, but this year that wasn't possible - Seleem's dad had a new job and they had to stay in Cairo.

2. Listen and complete:

Reem is going on vacation. She is traveling to Canada by plane. Today, she is packing her suitcase. She knows that there is often rain in Canada, so she is taking her umbrella. It can also be cold in Canada, so she is packing a sweater.

نصوص استماع الأزهر الشريف

Unit 7

Amany's family moved to a new apartment in Giza. The new apartment is near the Pyramids. There are three bedrooms and two bathrooms. The balcony is big. It has a lovely view. It's really exciting.

Unit ①

Ali went on a trail to Wadi Degla last Friday. He went there with his friend Omar. They could see a lot of animals in Wadi Degla.

Unit 1

Last week, we went on a school trip to the zoo. We got on our school bus. When we got to the zoo, we got into groups. We walked all around the zoo.



Answers of paragraphs

إجابات الغقرات الإنشائية الخاصة بكتاب الشرح

Unit 🕖

General Exercises on Lesson 1

"My apartment"

I live with my family in an apartment in Cairo. My apartment is big and there are many rooms. There are three bedrooms, a wide living room, a modern kitchen and two bathrooms. My mother has a modern oven in the kitchen. There is more space in the living room, so we have a big TV. We also have a fantastic balcony.

General Exercises on Lesson 3

"Ancient Egyptian homes"

Ancient Egyptian people looked after their homes. They were very simple and clean. They were very different. Ancient Egyptians used the mud of the Nile to make the bricks for their homes. The mud bricks made their homes cooler in summer. People used papyrus to cover doors and windows. All the houses had flat roofs.

Test on Unit (7)

"Unusual homes"

I'm interested in looking for unusual homes on the internet. I found an unusual house in the Netherlands. It's upside down. It's actually an old farmhouse. People are changing it to be modern. All the windows are at the top to get a lot of light. It's very suitable for the local landscape of farms and fields. It's very cool.

Unit 1

General Exercises on Lesson 1

"Different illnesses"

There are many different illnesses. When you feel pain, you should go to the doctor. When my teeth hurt, I go to the dentist at once. We should look after our teeth, and brush them every day. We also should take the right medicine.

General Exercises on Lesson 2

"Incredible animals"

There are many different animals, but I think the elephant is the most incredible one. It's tall and strong. The elephant's leg is very strong. It looks like the trunk of the tree. The elephant can be very dangerous as it has pointed, strong tusks.

General Exercises on Lesson 3 Part 2

"A special hospital"

There is a special hospital in India. The hospital is always crowded because people come to visit patients. The staff of the hospital made something different. At the hospital, the staff teach the family members how to do useful things, like making bandages or giving injections. It's a great and special idea.

General Exercises on Lesson 4 Part 1

"Honey"

Honey is very special food.
Honey isn't only a food. It's used as a treatment for some injuries and illnesses. Doctors use it as a medicine. Ancient Egyptians used it many years ago to treat wounds. It also can kill bacteria. We can mix honey with milk to make cough better. It's very useful food.

General Exercises on Lessons 5 & 6

"Staying healthy"

There are many things we can do to stay healthy. First, we should eat healthy food. Fruit and vegetables are very important for our bodies. We shouldn't have much sweets. Secondly, we should do exercises every day to keep fit. Finally, we should sleep well and drink much water.

Test on Unit (8)

"Water"

Drinking water is the most important thing for our bodies. We should drink 8 glasses of fresh water a day. The water of the River Nile is fresh. We can't drink the water of the sea. It's salty. Water is also important for growing crops. We can't live without water.

Unit (9)

General Exercises on Lesson 1

"My favorite animals"

I like different animals, but my favorite animal is the camel. It is

very strong animal. It lives in the desert. It can carry heavy things. The camel can stay for a long time without water. People used camels in the past for carrying things and traveling through the desert. The camel can walk easily in the desert because it has flat feet.

General Exercises on Lesson 2

"What I could do when I was three"

When I was three, I could run and play with my brother and sister. Also, I could speak a little. My brother and sister helped me to know things around me and speak well. I enjoyed going with my parents to everywhere. I didn't like being at home all the time. My mother bought me a bike on my birthday.

General Exercises on Lesson 3

"Water cycle"

Rain falls from clouds in the sky.
A lot of water goes into streams and rivers. When the sun shines, some water turns into vapor. It goes up into the sky. It's called water vapor. When water vapor gets cooler it changes into water. As clouds become bigger, the water in them gets heavier and falls as rain water. Then the cycle starts again.

Test on Unit (9)

"What job I would like in Ancient Egypt"

People in Ancient Egypt have different roles in society. The job I like most in Ancient Egypt is the job of the scribe. Scribes were very important because they were usually the only people who could read and write. They trained for about 12 years before they wrote on papyrus. They wrote letters, records and important papers.

Unit 10

General Exercises on Lesson 1

"A visit to Alexandria"

I visited Alexandria last summer. It's a fantastic city. There is a lot to see and do there. It has amazing restaurants, stores and markets. The beaches are my favorite. I like swimming in the early morning. People there are so friendly. Also, there are some amazing museums. We enjoyed visiting Alexandria Library and Qaitbay Citadel.

General Exercises on Lesson 2

"Life in Ancient Egypt"

Ancient monuments and buildings in Egypt taught us a lot. These structures were built to celebrate important people. Hieroglyphics are Ancient Egyptian writing. Pharaohs and other important people were buried in beautiful tombs.

General Exercises on Lesson 3

"Library rules"

The library is amazing place. There are a lot of book we can read. There are some rules we should follow there. We shouldn't eat in the library. We must bring the books back in two weeks. We shouldn't use our mobile phone. We shouldn't make noise there.

General Exercises on Lessons 4

"A lesson I learned"

When I was four, I didn't use to tell the truth to my friends. My parents told me to stop lying. I thought that was fun. One day, my best friend asked me about where is the park. I didn't tell him the right way. I told him where the museum was. I thought that was fun. When he went there, he was very angry. He decided not to talk to me again. I was sad. I learned from this day to tell the truth.

General Exercises on Lessons 5 & 6

"Our perfect town"

In our perfect town, there is a big zoo next to the school. We can go there every afternoon after classes. We can help to feed the animals. There is waterpark that's always open. There is a wonderful market that sells all kinds of food. There is a big park with lots of trees.

Test on Unit (10)

"My town"

I live in Hurghada. It's a beautiful town. Tourists come

from all over the world to visit it. It has many famous attractions. It's famous for its beautiful beaches and good weather specially in winter. There are many amazing restaurants. Their prices are good. You can practice your hobbies easily.

Unit ①

General Exercises on Lesson 1

"Nature"

I enjoy the feeling of green grass.

Nature makes people relax. You
can enjoy breathing fresh air and
watching beautiful views of water
or mountains or even fields. Green
areas give us the sense of peace
and relaxation. It's important to get
out in the fresh air.

General Exercises on Lesson 2

"Nature trails"

The nature trail trip sounds like fun. My family and I want to go on a trail to Wadi Degla or the Blue Lagoon at Dahab. Mom said I can take a friend and I wanted to take my friend Doaa. Wadi Degla is cool because we can see lots of animals. Also, we can swim at the Blue Lagoon. I love nature so much.

General Exercises on Lesson 3

"Mountain trail"

The Red Sea Mountain Trail was the first long - distance hiking

trail in Egypt. It runs for around 170 kms through the wonderful mountains. It's a community tourism project. The trail follows ancient trading and hunting routes in the Eastern Desert. The Mazza people look after the trail carefully and work as guides.

Test on Unit (11)

"My next holiday"

My next holiday will be in Alexandria. It's my favorite city in summer. Everything there is perfect. I enjoy the beautiful beaches as I like swimming. You can visit many interesting places there. I enjoy having my dinner at a restaurant. People there are very friendly and helpful. The weather is very good.

Unit 1

General Exercises on Lesson 1

"A trip"

My uncle usually goes for business trips. He is a famous businessman. Last week, he traveled to Singapore to bring some machines for his new factory. He met many people there. He stayed in Singapore for five days in a hotel. People there were very helpful. He came back by plane.

General Exercises on Lesson 2

"Man-made resources"

There are two kinds of resources: nature resources and man-made resources. Both of them are important. Man-made resources are materials or things that humans have made. Plastic bottles and cotton clothes are example of man-made resources.

General Exercises on Lesson 4

"Al-Azhar Park"

Al-Azhar Park is an interesting place to visit. I went there with my family. My mom prepared our picnic. I played football with my brother. We took some beautiful photos in the amazing green areas. The park has some big trees. It was a beautiful day.

General Exercises on Lessons 5 & 6

"My perfect vacation"

I'm going on vacation. Next week, I'm traveling to the USA by plane. Today, I'm packing my suitcase. I know that there is often rain in the USA, so I'm taking my umbrella. It can also be cold there, so I'm packing a sweater. I love swimming and I asked my friend in the USA if there was a place I could swim in.

Test on Unit (12)

"A special trip"

On Monday, we arrived in Amman. The flight landed at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. It was about 26 degrees and I was surprised that it was so warm in October. We went to our hotel and checked in. Our room was very comfortable. Later that evening, we had dinner at the Memphis restaurant in the city center.

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